

ALBUM № A-1
АНК-5Б autopilot
operating instruction.
/2-nd edition/

1

secret
Copy No. _____

AM-5B AUTOPILOT OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

(2-nd edition)

1

secret
Copy No. _____

AIK-5B AUTOPilot OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

(2-nd edition)

	Page
9. Calibrating the AM-53 autopilot output signals.....	53
SECTION III. AM-53 AUTOPILOT SECTION	53
10. Requirements to the AM-53 autopilot storage.....	53
11. Periodic checks of the AM-53 autopilot in storage.....	61
12. Checking the AM-53 autopilot operation in storage without removing it from the "K" missile	64
13. Checking the AM-53 autopilot operation in storage with some units removed from the missile..	71
14. Checking the AM-53 autopilot when storing it packed in cans..	71
15. Procedure of replacing the AM-53 autopilot individual units and components.....	72
SECTION IV. AM-53 AUTOPILOT PRE-FLIGHT TEST..	81
16. Separate checkout of the AM-53 autopilot	81
17. Combined checkout of the AM-53 autopilot and K-1M station.....	86
SECTION V. AM-53 AUTOPILOT TEST BEFORE A TAKE-OFF	89
18. Testing the AM-53 autopilot by using the carrier-aircraft equipment	89

	Page
9. Calibrating the AIM-58 autopilot output signals.....	50
SECTION III. AIM-58 AUTOPILOT STORAGE	58
10. Requirements to the AIM-58 autopilot storage.....	58
11. Periodic checks of the AIM-58 autopilot in storage.....	61
12. Checking the AIM-58 autopilot operation in storage without removing it from the "IKE" missile	64
13. Checking the AIM-58 autopilot operation in storage with some units removed from the missile..	71
14. Checking the AIM-58 autopilot when storing it packed in tare..	71
15. Procedure of replacing the AIM-58 autopilot individual units and components.....	72
SECTION IV. AIM-58 AUTOPILOT PRE-FLIGHT TEST.	81
16. Separate checkout of the AIM-58 autopilot	81
17. Combined checkout of the AIM-58 autopilot and R-11M station.....	86
SECTION V. AIM-58 AUTOPILOT FLIGHT REPORT A	
TAKE-OFF	69
18. Testing the AIM-58 autopilot by using the carrier-aircraft equipment	89

9. Calibrating the AIM-58	
autopilot output signals.....	55
SECTION III. AIM-58 AUTOPILOT STORAGE	56
10. Requirements to the AIM-58	
autopilot storage.....	58
11. Periodic checks of the AIM-58	
autopilot in storage.....	61
12. Checking the AIM-58 autopilot	
operation in storage without	
removing it from the "KC"missile	64
13. Checking the AIM-58 autopilot	
operation in storage with some	
units removed from the missile..	71
14. Checking the AIM-58 autopilot	
when storing it packed in case..	74
15. Procedure of replacing the	
AIM-58 autopilot individual	
units and components.....	74
SECTION IV. AIM-58 AUTOPILOT PRE-FLIGHT TEST.	81
16. Separate checkout of the AIM-58	
autopilot	81
17. Combined checkout of the AIM-58	
autopilot and R-111 station.....	86
SECTION V. AIM-58 AUTOPILOT TEST BEFORE A	
TAKEOFF	89
18. Testing the AIM-58 autopilot by	
using the carrier-aircraft	
equipment	89

	Page
SECTION VI. AIR-303 AUTOPILOT PERIODIC MAINTENANCE	
27. AIR-303 autopilot periodic maintenance operations procedures.....	93
28. Periodic maintenance operations record	94
SECTION VII. AIR-303 AUTOPILOT TEST EQUIPMENT	
29. AIR-303 autopilot set test equipment.....	102
30. AIR-303 autopilot units test equipment	112
APPENDIX	115

P R E F A C E

The "AIK-5B Autopilot Operating Instructions" are intended for the plants, manufacturing "KC" winged missiles, and mechanical personnel of the using organizations.

The "AIK-5B Autopilot Operating Instructions" are the manual for storage, shipment, installation, checks and maintenance of the AIK-5B autopilot within the guaranteed service life.

The main form of storing the AIK-5B autopilot is keeping it in the "KC" winged missile being preserved in accordance with the present instructions KC-05-MI, edition III for preservation and extended storage of the "KC" missile in the depots for one year since the date of arrival to the point of destination.

The complete autopilot equipment may be installed in the "KC" missile or the H-2 gyro unit may be removed from it; in this case this unit is stored in a special metal tare.

The AIK-5B autopilot is permitted to be stored in the "KC" missile in a hangar for 3 months within the entire guaranteed service life.

The AIK-5B autopilot and its individual units which are not installed in the "KC" missile can be stored in the depots packed in special metal tare for one year since the date of arrival to the point of destination.

The AIK-5B autopilot and its individual units can be transported in tare or installed in the "KC" missile.

The requirements for the AIIK-5B autopilot shipment are outlined in these instructions. The autopilot installed in the "KC" missile is shipped in accordance with the "KC" Winged Missile Maintenance and Operating Instructions", Book I.

The autopilot must be installed in and removed from the "KC" missile according to the "KC" Winged Missile Maintenance and Operating Instructions" Book I.

The amount and methods of the AIIK-5B autopilot checkouts at the "KC" missile manufacturing plant, during an extended storage and also during the pre-flight test and test before a take-off are given in these Instructions.

SECTION I

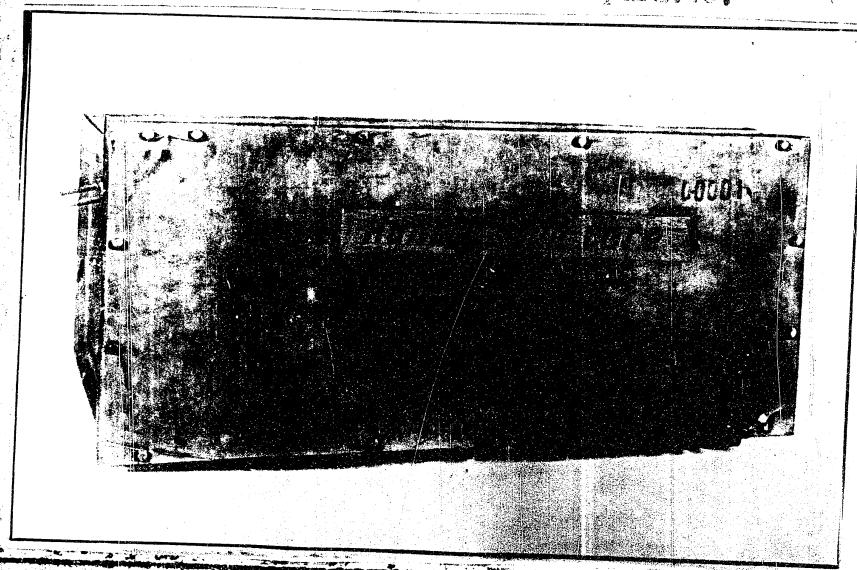
PACKING AND SHIPMENT OF THE AIK-5B AUTOPILOT

I. INSTRUCTIONS FOR PACKING THE AIK-5B AUTOPILOT UNITS IN TARE

1. The tare for the AIK-5B autopilot consists of 2 welded metals cases. Packed in one of the cases are II-1 and II-2 units and in the other - II-4 and II-18MO units and HAP-10A inverters. The cases are made according to drawings No.399.00.00.000 (for II-1 and II-2 units) and No.400.00.00.000 (for II-4, II-18MO units and HAP-10A inverters).

The external view of one of the cases is given in Fig.1. Furnished with the metal case made according to dwg.No.399.00.00.000 is the box (dwg.399.01.00.000) with the plug connectors.

2. The rooms in which the AIK-5B autopilots are packed should meet the requirements indicated in para.10.



5
Back the II-1 control panel and II-2 gyro unit in
place as follows:

Install the II-1 control panel on the shock mounts
of the mounting (1, Fig.2) and secure it by 4 screws with
washers. Wrap the cables plug connectors with two sheets of oil
paper (FOOT 1760-53), and herringbone tape and bind the
cables with linen threads.

Insert the plug connectors in the holders (3). Secure
the cables by the tape with the button (4). Fasten the
control panel filter in the clamp (6).

Install the II-2 gyro unit on the shock mounts (2) of
the mounting (1, Fig.3) and secure by 3 bolts. Attach the
II-2 gyro unit plug connectors No.31, 39, 42 (manufactured
especially for the II-2 gyro units) 43, 45 and 47 to the
flanges (3) using their coupling nuts. Fasten plug connector
No.35 to the flange (4) by a coupling nut.

Cover the bent portions of cables No.39, 42 and 43 with
a split chlorvinyl tubes (7, dia. 34) and secure them by the
(8)
tape with the button to the mounting.

Secure cables No.31, 35 and 44 by the tape with the
button (9), cover them with the split chlorvinyl tube (10) and
fasten them to plug connector No.35 by the tape with the
button (11). Cover cables No.45 and 47 with the split chlor-
vinyl tube (12) and fasten them to plug connector No.45 by
the tape with the button (13, Fig.3).

Secure the II-2 gyro unit filter to the mounting with the
II-1 control panel by means of a clamp and plug connector No.44
by means of its coupling nut to the flange located on the
same mounting.

Move the mountings with the H-1 and H-2 units installed along the guide rails into the case placed on the floor; see that the mountings are in the vertical position. The mountings must move along the rails without shaking and sticking. If necessary, bend the guide rails.

Secure cables No.45 and 47 to cable No.44 by the tape with the button (1) and place them in the box (2, Fig.4) manufactured according to dwg. No.399.01.00.000, with the plug connector mating parts furnished with the autopilot set.

NOTE: The chlorvinyl tubes may be substituted by chlorvinyl tape.

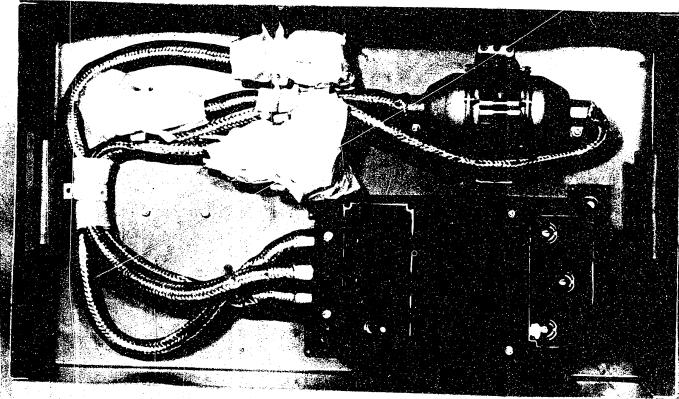


Fig.2. H-1 Control Panel-to-Mounting Attachment

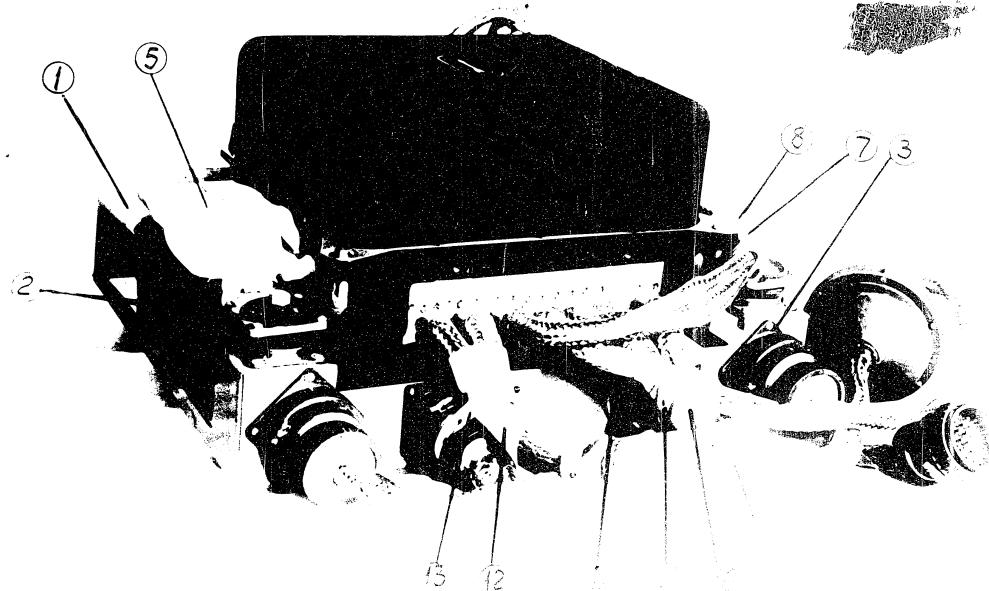


Fig.3. H-2 Gyro Unit-to-Mounting Attachment

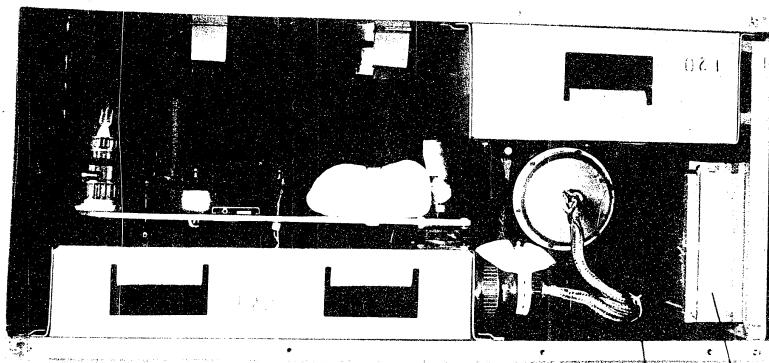


Fig.4. H-1 and H-2 Units in Tare

Prior to installation, place in each mounting a bag (5, Fig.2 and 3) with "white" silica gel dehydrator, 100 gr. (FOCT 3556-47) and in the Ir-2 gyro unit mounting, a bag (6, Fig.3) with blue silica gel dehydrator, 10-20 gr.

Place the silica gel bags so that they cannot shift during shipment. It is permitted to tie the bags to the cables or mounting with the 1/4" wire cable or when threads or fasten them by tapes with buttons.

NOTES:

1. When placing the caps in the canals silica gel dehydrator humidity must not exceed 20%.
2. The silica gel dehydrator type "white" can be substituted by silica gel type "blue" (FOCT 3556-47).
3. If a cartridge with silica gel + dehydrator is placed in the case, the bag (5) with silica gel indicator should not be put in the case.
4. When packing the Ir-2 gyro unit (manufactured with plug No.42) which is incorporated in the autopilot set installed in the V-10 missile, place in the case the cap for the above mentioned plug; attach the plug to the clamp (6, Fig.2).

On accomplishing the packing, furnish the case with a packing list of a given standard, close the case with the cover, fasten the latter with 14 bolts, secure the case with two seals 1050x55 at the corners located obliquely and mark with an indelible black paint the number of the autopilot set on the right upper corner of the cover and top wall of the case.

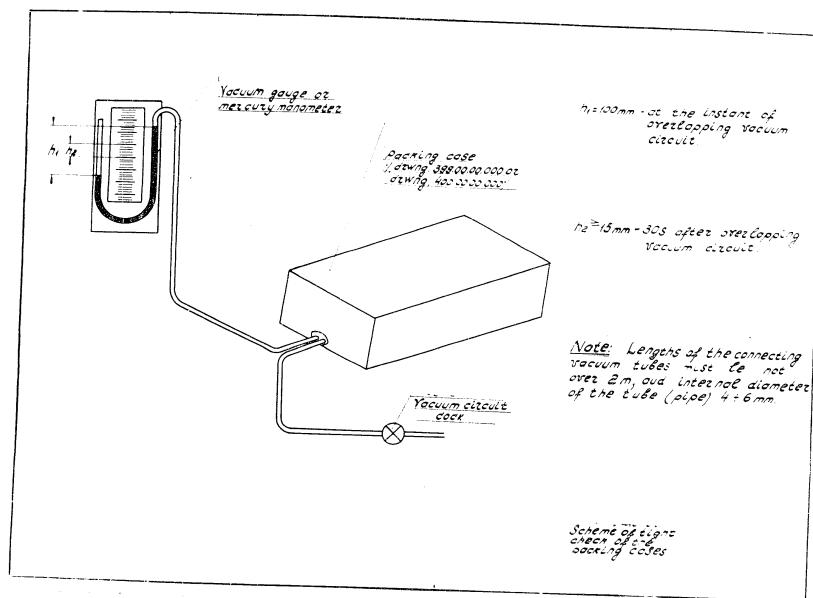


Fig. 7 Testing the packing cases for tightness.

Install the II-4 servo units (1 and 2) on the mounting (1, Fig.6) and secure each unit by 4 bolts with nuts. Coat the II-4 servo units output shafts with UH-1000 No. 238 lubricant.

Install the B-1000 timer on the switch mount (3) and secure it by 4 screws with nuts.

Wrap each plug connector of the II-4 servo units and II-1500 timer cables with two sheets of oil paper or herring-bone tape and tie the tape with linen threads.

Insert the plug connectors in the holders (2). Fasten the II-4 servo units to the clamps (4). Secure the cables by the tape with the button (7).

Tighten the HAF-14d inverters (2 ea) to the mounting (1, Fig.7) by the screws with nuts, wrap the end caps and plug connectors of the inverters with two sheets of oil paper (Fig.7) and tie the oil paper with linen threads.

Move the mountings with the H-4 servo units and H-1890 timer and mounting with the HAF-14A inverters into the case using the guide rails (Fig.8).

The mounting should move along the guide rails without shaking and sticking.

If necessary, bend the rails. The mountings must be moved into the case placed on the floor in the vertical position.

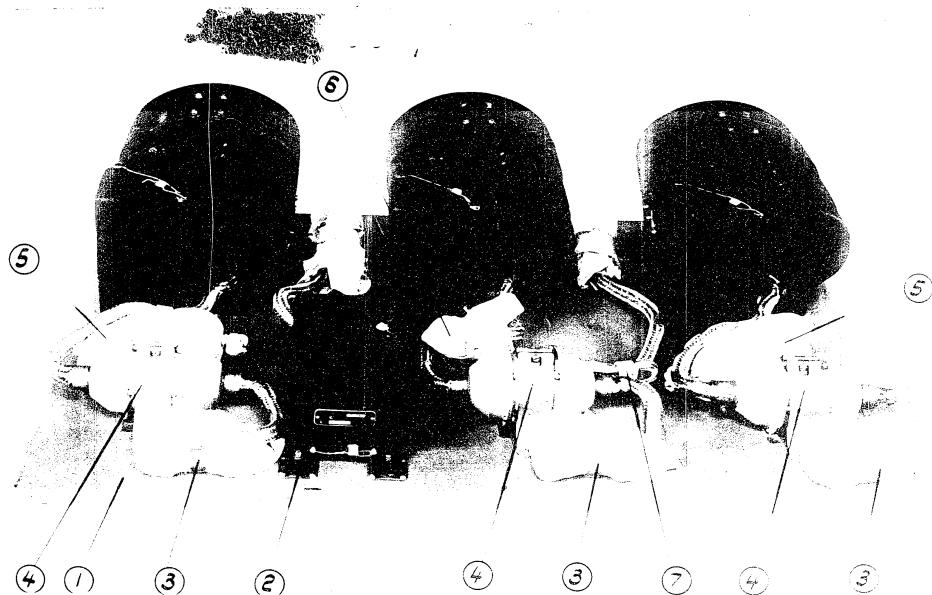


Fig.7. H-4 Servo Units and H-1890 Timer Mounting
attachment

15



Fig.7. HAL-ICA Inverter-to-Mounting Attachment

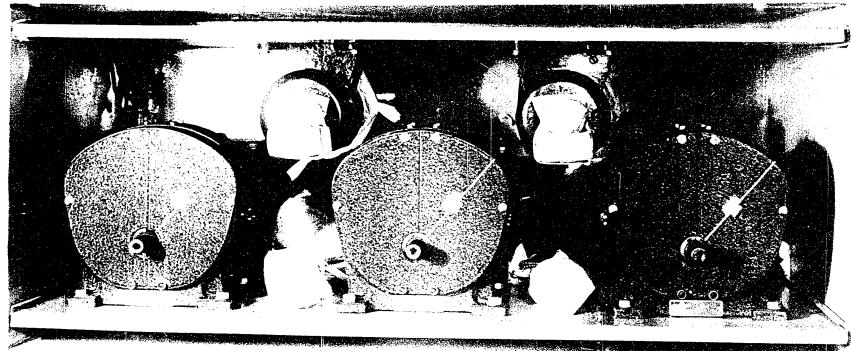


Fig.8. HAL Servo Units, H-18M0 Timer and HAL-ICA Inverters Installed in Case.

Before installing the mountings, place on the mounting with II-4 servo units and II-18MO timer two bags (5) with "KCM" silica gel dehydrator, 200 grm. each and the bag (6) with a blue silica gel - indicator, 15-20 grm. The bags must be placed so that they are not moved during transportation. It is permitted to tie the bags to the cables with linen threads or secure them by tapes with buttons (Fig.6).

NOTES:

1. When placing the silica gel dehydrator bags in the case, silica gel humidity must not exceed 2%.
2. The silica gel type "KCM" may be substituted by silica gel type "MCM", "KGF" and "PGR".
3. If a special cartridge with silica gel-indicator is installed in the case, the bag (6) with silica gel-indicator must not be placed in the case.

On accomplishing the packing, furnish the case with the packing list of a given standard, close the case with the cover, attach the case cover with 14 bolts, secure the case with two seals 1053A55 at two corners located obliquely (Fig.1) and mark with an indelible black paint the number of the autopilot set in the right upper corner of the cover and upper wall of the case.

Test the case welded seams tightness and tight-fitness of the cover in the same way as for the case with II-1 and II-2 units (see step 3).

NOTE: When packing the autopilot in the using organization it is permitted, as an exception, not to put the silica gel bags in the case and to test the case for airtightness.

2. INSTRUCTIONS FOR PACKING THE AIR-5B AUTOPILOT UNITS
IN SHIPPING BOXES

1. To transport the AIR-5B autopilot set or its individual units, the metal cases are additionally placed in the wooden shipping boxes manufactured according to dwg. No.464.00.00.000.

2. When packing the autopilot set in the shipping boxes, proceed as follows:

Open the upper cover of the shipping box. Carefully, without jerks and shocks, place the metal ^{case} in the shipping box so that the case position would correspond to the inscriptions made on the case.

Placed between the walls of the shipping box and metal case are plywood and felt spacers to prevent the metal case from shifting inside the wooden box (Fig.9).

Close the upper cover, secure the box with four iron strips and two seals 1053A55.

On accomplishing the packing, mark with an indelible black paint the number of the autopilot set in the right upper corner of the cover.

NOTE: When packing the H-2 gyro unit incorporated in the autopilot set installed in the "KC" missile, additionally mark on the case cover the number of the "KC" missile in which the H-2 gyro unit is to be installed.

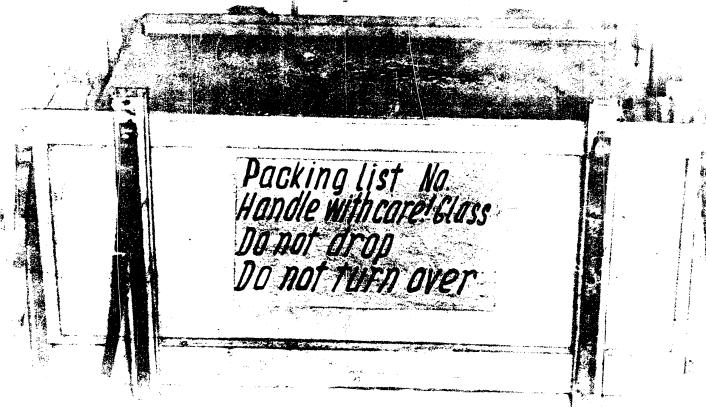


Fig.9. Packing Case in a Shipping Box

3. AIR #1B AUTOPILOT UNPACKING INSTRUCTIONS

1. When unpacking the shipping boxes, proceed as follows:

Check for presence of seals on the box. Remove the iron strips and upper cover of the shipping box.

Take out the plywood and felt spacers placed between the wooden box and metal case. Carefully remove the metal case from the wooden box so that the metal case position would correspond to the inscriptions made on the case.

2. Unpack the packing cases with the H-1 and H-2 units as follows:

Check the case for freedom of damages and for presence of seals.

Break the seals and unscrew 14 bolts attaching the ^{wall} ~~side~~. Make sure that the packing list is furnished. Check for presence of units and their numbers according to the packing and completing lists.

Inspect the silica gel-indicator. If the silica gel-indicator has become pink, replace the silica gel-indicator and silica gel dehydrator before a repeated packing.

NOTE: The autopilot units stored in the cases with pink silica gel-indicator should not be subjected to special checks; the units serviceability is determined during the next periodic check.

Remove the tape with the button securing cables No.45 and 47 to cable No.44.

Simultaneously take the mountings with the H-1 and H-2 units out of the case so that the units would be in the horizontal position.

Disconnect the H-2 gyro unit plug connector No.44 from the flange located on the mounting with the H-1 unit and release the H-2 gyro unit filter from the clamp located on the same mounting.

Remove the tapes with the buttons, securing the cables and unscrew the remaining plug connectors of the H-2 gyro unit from the mounting flanges.

Remove the silica gel bags.

Unscrew 3 bolts and remove the H-2 gyro unit from the shock-mounts of the mounting. Move the mounting in the case along the guide rails. Unscrew the screw of the clamp, release the H-1 control panel filter and take out the H-1

control panel plug connectors from the holders. Remove the tapes with buttons securing the cables.

Remove the herringbone tape and oil paper from the plug connectors.

Unscrew four screws and remove the H-1 control panel from the mounting shock-mounts. Move the mounting in the case along the guide rails.

Attach the side wall by 2 bolts and place the remaining 12 bolts inside the case.

3. Unpack the cases with the H-4 servo units, H-18MC timer and HAF-12A inverters as follows:

Check the case for freedom from damages and for presence of seals.

Break the seals and unscrew 14 bolts attaching the side wall. Make sure, that the packing list is furnished. Check the units and their numbers according to the packing and completing lists. Inspect the silica gel indicators. If the silica gel has become pink, replace the silica gel-indicator and silica gel-dehydrator before a repeated packing.

NOTE: The autopilot units, stored in the cases with a pink silica gel, should not be subjected to special checks; the units serviceability is determined during the next periodic check.

Remove the mounting with the H-4 servo unit and H-18MC timer so that the units would be in the horizontal position. Remove the silica gel bags.

Unscrew the screws of the clamps, release the H-4 servo unit filters and take out the H-4 servo unit plug connectors from the holders.

Remove the tapes with buttons which secure the cables. Cut the threads, remove the herringbone tape and oil paper from the plug connectors.

Unscrew four screws and remove the II-18M0 timer from the shock-mounts. Unscrew 4 bolts and remove the II-4 servo units from the mounting. Move the mounting into the case along the guide rails.

Take the mounting with the HAP-10A inverters out of the case. Cut the threads and remove oil paper from the end caps and plug connectors of the inverters. Unscrew 4 screws and remove the inverters from the mounting. Move the mounting into the case along the rails.

Attach the side wall by 2 bolts and place the remaining 12 bolts inside the case.

4. AIK-5B AUTOPILOT SHIPMENT

1. The AIK-5B autopilot and its individual units which are not installed in the "KC" winged missile must be shipped in a box according to the requirements indicated in par. 1 and 2, these Instructions.

2. When carrying, loading and shipping the boxes see that the position of the boxes corresponds to the inscriptions made on them. The boxes must be carefully carried and loaded without jerks and shocks.

When shipping, install and attach the boxes so as to protect them from falls, displacement and impacts against each other. Do not transport the autopilot and its individual units

7. The attachment parts must ensure secure attachment of the autopilot units in the missile throughout the entire service life. The autopilot units attachment parts and plug connectors must be securely locked.

8. Install and remove the autopilot units only with the electrical system de-energized.

9. The requirements for the autopilot units installation in and removal from the missile are given in the "B-57B Missile Maintenance and Operating Instructions", part 1.

6. CHECKING THE AUTOPILOT UNITS IN THE B-57B AND B-57C AIRCRAFT

1. Inspect the units, their mounting, and the cables for signs of scale and insulation damage. Inspect the units and cables in accordance with the instructions given in part 1. 2. Visually inspect all the units. Check the external surfaces of the units and cables for freedom from damage and traces of corrosion.

When checking the B-57 servo units, proceed as follows.

2. Rotate the servo control unit to the position necessary to be this plane and the unit parallel to the simulator base and secured to the base.

3. Set the "SWING" switch to the "SWING" position. In the "SWING" position,

4. Connect a supply of 115 VAC to the control panel. Connect the plug connector, connecting the control panel units to the control panel, and turn the switch.

Set the "PANEL" selector switch in the "B-4" position, "WINDINGS SELECTOR SWITCH" - in the "0" position and "SIGNAL" selector switch in the "60mA" position. Set the ~~RIGHT~~ knob in the "0" position.

4. Switch on the "FEEDBACK" and "POWER" switches.

The II-4 servo unit outlet shaft should move to the zero position. Attach the KHA-3 simulator pointer to the outlet shaft, aligning the pointer with the scale zero division. Set the "POWER" switch in the "OFF" position.

Manually turn the servo unit outlet shaft in any direction to the stop. Switch on the "POWER" switch, in this case the II-4 servo unit outlet shaft must move to the zero position to within $\pm 0.25^\circ$; self-oscillations should not appear. Repeat the check with the servo unit outlet shaft turned in the opposite direction.

5. Set the "FEEDBACK" switch in the "OFF" position, the "WINDING SELECTOR SWITCH" - in the "I" position and the "SIGNAL" selector switch in the "3mA" position (for the KI-I control panels, whose "SIGNAL" milliammeter has the scales of "3-0.3mA", "60-0-70mA"). Smoothly turn the "SIGNAL" knob to the right, increase the control signal till the servo unit outlet shaft starts steadily rotating and moves to the limit switch (turning through an angle of $10-11^\circ$ from the zero position).

The control signal value (in mA) is the unit sensitivity.

When using the KI-I control panel whose "SIGNAL" milliammeter has the scales of "I-0-1mA", "1.5-0-1.5 mA", "2.5-0-2.5mA" and "60-0-60mA", check as described above except for the position of the "SIGNAL" selector switch which must be set before the check in the "3mA" position. If, when turning the "SIGNAL" knob, the

Set the "PAWLS" selector switch in the "0" position, "WINDINGS SELECTOR SWITCH" - in the "0" position and "PAWLS" selector switch in the "0000" position. Set the ~~PAWLS~~ knob in the "0" position.

4. Switch on the ~~WINDINGS~~ and ~~PAWLS~~ switches. The H-4 servo unit outlet shaft should move to the zero position. Attach the HIA-6 simulator pointer to the shaft, aligning the pointer with the scale zero division. Turn the "POWER" switch in the "0000" position.

Manually turn the servo unit outlet shaft clockwise and stop to the stop. Switch on the ~~WINDINGS~~ switch and turn the H-4 servo unit outlet shaft counter-clockwise until it goes back to within $\pm 1.00^\circ$; self-oscillation must not occur. Turn the check with the servo unit outlet shaft counter-clockwise the opposite direction.

5. Set the "PAWLS" selector switch in the "0" position, "WINDINGS SELECTOR SWITCH" - in the "0" position and "PAWLS" selector switch in the "0000" position. Turn the "PAWLS" control panel, when "PAWLS" is set to the "0" position, "3-0.3mA", "60-0-60mA", the servo unit outlet shaft, when turned to the right, must not the original position. Turn the servo unit outlet shaft steadily clockwise, until it reaches the original position (turning through an angle of 180° from the zero position).

The control signal value "60-0-60mA" is not recommended.

When using the "0-1" control panel switch, the "PAWLS" control has the scales of "0-1mA", "10-10-10mA", "60-0-60mA" and "60-0-60mA", check as described above except for the position of the "SIGNAL" selector switch which must be set before the check in the "1mA" position. If, when turning the "PAWLS" knob, the

Set the "PANEL" selector switch in the "0" (off) position, "WINDINGS SELECTOR SWITCH" in the "0" position and "WINDINGS selector switch" in the "600W" position. Set the "WINDINGS" switch in the "0" position.

Manually turn the servo until you can see the arrow pointing to the stop. Switch on the servo using the switch on the servo or

H-4 servo unit outlet should move to the open position to within $\pm 2.25^\circ$; self-annulation should not be experienced; the check with the servo unit outlet should repeat in the opposite direction.

5. Set the "SPINNING SHAFT" switch to the "ON" position, and the "SPINNING SPINNING SHAFT" switch to the "ON" position. Set the "SIGNAL" selector switch to the "ON" position, and the "SPINNING" control panels, where "SPINNING" is the name of the switch, to "3-0.3mA", "CG-e-7mA", "SPINNING", and "SPINNING". Turn to the right, ignore the "SPINNING" switch, and turn the "SPINNING" shaft switch clockwise, and then counter-clockwise, and then clockwise (turning through 120° angle), and then counter-clockwise, and then clockwise.

Set the "RIGHT" selector switch in the "0" position, the "SWIMMING SELECTOR SWITCH" in the "0" position and the "GEMINI" selector switch in the "0000" position. The servo unit shaft in the "0" position.

4. Switch on the "SWIMMING" and "SWIMMING" switches. The H-4 servo unit outlet shaft should now move into position. Attach the H-4 servomotor pulley to the H-4000 shaft, aligning the pointers which are scale and direction. Set the "POWER" switch in the "up" position.

Manually turn the servo unit outlet shaft clockwise until it hits the stop. Switch on the "SWIMMING" switch, and the servo unit H-4 outlet shaft must move from the zero position to within $\pm 1.20^\circ$; self-correcting, and if necessary, repeat the check with the servo unit outlet shaft turned in the opposite direction.

5. Set the "RIGHT" selector in the "0000" position, the "SWIMMING SELECTOR SWITCH" in the "0" position, and the "GEMINI" selector switch in the "0000" position from the right control panels, whose "RIGHT" is indicated on the scales of "3-0.3mA", "00-0-70mA", respectively, mark the "SWIMMING" switch to the right, increase the control signal until the servo unit outlet shaft starts steadily rotating and moves to the "SWIMMING" position (turning through an angle of $\pm 1.20^\circ$ from the zero position).

The control signal value (in mA) is the half-amplitude.

Then using the H-4 control panel check that the "SWIMMING" has the scales of "3-0.3mA", "00-0-70mA", "2-0-20mA" and "60-0-60mA", check to determine the accuracy for the position of the "SWIMMING" selector switch which must be set before the check in the "0000" position. If, when turning the "SWIMMING" switch

control signal value, at which the shaft starts rotating, exceeds 1mA, it is necessary to set the "SIGNA" selector switch in the "1.5mA" position and if these values are exceeded, set the selector switch in the "2.5mA" position.

Repeat checking with the "SIGNA" knob turned to the left.

The servo unit outlet shaft should move to the opposite limit switch.

When setting, in turn, the servo unit outlet shaft should move in the positions "UP", "DOWN" and "STOP" and the servo unit should move sensitivity with the center position pre-set. The "SIGNA" selector switch in the "OFF", "ON" and "OFF" positions. The servo unit sensitivity must be checked, the control signal value - 0.98-1.05 mA.

6. Switch on the MAIN switch and open the "SIGNA" selector switch in the "OFF" position. Set the "SIGNA" SELECTOR SWITCH in the "OFF" position.

Gradually increase the control signal value and turn the "SIGNA" knob to the "STOP" position. The servo unit should move smoothly without jerks.

Repeat the check three times and repeat the sensitivity. Set the "SIGNA" switch in the "OFF" position. Check with the U-1 servo unit pins, connector pins and control signal.

7. Check the other two pins, connector pins and control signal pins in the similar way.

Check the MAIN switch connection and repeat.

8. Set the "SIGNA" and "MAIN" switches on the control panel in the "OFF" position and the "SIGNA" SELECTOR SWITCH in the "ON" position.

a. Connect supply of 26 V A.C. to the control panel.

Connect the control panel cable to the plug connector of one of the HAL-TPA inverters.

9. Switch on the "POWER" and "LOAD" switches.

The gyro motors installed in the control panel must start rotating. After 3 min. check by the control panel D.C. ammeter the current drawn by the inverter which under normal conditions must not exceed 3.5 A.

When checking the autopilot at a temperature different from the normal temperature within a range of -35°C to $+50^{\circ}\text{C}$, increase the above mentioned tolerance by 0.06A for each 10°C of the temperature change either side from normal.

10. Set the "PHASE SELECTOR SWITCH" in the "1" position. Check A.C. voltage generated by the inverter using the control panel A.C. voltmeter and the alternating current generated by the inverter using the control panel A.C. ammeter. Under normal conditions voltage should be equal to 36 ± 4 V and current should not exceed 3.5 ± 1 A.

When checking at a temperature different from the normal temperature within a range of -35°C to $+50^{\circ}\text{C}$, increase the 4 V tolerance of the voltmeter readings by 0.2 V for every 10°C of the temperature change either side from normal.

In the temperature range indicated below and other similar conditions the tolerance for the ammeter, must be increased:

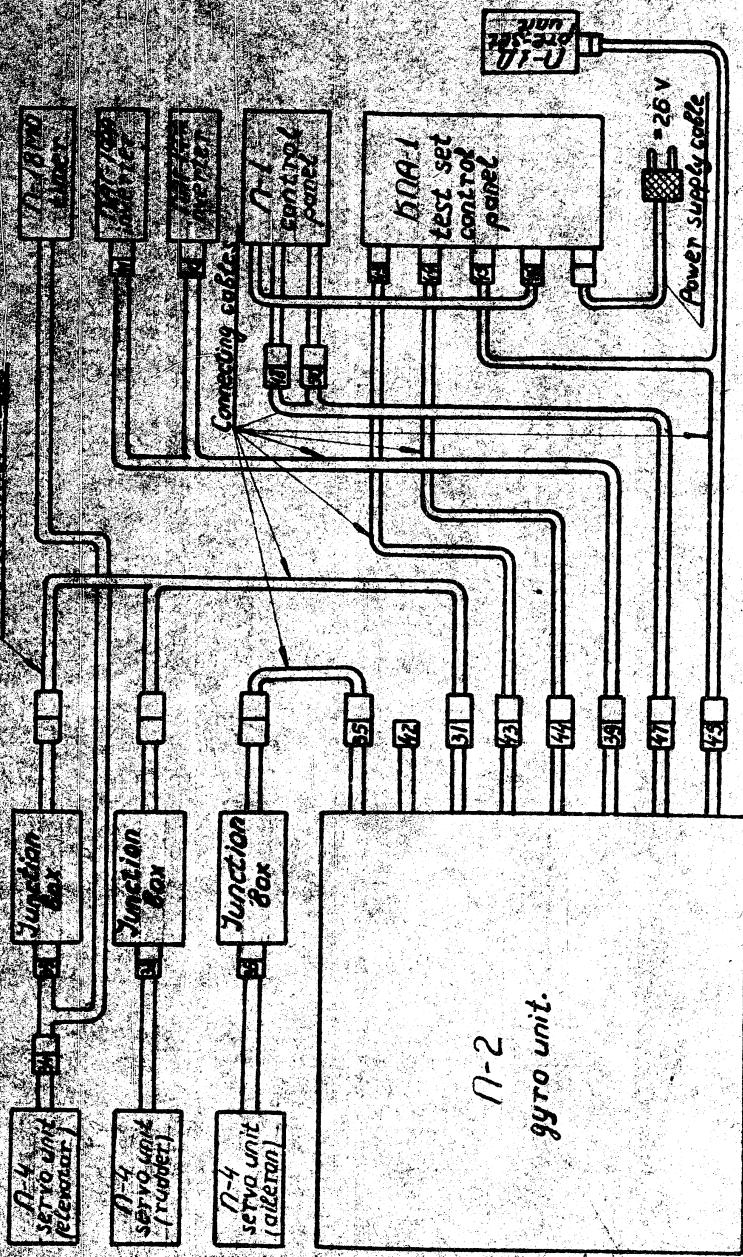
at $T=+20$ to $+35^{\circ}\text{C}$ by 0.05A

at $T=+20$ to $+50^{\circ}\text{C}$ by 0.012 A.

Set the "PHASE SELECTOR SWITCH" in the "2" and "3" positions and check voltage and current in two other phases of the inverter.

Part No 12 to 200-58 cockpit specifications

Aereo liner case

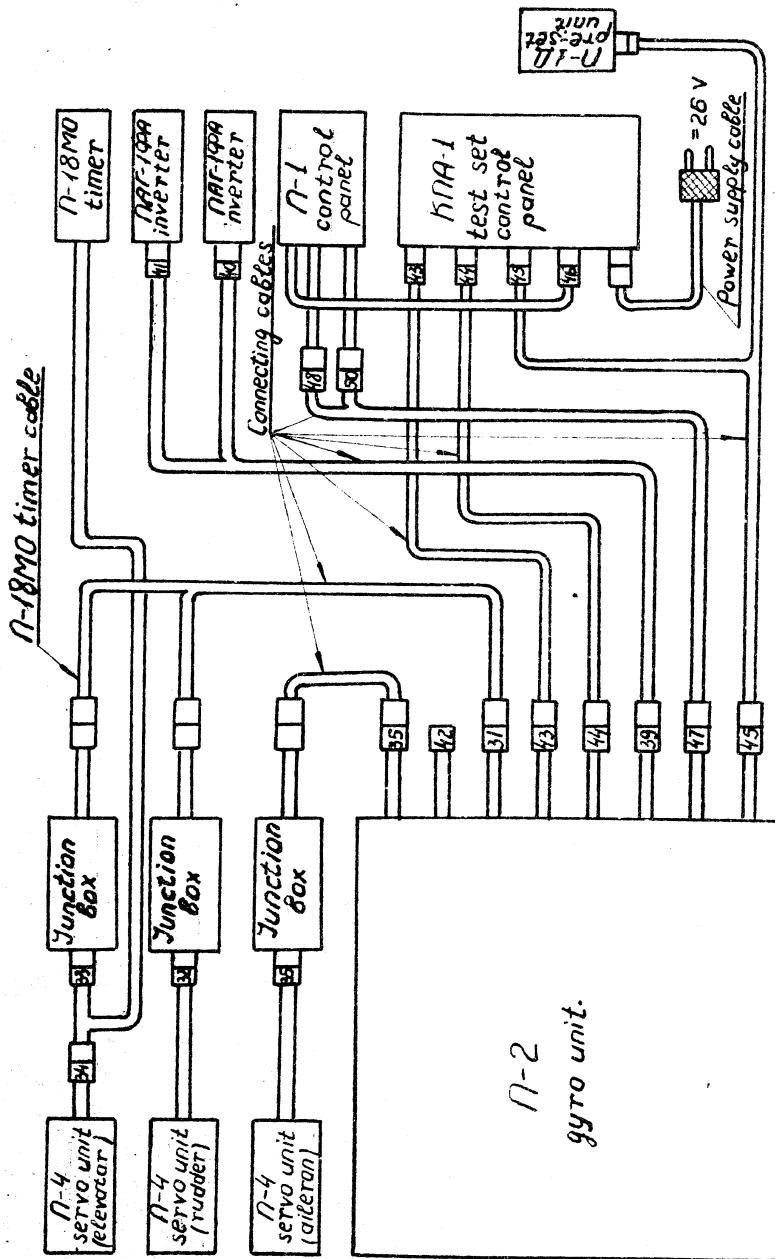


Plug connectors are arbitrarily designated.
e (example)

- plug connector No. 35

11. No 12 to Anf-58 autopilot specifications

SECRET



NOTE: Plug connectors are arbitrarily designated.
Symbol (example)

35 - plug connector No. 35.

23

Set.

Page 10. Much stronger evidence of this kind
involves connection with test

Attach the KIM-5 simulator pointers to the H-4 servo unit outlet shafts and set the pointers at zero points on the simulator scales.

NOTE: a) Before energizing the autopilot, check the "SWITCHING" potentiometer wipers position on the H-1 control panel; in this case the slot on the potentiometer shaft must be against the index on the panel cover.

b) After illumination of the "SWITCHING" warning lights but not earlier than 3 min. after power is applied, set the selector switch on the H-1 panel in the "FLIGHT" position. Set the "PRE-SET UNIT" knob of the H-1 panel in the 1 deg. "UP" position, the milliammeter pointer on the H-1 panel must deflect 1000, approx. one division. Press the "SWITCHING" button on the KIM-5 control panel, the "SWITCHING" warning light must go out and the "SWITCHING" warning light must come on, the elevator simulator pointer must deflect 1°42' to the left. Turn the "PRE-SET UNIT" knob of the H-1 panel in turn to the left and to the right. The pointers of the elevator simulator and milliammeter on the H-1 panel must be motionless. Set the "SWITCHING" knob on the H-1 panel in the zero position and change the selector switch from the "FLIGHT" position to the middle position.

Int off power supply on one (1) control panel and after 5-10 sec. minimize the autopilot gain. Last, kill the MAINTENANCE warning light once on.

c) After the MAINTENANCE warning light has disappeared, repeat the above procedure to drop off the primary unit until the autopilot gain sets at 0° , 4° , 8° and 12° position. At this time the vertical stabilizer attitude switch is set at 0° when 0° of the vertical is achieved, the present attitude of the aircraft is null.

Repeat the above for the primary and support unit nose up down in the 0° , 4° , 8° , 12° and 16° positions, in each case the primary unit attitude switch is set at 0° and the vertical stabilizer attitude switch is set at 0° . The primary unit attitude switch is set at 0° and the vertical stabilizer attitude switch is set at 0° when 0° of the vertical is achieved.

4. After minimizing the pitch panel pre-set attitude switch to the left or to the right in the steps of 0° to 2° , the SPARE switch warning light may remain illuminated.

5. When switching over to the SPARE

and the power supply on the HI-5 control panel and after 5-10 secs. squeeze the autopilot again. Wait, until the HI-5 LOW warning light comes on.

c) When the HI-5 LOW warning light is illuminated, repeat the check according to step 10 with the PRO HI-5 switch on the HI-5 panel now in the 2° , 4° , 6° and 8° positions. At this time the control surface simulator must remain within $\pm 3\%$ of the position indicated by the pre-set switch on the HI-5 panel.

11. When the check with the HI-5 panel is out and done set down in the 1° , 3° , 5° , 7° and 9° positions, in the same order, and when done in the 1° and 3° positions the control surface simulator must deflect to the right (as viewed from the HI-5 control panel).

12. After turning the HI-5 panel pre-set switch right the left or to the right in the range of 0° to 2° , the BASES HI-5 warning light may remain illuminated.

13. When switching over to the AS-17M

simulator, the direction indicator on the control panel is inoperative.

If, after the "BOARD ALARM" warning lights come on (but not earlier than 5 min. after power is supplied) set the "MOTOR POSITION INDICATOR" on the control panel in the "BOARD ALARM" position and switch on the "POWER" switch.

The "BOARD ALARM" and "CHECK" warning lights must come on. Sharply jerk the H-2 gyro unit in direction; at the instant of turning the H-2 gyro unit, the H-4 rudder servo unit outlet shaft must turn. Repeat the check when turning the H-2 unit in the opposite direction.

Perform similar checks when turning the H-2 gyro unit in pitch and roll.

The rotation of the H-2 servo unit shafts rotation must correspond to Table No.1. The positions of the control and position indicators, when the H-2 gyro unit is turned in the directions indicated in Table No.1, must move in the right.

Table No.1.

Channel	Direction of gyro unit turn		Direction of outlet shafts rotation		H-4 servos
	H-2 gyro unit turn	H-2 position servo unit	H-4 elevator servo unit	H-4 aileron servo unit	
Direction to the right	counter-clockwise	-	-	-	-
Pitch up	-	-	clockwise	-	-
Roll to the right	-	-	-	-	clockwise

NOTE: After the H-2 gyro unit is stopped, the H-4 servo unit outlet shafts must return to the zero position to within $\pm 0.25^\circ$.

15. Fully turn the "RUDER" knob on the control panel to the "BIG". The H-4 rudder servo unit outlet shaft must smoothly, without jerks, turn clockwise and the H-4 aileron servo unit outlet shaft - counterclockwise. Fully turn the "RUDER" knob to the "SMALL". The H-4 rudder servo unit outlet shaft must smoothly, without jerks, turn counterclockwise and the H-4 aileron servo unit outlet shaft - clockwise. Set the "RUDER" knob in the zero position.

Fully turn the "LEVATOR" knob on the control panel to the "UP" position.

The H-4 elevator servo unit outlet shaft must smoothly, without jerks, turn counterclockwise. Fully turn the "LEVATOR" knob to the "DOWN" position. The H-4 elevator servo unit shaft must smoothly, without jerks, turn clockwise. Set the "LEVATOR" knob in the zero position and the "UP/DOWN" switch in the "DOWN" position. Wait till the H-4 servo units outlet shafts move to the zero position and "ARMED ZERO" warning lights come on.

17. Set the "PILOT SIMULATOR" in the "DC-17M SIMULATOR" position. The "DC-17M SIMULATOR" warning light must become illuminated. Press the "UNCAGING" button on the control panel and simultaneously start the stop-watch; in this case the "UNCLIP" warning light must go out and "BACK-CTRL" warning light must come on. 2-3 sec. after the "UNCAGING" button is pressed, the H-4 elevator servo unit outlet shaft must turn counterclockwise through an angle of $9-9.5^{\circ}$ and 40-42 sec. after the button is pressed, the outlet shaft must return to the zero position to within $\pm 0.5^{\circ}$. Perform the check twice. When uncaging for the first time, check the H-4 servo

power of 28.6 V B.C. to the control panel. Set the "PANEL" selector switch in the "H-4" position, the "WINDING SELECTOR SWITCH" - in the "0" position and the "SIGNAL" selector switch - in the "00m" position. Set the "SIGNAL" knob in the "0" position.

3. Switch on the "POWER" and "FEEDBACK" switches, in this case the H-4 aileron servo unit shaft must turn to the zero position.

Check the ailerons position. If the ailerons are deflected from the neutral position (i.e. the ailerons neutral position does not correspond to the zero position of the H-4 servo unit) set the ailerons in the neutral position by changing the rods length using the adjustment elements.

4. Set the "FEEDBACK" switch in the "OFF" position and "WINDING SELECTOR SWITCH" - in the "I" position. Slowly rotating the "SIGNAL" potentiometer knob, first in one and then in/other side of zero position, determine the ailerons maximum angle of deflection (till the H-4 servo unit limit switches are actuated) which must be within ± 9.5 to 11.5° from the neutral position.

5. Set the "SIGNAL" knob in the "0" position, switch on the "FEEDBACK" switch and check that the ailerons are set in the neutral position again; in this case permissible angle of the ailerons deflection from the neutral position is up to 0.25° .

6. Set the "POWER" switch in the "OFF" position and manually deflect the ailerons in either side to the stop; then switch on the "POWER" switch, in this case the ailerons

must move to the neutral position and self-neutralization must not occur.

Repeat the check with the ailerons deflected to the opposite side. Set the "POWER" switch in the "OFF" position and disconnect the IL-4 aileron servo unit plug connector from the control panel.

7. Check the IL-4 rudder and elevator servo units for proper installation (steps 2-6).

NOTE: The elevator neutral position is the deflection through 2.5-3° up from the geometric neutral position. Further, this position of the elevator is called "ZERO" position.

8. TESTING THE AIK-5B AUTOPILOT AFTER INSTALLATION IN THIS "KC" MISSILE

1. To check the AIK-5B autopilot after installing it in the "KC" missile, remove the II-2 gyro unit from the missile irrespective of the preservation to which the given "KC" missile will be subjected after it is accepted by the Customer.

2. Install the II-2 gyro unit on the KIA-5 turn table according to the instructions given in step 12, par.6.

NOTE: It is permitted to install the II-2 gyro unit on the KIA-5 turn table without removing the gyro unit from the mounting.

3. Place the II-2 gyro unit secured to the turn table at a distance of 1-2.5 m. from the access door in the fuselage bottom section between frames 14 and 18.

NOTE: When installing the turn table see that it does not slide on the base.

4. Connect the IL-2 gyro unit plug connectors observing the numbers on the plug connectors and the autopilot wiring diagram (Fig.11), in this case:

a) connect the IL-2 gyro unit receptacles No.31, 35,39,43 and 47 to the mating plugs of the missile wiring system through the connecting cables;

b) connect the IL-2 gyro unit receptacle No.4 to the mating plug of the MA-1 control panel through the connecting cable; the MA-1 control panel plug connector No.43 through the connecting cable - to a plug connector No.36 used for checking the autopilot installed in the missile and the IL-2 gyro unit plug connector No.47 - to the MA-1 and IL-1 control panels through the connecting cable according to the block diagram given in Fig.10.

NOTE: 1. Do not connect plug connectors when the system is energized.

2. Connect the autopilot to the missile control system to check it only after the missile wiring system is approved by the State Inspection Department and by the manufacturer.

When carrying the autopilot operation, proceed as follows:

1. Supply power of 220 to 250 V, 50 Hz to the autopilot system and turn on the "POWER" switch on the autopilot. In this case the MA-1 control panel indicator lights (the flight control system) and (satellite timer) and the "POWER" warning light come on. In addition, the "POWER" indicator light on the autopilot unit comes on.

The rudder and ailerons must be set in the neutral positions to within $\pm 0.5^\circ$ and the elevator must be set $2.5-3^\circ$ Up from the geometric neutral position (further, this position of the elevator is called a "ZERO" position). The control surfaces position indicators pointers must be in the middle positions.

a) After the "BASES ZERO" warning lights become illuminated, but not earlier than 3 min. after power is supplied, set the "B" selector switch on the П-Д control panel in the "TO THE RIGHT" position. Set the pre-set unit knob on the П-Д control panel in the position 4 divisions down. The pointer of the milliammeter on the П-Д panel must deflect down approx. 4 divisions. The "BASES ZERO" warning light on the КИА-1 control panel must go out. Press the "UNCAGING" button; the elevator must move through an angle of $4^\circ \pm 1^\circ 24'$ down from the initial position.

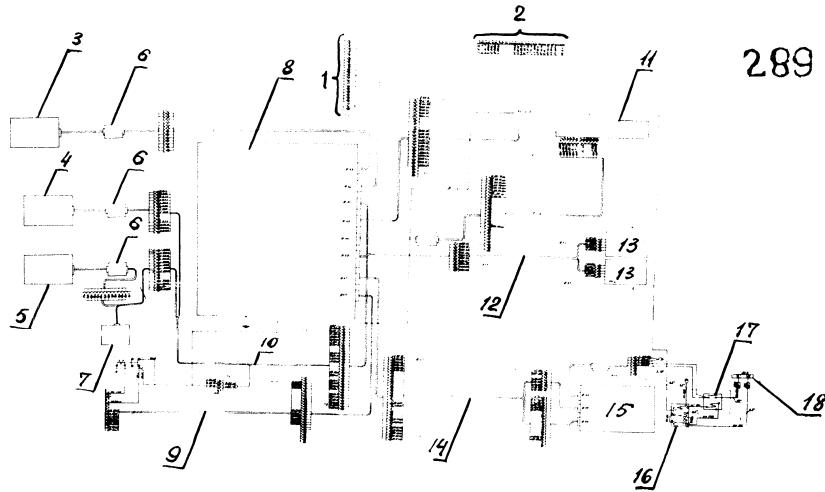
Turn the pre-set unit knob on the П-Д control panel "UP", "DOWN" and then set it in the zero position.

The elevator must be motionless. Set the selector switch on the П-Д control panel in the middle position.

De-energize the autopilot. Repeat the check with the pre-set unit knob set in the 3° and 6° positions.

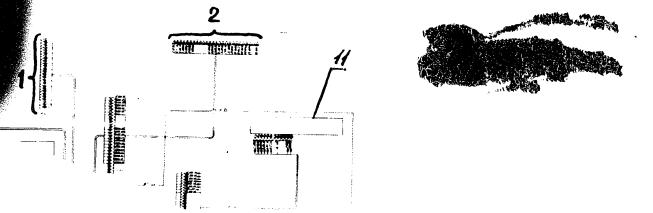
b) Repeat the check as specified in step "a" with the pre-set unit knob set 4° "UP". In this case the elevator must move through an angle of $4^\circ \pm 1^\circ 24'$ up.

289



to TKC System
see dwg. KC-7406-10

- 2) Test plug connector WP48PK243M2
- 3) П-4 servo unit (aileron)
- 4) П-4 servo unit (rudder)
- 5) П-4 servo unit (elevator)
- 6) Filter
- 7) П-18MO timer
- 8) П-2 gyro unit
- 9) Cable No. 9
- 10) Cable No. 1
- 11) K-1-13M unit
- 12) Cable No. 3
- 13) ПАГ-1ФА inverter
- 14) Cable No. 2
- 15) П-1 control panel
- 16) ПП-2 relay
- 17) K-204 contactor
- 18) Junction box (see dwg. 7201-00)



- 1) Cable N. 11/4
to TKC System
see dwg. KC-7406-10
- 2) Test plug connector WP48PK249M2
- 3) 11-4 servo unit (aileron)
- 4) 11-4 servo unit (rudder)
- 5) 11-4 servo unit (elevator)
- 6) Filter
- 7) 11-18MO timer
- 8) 11-2 gyro unit
- 9) Cable No. 9
- 10) Cable No. 1
- 11) K-1-13M unit
- 12) Cable No. 3
- 13) ПАГ-10A inverter
- 14) Cable No. 2
- 15) 11-1 control panel
- 16) РН-2 relay
- 17) K-204 contactor
- 18) Junction box (see dwg. 7201-00)

Approved For Release 2011/02/07 : CIA-RDP82-00038R001400030001-4

4. If two stop-watches are available check the programmed operation at a single switching-on of the H-18M0 timer.

9. Check how the control surfaces are controlled by the free gyros: smoothly turn the H-2 gyro unit through an angle of $\pm 45^\circ$ in yaw, $\pm 25^\circ$ in pitch and $\pm 40^\circ$ in roll. The control surfaces must smoothly, without jerks, deflect in accordance with Table No.4.

When stopping the H-2 gyro unit being deflected, the control surfaces and ailerons must not return to the neutral positions.

NOTE: Before checking the pitch control, turn the gyro unit in pitch, with the free gyros caged, through an angle of 10° in the direction opposite to that checked. Then, one minute after the autopilot is uncaged, check the control system. Perform a similar check with the unit turned in the opposite direction; proceed as specified in this note if the turn table does not permit turning the H-2 unit in pitch within $\pm 25^\circ$.

Table No.4

Channel	Direction of H-2 gyro unit turn	Direction of deflection		
		Rudder	Elevator	Ailerons
Direction	to the right	to the left	-	right aileron down
Pitch	up	-	down	-
Roll	to the right	-	-	right aileron down

8. If two stop-watches are available check the programmed operation at a single switching-on of the H-18MO timer.

9. Check how the control surfaces are controlled by the free gyros: smoothly turn the H-3 gyro unit through an angle of $\pm 45^\circ$ in yaw, $\pm 25^\circ$ in pitch and $\pm 40^\circ$ in roll. The control surfaces must smoothly, without jerks, deflect in accordance with Table No.4.

When stopping the H-3 gyro unit being deflected, the control surfaces and ailerons must not return to the neutral positions.

NOTE: Before checking the pitch control, turn the gyro unit in pitch, with the free gyros caged, through an angle of 10° in the direction opposite to that checked. Then, one minute after the autopilot is unengaged, check the control system.

Perform a similar check with the unit turned in the opposite direction; proceed as specified in this note if the turn table does not permit turning the H-3 unit in pitch within $\pm 25^\circ$.

Table No.4

Channel	Direction of H-3 gyro unit turn	Direction of deflection		
		Rudder	Elevator	Ailerons
Direction	to the right	to the left	-	right aileron down
Pitch	up	-	down	-
Roll	to the right	-	-	right aileron down

b. If two stop-watches are available check the programmed operation at a single switching-on of the H-18MO timer.

9. Check how the control surfaces are controlled by the free gyros: smoothly turn the H-3 gyro unit through an angle of $\pm 45^\circ$ in yaw, $\pm 25^\circ$ in pitch and $\pm 40^\circ$ in roll. The control surfaces must smoothly, without jerks, deflect in accordance with Table No.4.

When stopping the H-3 gyro unit being deflected, the control surfaces and ailerons must not return to the neutral positions.

NOTE: Before checking the pitch control, turn the gyro unit in pitch, with the free gyros caged, through an angle of 10° in the direction opposite to that checked. Then, one minute after the autopilot is uncaged, check the control system.

Perform a similar check with the unit turned in the opposite direction; proceed as specified in this note if the turn table does not permit turning the H-3 unit in pitch within $\pm 25^\circ$.

Table No.4

Channel	Direction of gyro unit turn	Direction of deflection		
		Rudder	Elevator	Ailerons
Direction	to the right	to the left	-	right aileron down
Pitch	up	-	down	-
Roll	to the right	-	-	right aileron down

4. If two stop-watches are available check the programmed operation at a single switching-on of the H-18M0 timer.

5. Check how the control surfaces are controlled by the free gyros: smoothly turn the H-2 gyro unit through an angle of $\pm 5^\circ$ in yaw, $\pm 25^\circ$ in pitch and $\pm 40^\circ$ in roll. The control surfaces must smoothly, without jerks, deflect in accordance with Table No.4.

When stopping the H-2 gyro unit being deflected, the control surfaces and ailerons must not return to the neutral positions.

NOTE: Before checking the pitch control, turn the gyro unit in pitch, with the free gyros caged, through an angle of 10° in the direction opposite to that checked. Then, one minute after the autopilot is uncaged, check the control system.

Perform a similar check with the unit turned in the opposite direction; proceed as specified in this note if the turn table does not permit turning the H-2 unit in pitch within $\pm 25^\circ$.

Table No.4

Channel	Direction of H-2 gyro unit turn	Direction of deflection		
		Rudder	Elevator	Ailerons
Direction	to the right	to the left	-	right aileron down
Pitch	up	-	down	-
Roll	to the right	-	-	right aileron down

b. If two stop-watches are available check the programmed operation at a single switching-on of the H-18MO timer.

9. Check how the control surfaces are controlled by the free gyros: smoothly turn the H-2 gyro unit through an angle of $\pm 45^\circ$ in yaw, $\pm 25^\circ$ in pitch and $\pm 40^\circ$ in roll. The control surfaces must smoothly, without jerks, deflect in accordance with Table No.4.

When stopping the H-2 gyro unit being deflected, the control surfaces and ailerons must not return to the neutral positions.

NOTE: Before checking the pitch control, turn the gyro unit in pitch, with the free gyros caged, through an angle of 10° in the direction opposite to that checked. Then, one minute after the autopilot is uncaged, check the control system.

Perform a similar check with the unit turned in the opposite direction; proceed as specified in this note if the turn table does not permit turning the H-2 unit in pitch within $\pm 25^\circ$.

Table No.4

Channel	Direction of gyro unit turn	Direction of deflection		
		Rudder	Elevator	Ailerons
Direction	to the right	to the left	-	right aileron down
Pitch	up	-	down	-
Roll	to the right	-	-	right aileron down

4. If two stop-watches are available check the programmed operation at a single switching-on of the H-18M0 timer.

5. Check how the control surfaces are controlled by the free gyros: smoothly turn the H-2 gyro unit through an angle of $\pm 5^\circ$ in yaw, $\pm 25^\circ$ in pitch and $\pm 40^\circ$ in roll. The control surfaces must smoothly, without jerks, deflect in accordance with Table No.4.

When stopping the H-2 gyro unit being deflected, the control surfaces and ailerons must not return to the neutral positions.

NOTE: Before checking the pitch control, turn the gyro unit in pitch, with the free gyros caged, through an angle of 10° in the direction opposite to that checked. Then, one minute after the autopilot is uncaged, check the control system. Perform a similar check with the unit turned in the opposite direction; proceed as specified in this note if the turn table does not permit turning the H-2 unit in pitch within $\pm 25^\circ$.

Table No.4

Channel	Direction of gyro unit turn	Direction of deflection		
		Hudder	Elevator	Ailerons
Direction	to the right	to the left	-	right aileron down
Pitch	up	-	down	-
Roll	to the right	-	-	right aileron down

8. If two stop-watches are available check the programmed operation at a single switching-on of the **MEMO** timer.

9. Check how the control surfaces are controlled by the free gyros: smoothly turn the **H-2** gyro unit through an angle of $\pm 2^{\circ}$ in yaw, $\pm 25^{\circ}$ in pitch and $\pm 40^{\circ}$ in roll. The control surfaces must smoothly, without jerks, deflect in accordance with Table No.4.

When stopping the **H-2** gyro unit being deflected, the control surfaces and ailerons must not return to the neutral position.

NOTE: Before checking the pitch control, turn the gyro unit in pitch, with the free gyros caged, through an angle of 10° in the direction opposite to that checked. Then, one minute after the autopilot is uncaged, check the control system. Perform a similar check with the unit turned in the opposite direction; proceed as specified in this note if the turn table does not permit turning the **H-2** unit in pitch within $\pm 25^{\circ}$.

Table No.4

Channel	Direction of gyro unit turn	Direction of deflection		
		Hudder	Elevator	Ailerons
Direction	to the right	to the left	-	right aileron down
Pitch	up	-	down	-
Roll	to the right	-	-	right aileron down

8. If two stop-watches are available check the programmed operation at a single switching-on of the H-18MO timer.

9. Check how the control surfaces are controlled by the free gyros: smoothly turn the H-2 gyro unit through an angle of $\pm 45^\circ$ in yaw, $\pm 25^\circ$ in pitch and $\pm 40^\circ$ in roll. The control surfaces must smoothly, without jolts, deflect in accordance with Table No.4.

When stopping the H-2 gyro unit being deflected, the control surfaces and ailerons must not return to the neutral positions.

NOTE: Before checking the pitch control, turn the gyro unit in pitch, with the free gyros caged, through an angle of 10° in the direction opposite to that checked. Then, one minute after the autopilot is uncaged, check the control system. Perform a similar check with the unit turned in the opposite direction; proceed as specified in this note if the turn table does not permit turning the H-2 unit in pitch within $\pm 25^\circ$.

Table No.4

Channel	Direction of gyro unit turn	Direction of deflection		
		Rudder	Elevator	Ailerons
Direction	to the right	to the left	-	right aileron down
Pitch	up	-	down	-
Roll	to the right	-	-	right aileron down

10. Set the "TURBINE ENGINE" switch in the "A-1M SIMULATOR" position. The "A-1M SIMULATOR" warning light must come on.

Switch on the "COMPUTER" switch on the control panel. The "COMPUTER NO.1" warning light must become illuminated. When sending command No.1 to the control surfaces may deflect from the position, especially when sending the command is sent, through the angles within $\pm 1.6^\circ$ (elevator and ailerons) and $\pm 0.6^\circ$ (rudder).

Fully turn the "RUDDER" knob on the control panel to the "left". The rudder must move slowly, without jerks, deflect to the right and the right aileron - up. Set the "RUDDER" knob in the zero position; in this case the rudder and ailerons must move to the neutral position.

Repeat the check with the "RUDDER" knob turned to the "right".

Full turn the "ELEVATOR" knob on the control panel to the "up", the elevator must move slowly, without jerks, deflect upwards. Set the "ELEVATOR" knob in the zero position; in this case the elevator must move to the zero position. Repeat the check with the "ELEVATOR" knob turned to the "down" position.

NOTE: The time, required for sending a signal of one polarity, should not exceed 15 sec.

11. Switch on the "COMPUTER NO.2" switch on the control panel. The "COMPUTER NO.2" warning light must become illuminated. Check how the control surfaces are controlled by the "RUDDER" and "ELEVATOR" pre-set units on the control panel in the same manner as when sending command No.1; in this case, when setting the "RUDDER" and "ELEVATOR" knobs in the zero positions, the control surfaces must not move to the neutral position.

12. Set the "COMMAND No.1" and "COMMAND No.2" switches in the "OFF" position and the "COMMAND GENERATOR SWITCH" on the control panel - in the "COMMAND GENERATOR" position. Set the "POWER" switch of the H_1 control unit in the "OFF" position and if the autopilot has operated for more than 60 min. make an interval for not less than 30 min. to cool the H_1 gyro unit.

13. Switch on the H_1 control unit "POWER" switch. After the "BURNING GYRO" warning light comes on (but not earlier than 3 min. after power is supplied) press the "UNCLAMPING" button on the control panel.

The "CLAMP" warning light must go out and the "UNCLAMP" warning light must come on.

After 5 min., check the autopilot free gyro precession. The gyro's rigidity should be so, that the control surfaces deflection from the neutral position for 5 min. would not exceed:
 rudder $\pm 1.25^\circ$
 elevator $\pm 2.5^\circ$
 ailerons $\pm 1.25^\circ$.

When checking the gyro's rigidity, the H_1 gyro unit must be in the horizontal position.

NOTE: The ailerons deflection depends also on the yaw free gyro precession (due to a signal picked up from the coordination potentiometer); therefore before determining the value of the roll free gyro precession, set the rudder in the neutral position by turning the " H_1 " gyro unit in yaw. In this case the ailerons deflection from the neutral position corresponds to the roll gyro precession.

14. Set the "POWER" switch on the II-I control panel in the "OFF" position. Disconnect the II-2 gyro unit plug connectors and remove the unit from the turn table.
15. Make entries about the autopilot checks performed in the "KC" missile Log-Book.
16. Install the II-2 unit in the missile and check the autopilot operation as follows (steps 17-24).
 17. Connect plug connector No.36 of the ground test panel to the autopilot board check plug connector No.36 via the connecting cable, control panel plug connector No.12 through the connecting cable to plug connector No.12 of the missile wiring system having disconnected this plug connector from the K1-13W unit and connect plug connector No.45 through the control panel connecting cable to plug connector No.45 of the II-2 gyro unit having disconnected it from the missile electrical system.
Switch off all the switches on the control panel, supply power of 28 ± 0.5 v d.c. to the missile electrical system and 26 volts to the "+" terminal of the control panel.
 18. Switch on the "POWER" switch on the II-I control unit. The HAL-10A inverters must start operating. The "GAGED" and "BASES ZERO" warning lights on the control panel must become illuminated.
The control surfaces should be set in the neutral position. The indicator pointers on the control panel must be in the middle positions.
 19. Set the "POWER" and "CHECK" switches on the control panel. Turn the "DISPLAY" switch on the control panel.

14. Set the "POWER" switch on the R-1 control panel in the "OFF" position. Disconnect the H-2 gyro unit plug connectors and remove the unit from the turn table.
15. Make entries about the autopilot checks performed in the "KC" missile Log-Book.
16. Install the H-2 unit in the missile and check the autopilot operation as follows (steps 17-24).
17. Connect plug connector No.36 of the ground test panel to the autopilot board check plug connector No.36 via the connecting cable, control panel plug connector No.12 through the connecting cable to plug connector No.12 of the missile wiring system having disconnected this plug connector from the K1-15W unit and connect plug connector No.45 through the control panel connecting cable to plug connector No.45 of the H-2 gyro unit having disconnected it from the missile electrical system.
Switch off all the switches on the control panel, supply power of 28 ± 0.5 V d.c. to the missile electrical system and 26 volts to the "+" terminal of the control panel.
18. Switch on the "POWER" switch on the R-1 control unit. The MAR-1A inverters must start operating. The "CAGED" and "BASES ZERO" warning lights on the control panel must become illuminated.
The control surfaces should be set in the neutral position.
The indicator pointers on the control panel must be in the middle positions.
19. Switch on the "POWER" and "CHECK" switches on the control panel. Turn the "RUDDER" knob on the control panel.

14. Set the "SWING" switch on the μ - μ control panel in the "OFF" position. Disconnect the μ - μ gyro unit plug connectors and remove the unit from the turn table.
15. Make entries about the autopilot checks performed in the "KC" missile Log-Book.
16. Install the μ - μ unit in the missile and check the autopilot operation as follows (steps 17-24).
 17. Connect plug connector No.36 of the ground test panel to the autopilot board check plug connector No.36 via the connecting cable, control panel plug connector No.12 through the connecting cable to plug connector No.12 of the missile wiring system having disconnected this plug connector from the K-15M unit and connect plug connector No.45 through the control panel connecting cable to plug connector No.45 of the μ - μ gyro unit having disconnected it from the missile electrical system.
Switch off all the switches on the control panel, supply power of 28 ± 0.5 V d.c. to the missile electrical system and 26 volts to the "+" terminal of the control panel.
 18. Switch on the "POWER" switch on the μ - μ control unit. The K-15M inverters must start operating. The "CAGED" and "BANED ZERO" warning lights on the control panel must become illuminated.
The control surfaces should be set in the neutral position.
The indicator pointers on the control panel must be in the middle positions.
 19. Switch on the "POWER" and "CHECK" switches on the control panel. Turn the "RUDDER" knob on the control panel.

The rudder and ailerons must deflect. Turn the "RUDDER" knob in the opposite direction. The rudder and ailerons must move in the opposite direction. Set the "RU DIR" knob in the zero position. Turn the "AILERON" knob on the control panel. The elevator must deflect. Turn the "AILERON" knob in the opposite direction. The elevator must deflect in the opposite direction. Set the "AILERON" knob in the zero position.

Set the "CABIN" switch in the "OFF" position. Wait. Till the control surfaces move to the neutral position and the "BASED ZERO" warning light comes on.

20. Press the "ELEVATOR" button on the control panel. The "CABIN" warning light must go out and the "ELEVATOR" warning light must come on. Press the "ELEVATOR" button and keep it pressed for 3-5 seconds. In this case, the elevator must deflect upwards, till the elevator returns to the initial position.

21. Switch on the "ELEVATOR" switch on the control panel. The "ELEVATOR" warning light must come on. Turn the "ELEVATOR" knob on the control panel.

The rudder and ailerons must deflect.

Set the "ELEVATOR" knob to the zero position. In this case the rudder and ailerons must move to the neutral position. Repeat the check when turning the "ELEVATOR" knob in the opposite direction.

Turn the "ELEVATOR" knob on the control panel. The rudder must deflect. Set the "ELEVATOR" knob to the zero position; in this case the elevator must move to the neutral position. Repeat the check with the "ELEVATOR" knob turned in the opposite direction.

NOTE: It is permitted to check how the autopilot responds to control signals by connecting No.1 and No.2 (outputs 17-23) with sending the signals directly from the F-14 station. In this case do not disconnect the receiver No.12 from the F-14 unit and the "F-14" control panel instead of the ground test control panel.

9. CHECKING THE AUTOPILOT CONTROL SIGNALS

The F-14 autopilot output signals are inhibited when adjusting the guidance equipment or the "F-14" missile, in version, at the MIG-21 plant.

Given below are the instructions for validating the signals.

1. Install the F-14 unit on the ground test table and connect the ground test unit connector to the panel (outputs 1 and 4). Connect the F-14 unit to the connector No.42 to the connector of the "F-14" control panel through the connecting cable.

Adjust the direction channel as follows:

2. At the "F-14" control unit of the control panel in the "ARMED AND NOT POSITION" position (as written on the "POSITION" switch of the "F-14" control panel) - connect the "+" terminal of the "F-14" connector (card 17-18, terminal value - not more than 200 ohms, linear resistance - not less than 2 ohms, degree of precision - 1%) to the "+" terminal of the control panel and the "-" terminal to the "GND/SHDN" terminal on the control panel.

After the "BATT. LOW" warning lights come on (but not earlier than 1 min. after power is supplied) press the "WINGFLUT" button.

3. Setting the "RIGHT" and "LEFT" POSITION switch of the control panel in the "UPPER", "DOWN" and "FLAT" positions. In turn, measure supply voltage, output signal from the free gyro and the servo unit feedback output signal by the voltmeter connected.

4. Measure as specified in step 3 with the μ -2 gyro unit turned about the vertical axis in the following succession:

to the right through the angles of: 4° , 2° , 6° , 0° , 11° ;
reverse travel: 8° , 5° , 2° , 0° ;

to the left through the angles of: 7° , 3° , 6° , 0° , 11° ;
reverse travel: 5° , 3° , 2° , 0° .

Before measuring with the μ -2 gyro unit turned to the left, cut off power supply for a short time using the "POWER" switch of the μ -2 control panel and then send the "WINGFLUT" command.

NOTE: Do not do as specified in steps 3 and 4 for not more than 1 min.

5. Put the "POWER" switch on the μ -2 control panel in the "ON" position.

Enter the check results in the Table (at the end of section II.)

Adjust the pitch scanner as follows:

6. Switch on the "POWER" switch on the μ -2 control panel. Connect the "+" terminal of the D.C. voltmeter, indi-

ected in step 3, to the 74 terminal on the control panel and the terminal of the voltmeter to the 81101 terminal on the control panel.

After the 10101 and 1 warning lights come on (but not earlier than 1 min. after power is applied) press the 81101 and 1 buttons.

7. When setting the 81101 switch to the 1 position of the control panel in the 10101, 10102, 10103 and 10104 positions in turn, measure the voltage output signal from the 10101 and 10102, 10103 and 10104 output signal of the voltmeter connected.

8. Measure the voltage in step 7 with the 10101 switch turned about the horizontal axis as follows:

1. Turn the switch to the 10101, 10102, 10103, 10104 positions in turn, measure the voltage output signal from

the 10101 and 10102, 10103 and 10104 output signal of

the voltmeter connected.

2. Turn the switch to the 10101, 10102, 10103, 10104 positions in turn, measure the voltage output signal from

the 10101 and 10102, 10103 and 10104 output signal of the voltmeter connected.

9. Turn the switch to the 10101, 10102, 10103, 10104 positions in turn, measure the voltage output signal from

the 10101 and 10102, 10103 and 10104 output signal of the voltmeter connected.

10. Turn the 10101 switch on the 10101 control panel in the 10101 position. After the measurements obtained in table

10, adjust on the 10101 switch on the 10101 control panel, connect the 10101 terminal of the voltmeter, indicated in step 3, to the 74 terminal on the control panel and the 10101 10102 voltmeter to the 81101 terminal on the control panel.

After the "DANGER" warning lights come on (but not earlier than 3 min after power is applied), press the "DANGER" button.

11. Then setting the "LIFT" and "ROLL" switch on the control panel in the "UP", "DOWN", "0", and "ROLLBACK" positions in the 1000 sec supply voltage, output signal of the first, 2nd and 3rd servo-unit feedback output signal by the following sequence:

12. Ensure as specified in Sec. 11 of the "Aero" unit turned about the longitudinal axis as follows:
to the left through angles $20^{\circ}, 40^{\circ}, 60^{\circ}, 80^{\circ}$
never exceeding $10^{\circ}/sec^2$.

13. At the 2nd, repeat the angles of $20^{\circ}, 40^{\circ}, 60^{\circ}, 80^{\circ}$
reversal through $20^{\circ}/sec^2$.

14. Repeating the same sequence of turns about the left out of power supply of the 1st, 2nd, 3rd servo-unit
and the 1st, 2nd, 3rd servo-unit feedback signal then set the "UNLOAD" switch.

NOTE: During the sequence of turns the 1st, 2nd, 3rd
servo-unit feedback.

15. Turn the "LOAD" switch on the "Aero" control panel
in the "LOAD" position, repeat the sequence of turns as
in the Table.

At the time of the accident the defendant was driving a vehicle
in the 19th Street, and was proceeding in company
with the plaintiff. The defendant left, instructions on
navigation and continued driving in the 19th Street and the
plaintiff left the defendant with knowledge of which time, the
plaintiff left the defendant for one year since the date
of arrival to the point of destination.

For example, if the surface is "soaked" from the outside, it should be easier in the same conditions to remove the metal with mechanical means.

3) and are permitted to store the "F" and "G" motor-boat set or sets in a drydock until such time as they are unloaded in the "F" and "G" port and berths have picked up the "F" and "G" boats, respectively, according to remaining 100,000.00 and 400,000.00 for one year since the date of arrival to the point of destination.

2. The delivery, authorization to the depots in the pending order prior to installation in the "U" missile for not more than 3 months since the date of acceptance by the Customer at the firm's plant are permitted to be stored as specified in para 1.

3. It is prohibited to keep the M-162 sub-militia in the "M-162" minibus, because within a compartment of air in the open air for 2 days.

4. The cockpit instrument for storage or outline in steps is not to be left open or not ventilated.

5. The cockpit must be equipped with the instruments to measure the following parameters: air temperature and humidity, wind direction every day in the morning, 12:00 at the end of the day, 21:00, 22:00.

The results of these measurements must be entered in the log. Before the aircraft is parked, the cockpit windows, cockpit, cockpit, take off and landing floor. Moreover, the equipment in the cockpit having an air filter system.

6. The cockpit must be free from dust and all kind vapours instruments or cables and the free from flammable vapours and dust.

7. The cockpit must be cleaned, the floor must be cleaned by means of vacuum cleaner or using vacuum cleaner. Do not sweep the floor, the water can be a clean water on the floor.

8. The instrument checklist of aircrafts, scales and instruments (10) are contained in the M-162 unit and comprise the following equipment and serials:

Table No. 5

No.	Serial	Date	Unit	Reg. No.
1.	2	1	1	5
1. 1. G-10 unit	1	1	1	1000000
2. Servo unit	2	1	1	1000000
3. Timer	3	1	1	1000000
4. Main regulator	4	1	1	1000000

1	2	3	4	5	60
5.	Relay, microswitch				
	Part No. 100-11	100-11			PAX. 47.01427
6.	Fuse, gl. 5A				
		100-11			Part No. 139-57
7.	Fuse, gl. 2A				
		100-11			Part No. 139-57
8. tool kit				
					597.01600.000
9.	Shipping case for				
	art. tool kit				597.01600.000
10.	Case, carpenter				
					597.01600.000
11.	Case, carpenter				
	Part No. 100-11	100-11			597.01600.000
12.	Chipping box				
					597.01600.000
13.	Loosening device				
					597.01600.000
14.	Pulling device for				
	Part No. 100-11	100-11			597.01600.000
15.	Measuring tape				
	100-11	100-11			597.01600.000
	calculator				

The difference in cost of spare parts, tools and devices
box manufactured according to drawings £37,82,00,000,
632,00,000 and £37,82,00,000.

The rest of standard tools and devices is packed and stored in the cargo bay of the flight autopilot.

THE STATE OF THE ART IN THE FIELD OF POLYMER PHYSICS

a) In bulk in one partition in a c. 637.64.60.000 instead of 637.64.60.000 in two partitions with 50-100 rated resistors and boxes with 500 polarized relays and 5000 and 10000 fuses.

b) In one steel case and packed in a wooden box (c. 637.64.60.000).

2. It is recommended to keep the autopilot tool kit in the general tool kit for the "K" missile.

When carrying, periodically check the autopilot units incorporated in the set of spare parts, tools and devices in the same manner as the autopilot and its individual units which were not installed in the "K-1" missile and which are stored in the cases.

It is recommended to store the *in vitro* autopilot in the dark, cold, dry, *in vitro* version covered with a turgidulin cover to avoid damage to the sensors throughout the entire guaranteed period of 12 months.

1. When storing the AIR-5B autopilots in the "KC" missile (or with the AIR-5B gyro unit removed from the missile) preserved in accordance with the present GTO-05-74, edition III, instructions on preservation and extended storage of the "KC" winged missile, check after every 4 months 10% of the AIR-5B autopilots of the batch but not less than 2 autopilots.

Model The λ value is a number of subepillets subjected to
irradiation per one month.

2. When starting the 100% automobile in the "off" missile covered with a Saranolin cover in the hangar, check all 100% of the automobile and less than one a month.

On May 21, 1954, 10 autopilots, which were not installed in the 30 missiles, and the autopilot individual units packed in cases, check after about 4 months 10% of the 30 autopilots (their individual units) were taken but not less than 2 autopilots (units).

4. *Initial* and *final* stock are specified in step 3 the *Initial* subselection of elements and *final* elements during the previous period of analysis.

6. The time, required for a continuous operation of the auto, must be energized during all the periods specified in these regulations, must not exceed one hour, and following period of not less than half an hour.

In December, 1911, is permitted to change the succession of officers, to nominate the auditors and named officers and the auditors, and to nominate during the time of election, or the auditors, is written on.

63.

7. If the AIR-5B autopilots, taken for the next check in turn, are defective (corrosion included), check an additional number of the autopilots equal to the initial number of the autopilots to be checked.

If similar or some other defects are found in the autopilots checked, check all the AIR-5B in the autopilots included in the batch.

8. If during the check of an additional number of the AIR-5B autopilots (checked according to step 6), defects are not found, all the autopilots of the batch checked (defective excluded) can be admitted to a further storage.

The way of delivering the unsatisfactory reports and elimination of defects in the defective units is given in the "Instructions for making up the unsatisfactory reports".

9. During each periodic check enter the results of checks and information on all the operations performed during the inspection and checks in the certificate for the autopilot and its individual units.

10. The initial autopilot operating time, required into the periodic checks during storage, is determined by the time required for the checks specified by these instructions.

11. After the expiration of the AIR-5B autopilot storage life (for all specified storage conditions), check all the

autopilots as specified in these Instructions for the periodic checks during storage.

The decision on the AIM-51 autopilot further storage and operation is adopted by the commission appointed by the organization commander.

12. CHECKING THE AIM-51 AUTOPILOT OPERATION IN FLIGHT

WITHOUT REMOVING OR SHOT THE "KC" MISSILE

1. After depressuring the "KC" missile and attaching the missile wings, remove the E-4 gyro unit from the missile.

Visually inspect all the autopilot units. Check that the units and cables outer surfaces are free from damage.

If corrosion is found on the autopilot units, proceed as outlined in steps 7-8, par. 20, these instructions.

2. Disconnect plug connectors No.32 and 33 from the missile wiring system and check the E-4 servo unit as indicated in par. 6 (steps 3-6); when checking the E-4 rudder servo unit, connect plug connector No.32 to the E-1 panel, when checking the E-4 elevator servo unit, connect plug connector No.33 and when checking the E-4 ailerons servo unit connect plug connector No.35.

NOTE: 1. During this check the E-4 servo unit outlet shaft direction of rotation indicated in

par. 6 (steps 3-6) corresponds to deflection of the control surface (ailerons) connected to the II-4 servo unit to be checked.

2. When checking at a temperature below 0°C , (when storing the "KC" missile in the hangar), the II-4 servo units sensitivity must be:

with the "WINDING SELECTOR SWITCH" in "1", "2" and "3" positions....0.3-1.56 mA and in "4" position0.62-2.82 mA

When checking sensitivity use the (JL-7) panel with the II-20 test instruments at a temperature of -5°C and with the

M5-2 test instruments at a temperature of -40°C .

3. Check the II-4 rudder and elevator servo units without disconnecting plug connectors Nos.32 and 34 via plug connector 31 by means of the connecting cable. After checking the II-4 servo units, connect plug connectors Nos.32 and No.33 to the missile wiring system.

4. During the AIM-5 autopilot storage

under normal conditions the sensitivity of the IL-4 servo units installed on a fixed base should be 0.5-1.2 mA with the "WINNING SELECTOR SWITCH" in "1", "2" and "3" positions and 0.95-2.22 mA - in the "4" position.

3. Disconnect plug connectors Nos 40 and 41 of the missile wiring system from the RAD-14 inverters and check the inverters operation as outlined in par. 6 (steps 8-10).

NOTE: When checking the RAD-14 inverters at a temperature below 0°C (when storing the "KC" missile in the hangar) use the MI-3 panel with the IM-60 and IM-70 test instruments only to check rotation of the IL-6 panel gyro motors without measuring the input and output current and the voltage generated by the inverter.

4. Install the IL-6 gyro unit on the GIA-5 turn table and connect the gyro unit plug connectors as indicated in par. 6 (steps 3 and 4).

5. Check the autopilot operation as specified in par. 8 (steps 5-13).

NOTE: When checking at a temperature below 0°C (when storing the "KC" missile in the hangar):
 a) apply the "UNCAGING" command, 6 min. after power is supplied;

b) the elevator must return to the initial position 40-43 sec. after the "II-18MO START" button is pressed.

6. Check the time required for the yaw and pitch gyro bases to match in the zero position as follows:

switch on the "POWER" switch on the II-I control panel. After the "BASES ZERO" warning lights come on, set the "POWER SELECTOR SWITCH" in the "BOARD CHECK" position and switch on the "CHECK" switch. The "BOARD CHECK" and "CHECK" warning lights must come on.

Fully turn the "RUDDER" knob on the control panel to the "RIGHT". The rudder must smoothly, without jerks, deflect to the right and the right aileron must deflect up. Wait for 7 min. Set the "RUDDER" knob in the zero position and the "CHECK" switch in the "OFF" position. The rudder must move to the neutral position. After 4.5-6.5 min. the ailerons must move to the neutral position and the "BASES ZERO" warning lights must come on.

Switch on the "CHECK" switch and repeat the check with the "RUDDER" knob turned to the "LEFT".

After the "BASES ZERO" warning lights come on switch on the "CHECK" switch and fully turn the "ELEVATOR" knob upward.

The elevator must smoothly, without jerks deflect up. Make an interval for 4 min. Set the "ELEVATOR" knob in the zero position and the "CHECK" switch in the "OFF" position. The elevator must move to the neutral position. After 2-3.5 min the "BASES ZERO" warning light must come on.

Switch on the "CHECK" switch and repeat the check with the "ELEVATOR" knob turned to the "DOWN" position.

Check the time required for the bases to match at a supply voltage of 26 V.

7. Check the autopilot transmission ratios as indicated in par. 15, step 6.

NOTE: 1. When checking at a temperature below 0°C (when storing the "KC" missile in the hangar):
 a) make an interval for 7.5 min. when sending the "DIRECTION" signal; in this case the "BASES ZERO" warning lights must come on 4-7 min. after the "CHECK" command is removed.
 b) when sending the "PITCH" signal, make an interval for 5 min.; in this case the "BASES ZERO" warning lights must come on 1.5-4.0 min. after the "CHECK" command is removed.
 c) do not check the autopilot transmission ratios.

2. When storing the "KC" missiles in the hangar, check the time required for the bases to match once in 6 months.

8. Set the "POWER" switch on the II-1 control panel in the "OFF" position. Disconnect the II-2 gyro unit plug connectors and remove the gyro unit from the turn table. Install the II-2 gyro unit in the "KC" missile and check the autopilot operation using the IIHK ground test control panel as outlined in par. 8 (steps 17-24).

9. Enter the results of checks and time requirements for each of the units and autopilot set energized in the certificate of the individual units and AMU-5B autopilot set.

10. It is permitted to check the gyro unit in a reference or any other serviceable autopilot set system as indicated in par. 6(steps 14-20).

In this case do not check the autopilot stored in the set but check the H-4 servo unit, H-180 timer and HAP-10A inverter which are stored in the missile as follows:

- a) H-4 servo units - as outlined in par. 6(steps 3-6);
- b) H-180 timers - as outlined in steps 11-13, this par.
- c) HAP-10A inverters - as outlined in par. 6(steps 8-10)

11. Check the H-180 timers as follows:
disconnect plug connector No.33 from the missile wiring system. Set the "SWITCH" switch of the H-1 panel in the "OFF" position.

Supply power of 26 Vdc. to the control panel. Connect the H-180 timer plug connector No.33 to the panel via the connecting cable. Set the "DANSEL" selector switch in the "H-180" position and the "LIVING CONTACT SWITCH" in the "ON" position.

12. Switch on the "POWER" and "FEEDBACK" switches. The elevator must move to the initial position(2.5°-3° Up from the geometric neutral position).

Switch on the "H-180 - START" switch and simultaneously start the stop-watch. 2-3 sec. after the "H-180 - START" switch is on the elevators must deflect through an angle of 9-9.5° Up from the initial position (12-12.5° Up from the geometric neutral position) and 40-42 sec. after the switch is off the elevator must return to the required initial position.

Start the E-16MO timer twice. When starting the timer for the first time, check the elevator angle of deflection and the program starting time (2-3 sec.), to do this, start the stop-watch when the elevator deflects upward. When starting the timer for the second time, check the time of the program completion (40-42 sec.); to do this, stop the stop-watch when the elevator begins moving to the initial position. The second check is performed 20-30 seconds after the first actuation of the program is over.

NOTICE:

1. It is permitted to adjust the E-16MO timer reconstitut if the elevator fails to deflect through an angle of 12° - 12.5° up from the geometric neutral position.
2. If it is necessary to check the programmed operation for the third and subsequent times, bear in mind, that the E-16MO timer operating duty is intermittent consisting of 6 cycles followed by a complete cooling. A cycle implies one actuation of the program.
3. If two stop-watches are available, check the program at a single switching-on of the E-16MO timer.
12. Set the "POWER" switch on the panel in the "OFF" position. Disconnect the ~~and~~ from the E-16MO timer plug connector and connect this plug connector to the missile wiring system.

13. CHECKING THE AHI-3B AUTOPILOT OPERATION IN STORAGE WITH
SOME UNITS REMOVED FROM THE MISSILE

1. After the "V" missile is depressured and its wings are attached, visually inspect the H-1 control panel, H-1 servo units, H-1GM timer and HAI-1AA inverters which are stored installed in the missile. Open the case with the H-1 gyro unit as indicated in par. 3. and visually inspect the unit. Check that the units outer surfaces and cables are free from damage.

If corrosion is detected, proceed as outlined in steps 7-8, par. 20.

2. Check the AHI-3B autopilot as indicated in par. 12 without checking the autopilot set by means of the RMI ground test control panel.

After checking the H-1 gyro unit, pack it in a metal case as indicated in par. 1 (without packing the H-1 control panel). Enter the results of checks and time required for checking the units and autopilot set energized in the certificates for the individual units and AHI-3B autopilot set.

14. CHECKING THE AHI-3B AUTOPILOT WHEN STORING IT PACKED
IN TIN

1. Inspect the packing cases. Check the cases for presence of seals and for freedom from damages. Unpack the autopilot units as indicated in par. 3. Inspect all the units. Check the outer surfaces of the units and cables for freedom from damages.

13. CHECKING THE AHC-SP AUTOPILOT OPERATION IN STORAGE WITH
SOME UNITS REMOVED FROM THE MISSILE

1. After the "PC" missile is depreserved and its wings are attached, visually inspect the E-I control panel, H-4 servo units, H-68M timer and HAM-1A inverters which are stored installed in the missile. Open the case with the H-2 gyro unit as indicated in par. 3. and visually inspect the unit. Check that the units outer surfaces and cables are free from damage.

If corrosion is detected, proceed as outlined in steps 7-2, par. 70.

2. Check the AHC-SP autopilot as indicated in par. 12 without checking the autopilot set by means of the REM ground test control panel.

After checking the AHC gyro unit, pack it in a metal case as indicated in par. 1 (without packing the E-I control panel). Enter the results of checks and time required for checking the units and autopilot set energized in the certificates for the individual units and AHC-SP autopilot set.

14. CHECKING THE AHC-SP AUTOPILOT WHEN STORING IT PACKED
IN THIS

1. Inspect the packing cases. Check the cases for presence of seals and for freedom from damages. Unpack the autopilot units as indicated in par. 3. Inspect all the units. Check the outer surfaces of the units and cables for freedom from damages.

If corrosion is found on the autopilot units, proceed as outlined in steps 7-8, par. 20, these Instructions.

2. Check the H-4 servo units as indicated in par. 6 (steps 3-6); in this case, under normal conditions the sensitivity of the H-4 servo units installed on a fixed base is equal to 0.5-1.2 mA with the "WINDING SELECTOR SWITCH" in "1", "2" and "3" positions and 0.95-2.22 mA in the "4" position.
3. Check the HAI-10A inverters as indicated in par. 6 (steps 8-10).

4. Check the autopilot set operation as outlined in par. 6 (steps 14-23) and time required for the bases to match as outlined in par. 12 (step 6).

After the check is completed, pack the autopilot units in the metal case as indicated in par. 1 and enter the results of checks and time required for checking the units and autopilot set energized in the certificates for the individual units and set of the AIM-58 autopilot.

15. PROCEDURE OF REPLACING THE AIM-58AUTOPILOT INDIVIDUAL UNIT AND COMPONENTS

1. If during the AIM-58 autopilot operation and storage defects are found, replace the H-1, H-2, H-4, H-18MO units, H2-1, H2-2, H2-3, H2-4, H2-6M, components, polarized relay and trimming rheostat in the H-3 gyro unit, H2-1MO component in the H-4 servo unit and H-4-TMO component polarized relay.

2. Remove and install the units to be replaced in the "ZC" missile in accordance with the "Maintenance and Operating Instructions for the "K" winged Missile", Book I.

3. Replace the H4-TMO component in the H-4 servo unit as follows:

remove the seal and unscrew by socket wrench two studs attaching the defective H4-TMO component to the H-4 servo unit and remove the component from the unit. Install a new H4-TMO component on the H-4 servo unit.

Carefully insert two attaching studs of the component into the holes in the component casing and tighten the studs by the socket wrench; tighten the studs alternately, and evenly, secure the studs with a locking wire and seal it with the using organization seal.

4. Replace the PHG polarized relay in the H-2 gyro unit as follows:

Unscrew 6 screws attaching the H-2 gyro unit side cover. Unscrew 4 screws attaching the defective relay to the H2-GM (H2-GAM) component and remove the relay out of the unit. Carefully install (without touching the electric wires) a new polarized relay in the H2-GM (H2-GMA) component and tighten the relay attaching screws; tighten the screws alternately and evenly. Secure the screws with AK-20 nitro glue according to instructions No. KB-62I (See the appendix). Screw the H-2 unit side cover, in this case safety the screws with AK-20 nitroglue according to instructions No. KB-62I.

5. Replace the trimming rheostats as follows:

Remove the H-2 gyro unit lower cover.

Unsolder the wires from the trimming rheostat to be replaced and measure the resistance set for the given rheostat.

3. Replace the B4-110 component in the B-1 servo unit as follows:

remove the seal and unscrew by socket wrench two studs attaching the defective B4-110 component to the B-1 servo unit and remove the component from the unit. Install a new B4-110 component on the B-1 servo unit.

Carefully insert the attaching studs of the component into the holes in the component casing and tighten the studs by the socket wrench; tighten the studs alternately, and evenly, secure the studs with a locking wire and seal it with the using organization seal.

4. Replace the B13 polarized relay in the B-2 gyro unit as follows:

Unscrew 6 screws attaching the B-2 gyro unit side cover. Unscrew 4 screws attaching the defective relay to the B6-5M (B2-5M) component and remove the relay out of the unit. Carefully install (without touching the electric wires) a new polarized relay in the B6-5M (B2-5M) component and tighten the relay attaching screws; tighten the screws alternately and evenly. Secure the screws with AK-20 nitro glue according to instructions No. K3-31 (see the appendix). Screw the B-2 unit side cover, in this case safety the screws with AK-20 nitroglue according to instructions No. K3-32.

5. Replace the trimming rheostats as follows:

Remove the B-2 gyro unit lower cover.

Unsolder the wires from the trimming rheostat to be replaced and measure the resistance set for the given rheostat.

3. Replace the **54-101** component in the **54-1** servo unit as follows:

remove the seal and unscrew by socket wrench two studs attaching the **54-101** (M-101) component to the **54-1** servo unit and remove the component from the unit. Install a new **54-101** component on the **54-1** servo unit.

Carefully insert the attaching studs of the component into the holes in the component housing and tighten the studs by the socket wrench: tighten the studs alternately, one evenly, secure the studs with a locking wire and seal it with the using, ordnization seal.

4. Replace the **54-101** polarized relay in the **54-1** gyro unit as follows:

Unscrew the seal and remove the **54-1** servo unit side cover. Unscrew 4 screws attaching the effective relay to the **54-101** (M-101) component and remove the relay out of the unit. Carefully install (without touching the electric wires) a new polarized relay in the **54-101** (M-101) component and tighten the relay attaching screws: tighten the screws alternately and evenly. Secure the screws with **1K-10** nitro glue (see the instructions No. **M-101** (see the appendix)). Screw the side cover on the cover, in this case safety the screws with **1K-10** nitro glue according to instructions No. **M-101**.

5. Replace the trimming rheostats as follows:

Remove the **54-1** servo unit lower cover.

Unsolder the wires from the trimming rheostat to be replaced and determine the resistance set for the given rheostat.

3. Re-assembly of the component in the 10-10 servo unit as follows:

Remove the two 1/4" hex nuts with a monkey wrench, the studs, and the mounting plate from the component to the 10-10 servo unit and the mounting plate from the unit. Install a new mounting plate on the 10-10 servo unit.

Carefully insert the mounting studs of the component into the holes in the mounting plate and tighten the studs by the following sequence: tighten the studs alternately, and finally tighten the plate with a locking wire and seal it with the usual adhesive and a seal.

4. Remove the 10-10 trimmer relay in the 10-10 servo unit as follows:

Unscrew the two screws holding the 10-10 servo unit side cover. Insert a screwdriver into the "electrode relay" to the 10-10 (11-11) servo unit, and then remove the relay out of the unit. Carefully (without disconnecting the electric wires) a new trimmer relay of the 10-10 (11-11) component and tighten the two mounting screws. Tighten the screws alternately and finally, secure the screws with 11-11 nitro glue (see note on trimmer relay No. 11-11, Item 1, the appendix). Note that the side cover, in this case, safety the screws must be held firmly according to instructions No. 1, etc.

5. Replace the remaining rheostats as follows:

Remove the 10-10 servo unit lower cover.

Unscrew the screws from the trimming rheostat to be replaced. Then measure the resistance set for the given rheostat.

2. Detach the small component in the left servo unit according to:

Remove the small component by socket wrench two studs and then disconnect the small component to the left servo unit. Then remove the unit from the unit. Install a new component and connect to the left servo unit.

Then, using a nut and the following studs of the component from the left unit, with a screwdriver, unscrew and tighten the studs by the following order: tighten the studs alternately, and finally, to the right of the rightmost locking wire and seal it with the following locking wire.

3. Remove the 100 ohm trimmer relay in the left gyro unit as follows:

Loosen the two screws holding the left gyro unit side cover. Unscrew the two screws holding the effective relay to the left gyro unit side cover and remove the relay out of the unit. Carefully (without touching the electric wires) a new 100 ohm trimmer relay (left gyro unit) component and tighten the two retaining screws. Tighten the screws alternately, and then tighten the screws with K-100 nitro glue according to instructions No. 10 (See the appendix). Note: tip: Do not damage the cover, in this case, safety the screen of the side cover according to instructions No. 10.

4. Replace the trimming rheostats as follows:

Remove the upper, right and lower cover.

Unscrew the screws from the trimming rheostat to be replaced and then, using the resistance set for the given rheostat



73

3. Align the new component in the F-4 servo unit according to:

Remove the two nuts and unscrew by socket wrench two studs according to the alignment of the new component to the F-4 servo unit and remove the component from the unit. Install a new component in the alignment of the F-4 servo unit.

Do not damage the aligning studs of the component when you align the component. Loosen and tighten the studs by three or four turns, tighten the studs alternately, and finally tighten the stud with a locking wire and seal it with the usual lockwashers.

4. Replace the 100 volturned relay in the F-4 gyro unit as follows:

Unscrew the two nuts and the F-4 gyro unit side cover. Unscrew the two nuts and the effective relay to the F-4 gyro unit side cover and remove the relay out of the unit. Therefore (not touching the electric wires) a new 100 volturned relay of the F-4 gyro (F-4AR) component and tighten the two, not taking screws. Tighten the screws alternately and finally, tighten the screws with AK-10 nitro glue and the lockwashers type No. K-10-3 (See the appendix) down the F-4 gyro unit side cover, in this case safety the screws of the side cover giving according to instructions the torque.

5. Replace the trimming rheostats as follows:

Remove the F-4 gyro unit lower cover.

Unscrew the two nuts from the trimming rheostat to be replaced and replace the resistance set for the given rheostat.

2. Detach the small component in the 500 servo unit as follows:

Remove the small and unmarked 1/4 socket wrench size studs which hold the small electrical component to the 500 servo unit and remove the component from the unit. Install a new 1/4" socket wrench on the 500 servo unit.

Install the 1/4" socket wrench studs of the component into the mounting holes and tighten using the 1/4" socket wrench. Do not tighten the studs alternately, one stud at a time. Then attach the binding wire and seal it with the gunnite adhesive seal.

3. Replace the 5000 ohm relay in the 500 gyro unit as follows:

Unscrew the two mounting the 500 gyro unit side cover. Unscrew the two mounting the defective relay to the 5000 ohm relay. (Do not remove the relay out of the unit, (refusing to do so, and not touching the electric wires) a new 5000 ohm relay (the number is 5000) component and tighten with the following screws. tighten the screws clockwise and then, using the screws with M-10 nitro glue, glue the side cover to the 500 gyro unit. Use the apprendix four tip. If the side cover, in this case safety the screws, do not apply glue according to instructions the figure.

4. Assembly of the triming rheostats as follows:

1. Remove the two upper and lower covers.

Unscrew the two screws from the trimming rheostat to be replaced and then connect the resistance set for the given rheostat.

2. Replacing the trim component in the 100 servo unit as follows:

Remove the left and pressure cracked wrench two studs attaching the trim component to the 100 servo unit and withdraw the stud from the unit. Install a new 10-32 nut and bolt on the 100 servo unit.

Condition the two retarding studs of the component being replaced and after removing and tighten the studs by the following manner: tighten the studs alternately, then evenly. Secure the stud with a locking wire and seal it with the usual identification seal.

3. Replace the 100 polarized relay in the 100 gyro unit as follows:

Unscrew the two retaining the 100 gyro unit side cover. Unscrew the four retaining the defective relay to the 100 gyro unit and remove and remove the relay out of the unit. Carefully install (without touching the electric wires) a new aluminum relay or the 100 gyro unit (100) component and tighten the two retaining screws. Tighten the screws alternately and evenly. Secure the screws with AK-43 nitro glue and the instructions No. 10-1 (See the Appendix) form tip. Remove the side cover, in this case safety the screws with AK-43 nitro glue according to instructions No. 10-1.

4. Replace the trimming rheostats as follows:

Remove the 100 gyro unit lower cover.

Unscrew the screws from the trimming rheostat to be replaced and measure the resistance set for the given rheostat.

Unscrew the screws attaching the plate with the trimming rheostats to the servo unit casing. Unscrew the nut attaching the rheostat to be removed and remove the rheostat.

Install a new rheostat in place. Secure the rheostat by a screw with a nut (place a washer under the nut).

Install the rheostat without any cant, the adjusting screws must have a clearance between the screw head and hole in the upper plate.

Set the rheostat resistance equal to that measured before the rheostat is replaced.

Join the wires to the trimming rheostat. Attach the plate with the trimming rheostats to the servo unit casing using the screws (place washers under the screw heads).

Install the trimming screws and nuts with K-900 nitro-gum according to instructions No. 78-112.

6. After the servo unit is repaired, proceed as follows:

a) Check to make sure that the autopilot unit is stored in the 5-10, part 8 (left) of the autopilot unit of storage in the missile until the servo unit is removed from the missile. This is outlined in paragraph 6, part 6 (left) and equipment is stored in the 5-10.

b) Check the autopilot transmission ratio as described below:

Note: To check the autopilot transmission ratio set a trim position and hold a 10°.

1. The method of checking the initial autopilot

transmission ratio before the storage of the
servo unit is to store in the missile.

If the autopilots are packed in the cases the methods of checking the autopilot transmission ratios are the same; in this case the amount of the H-4 servo units outlet shafts turn must be:

With the H-2 gyro unit deviated in yaw; direction control surface(rudder) - 2.25-2.75°(instead of 2.1-2.9°)
roll control surface (aileron) 4-5°
(instead of 3.8-5.3)

With the H-2 gyro unit deviated in pitch:

elevator - 4.5-5.5°(instead of
4.3-5.8)

With the H-2 gyro unit deviated in roll:

roll control surface(aileron) -
- 4.5-5.5°(instead of 4.3-5.8).

3. Check the autopilot transmission ratios at a power supply of 26 V d.c.

Check the rudder transmission ratio and the angle of the H-4 aileron servo unit turn controlled by the coordination signals as follows:

after sending the "YUZD 000" command, turn the H-2 gyro unit in yaw through an angle of 5°. The rudder must deflect 2.1-2.9° and ailerons - through an angle of 3.8-5.3°.

Turn the H-2 unit in opposite direction through an angle of 5° in yaw. The rudder and ailerons must deflect respectively through the angles of $2.1-2.9^{\circ}$ and $3.8-5.3^{\circ}$ to the opposite side.

NOTES:

1. The difference in the ailerons deflection in both directions must not exceed 0.5° .
2. If the rudder deflection does not meet the required value, adjust the H-2 gyro unit rheostat No.3 connected in the yaw free gyro circuit. To do this, remove the lower cover of the H-2 gyro unit and rotate rheostat No.3 screw till the required deflection of the rudder is obtained. It is permitted to adjust the rheostat No.3 within 290 ± 20 ohms. The place of the bridge connection for checking the resistance value is given in Table No.3
3. If the ailerons deflection does not meet the required value, adjust rheostat No.12 connected in the coordination signal circuit. It is permitted to adjust rheostat No.12 within the range of 500 ± 30 ohms.

Check the elevator transmission ratio as follows:

after sending the "UNCAGING" command, turn the H-2 gyro unit in pitch through an angle of 5° . The elevator must deflect $4.3-5.3^{\circ}$. Turn the H-2 gyro unit in pitch through an angle of 5° in the opposite direction. The elevator must deflect through an angle of $4.3-5.6^{\circ}$ in the opposite side.

NOTE: If the elevator deflection does not meet the required value, adjust rheostat No.5 connected in the pitch free gyro circuit. It is permitted to adjust rheostat No.5 within the range of 115 ± 11.5 ohms.

Check the ailerons transmission ratio as follows:

After sending the "UNCAGING" command, turn the H-2 gyro unit in roll through an angle of 10° . The ailerons must deflect $4.3-5.8^\circ$.

Turn the H-2 gyro unit in roll through an angle of 10° in the opposite direction.

The aileron must deflect $4.3-5.8^\circ$ in the opposite side.

NOTE: If the ailerons deflection does not meet the required value, adjust rheostat No.10 connected in the roll feedback circuit. It is permitted to adjust rheostat No.10 within the range of 100 ± 5 ohms.

Table No.6

Resistor No.	Name of electric circuit	Pins across which measure- ment is per- formed.	Resistance ohms
3	Pitch free gyro signal circuit	31/3-42/2	290 ± 29
5	Pitch free gyro signal circuit	31/22-42/4	115 ± 11.5
10	Roll feedback signal circuit	35/11-35/13	100 ± 5
12	Bank coordination signal circuit	35/7-35/8	300 ± 30

NOTES: 1. Check resistance by a d.c. bridge having the degree of precision not less than 2.5.

2. The plug connectors pins are arbitrarily designated: the numerator shows the number of the plug connector and the denominator - the number of the plug connector pin.

3. When checking, connect the plugs to the units mating receptacles. Connect the measuring bridge wires to the pins (sockets) of the plug connected.

4. Pins 31/3-42/2; 31/22-42/4 refer to II-2 gyro unit and are manufactured according to a special order with connector plug No.42. Measure resistors 2,5 of the production units across their contacts.

7. After replacing the II-4 unit or II-18MO component (or polarized relay in this component) check as outlined in par. 6 (steps 3-6) and check transmission ratio of the corresponding channel of the autopilot as described in step 6, this paragraph.

8. After replacing the II-18MO timer check as indicated in step 8, par. 8 (when storing the II-18MO timer in the missile) or as in step 17, par. 6 (when storing the timer in a packing case).

9. After replacing the II-1 control panel, check as outlined in steps 2-5, par. 8 (when storing the panel in the missile) or as in steps 13-14, par. 6 (when storing the panel in a packing case).

10. After the $\Pi 2-6M$, $\Pi 2-6AM$ components or PHC polarized relay in the $\Pi 2$ gyro unit are replaced, check as specified in steps 7, 10 and 11, para. 6 (when storing all the autopilot units installed in the $\Sigma 2$ missile or with the $\Pi-2$ gyro unit removed from the missile) or as in steps 10, 19 and 20, para. 6 (when storing the autopilot units in packing cases).

11. After replacing the $\Pi 2-6$ or $\Pi 2-6AM$ component in the $\Pi-2$ gyro unit, check as indicated in steps 5, 7-11, para. 6 (when storing all the autopilot units installed in the $\Sigma 2$ missile or with the $\Pi-2$ gyro unit removed from the missile) or as in steps 10-12, para. 6 (when storing the autopilot units in packing cases) and check the transmission ratio of the corresponding channel as outlined in step 6, this subparagraph.

12. After replacing the $\Pi 2-6$ component in the $\Pi-2$ gyro unit, check as indicated in steps 5, 9, 10 and 12, para. 6 (when storing all the autopilot units installed in the $\Sigma 2$ missile or with the $\Pi-2$ gyro unit removed from the missile) or as in steps 14, 18, 22, para. 6 (when storing the autopilot in packing cases) and check the airframe deflection transmission ratio as indicated in step 6, this subparagraph.

13. After replacing the $\Pi 2-6$ component in the $\Pi-2$ gyro unit, check as specified in step 6, para. 6 (when storing all the autopilot units installed in the missile or with the $\Pi-2$ gyro unit removed from the missile) or as in step 15, para. 6 (when storing the autopilot units in packing cases).

14. After replacing, trimming rheostats No. 3, 5, 10 and 12, check the transmission ratio of the corresponding channel as outlined in step 6, para. 10.

After several months of work, we performed a similar photo synthesis experiment with the same plant species to no avail.

16. The following is a list of the required documents, with the required order of presentation, for the **1958** **automobile** individual assessment:

SECTION 2

1. PRE-FLIGHT PREPARATION

2. PRE-FLIGHT CHECKS OF THE K-14-10 AUTOPILOT

1. Perform a separate check of the K-14-10 autopilot during the pre-flight preparation as outlined below, bear in mind that:

- a) the autopilot is stored installed, the "K-10" missile must not be subjected to preliminary checks;
- b) the autopilot, like individual units are stored being removed from the "K-10" missile, must be preliminarily checked, irrespective of the time of the previous periodic checks, immediately before and after third and fourth checks, and during and just before and after third and fourth unit checks (i.e., the missile autopilot system is checked in cooking cases must be avoided);

Irrespective of the time of the previous periodic checks, the autopilot must be checked to determine that all surfaces are normal, and to determine whether the autopilot unit must be installed in the missile.

2. Using a wrench, place the "K-10" missile from a transport cart on an airfield cart.

3. Connect plug connector No. 6 to the ground loop control; and via the connecting cable to the autopilot unit control; and via the connecting cable to the autopilot unit control; and via the connecting cable to the missile service panel through the connecting cable to the missile service panel via connector No. 12, having disconnected this plug system from connector No. 12.

3. If two stop-watches are available, check the program at a single switching-on of the "ECHO" timer.
4. Check as outlined in this step and step 11, this subparagraph during the first 30 minutes after the autoroute is OK.
5. On checking at a temperature below 30°C , the elevator must return to the initial position (up) and, after the "ECHO" timer button is pressed.
6. Inclining the missile by the wing to the right, the right aileron must deflect down. Inclining the missile to the left, the right aileron must deflect up. At the missile in the original position, in this case, the ailerons must be set in the neutral position.
7. Set on the "ECHO" button on the control panel. The "ECHO" No. 1 warning light must come on. Turn the "RUDDER" knob on the panel. The rudder and ailerons must deflect. Set the "YAWING" knob in the zero position; in this case the rudder and ailerons must move to the neutral position. Repeat the check with the "YAWING" knob turned in the opposite direction.
8. Turn the "RUDDER" knob on the panel. The elevator must deflect. Set the "RUDDER" knob in the zero position, the elevator must move to the neutral position. Repeat the check with the "YAWING" knob turned in the opposite direction.
9. Time, required for sending a signal of one polarity, must not exceed 15 seconds.

10. switch on the "POWER" No.2* switch on the panel. The "COMMAND" No.1* warning light must come on. Check how the control surfaces are controlled by the "COMMAND" and "ELEVATOR" pre-set units on the panel in the same way as when setting command No.1; in this case when setting the "COMMAND" and "ELEVATOR" knobs in the zero positions, the control surfaces and ailerons must not deflect to the neutral position. Set the "POWER", "COMMAND" No.1* and "COMMAND" No.2* switches on the panel in the "OFF" position.

11. Bring the "POWER" switch on the left control panel cut off power supply for a short time. The "COMMAND" warning light must come on. The control surfaces and ailerons must occupy the neutral position and the "ELEVATOR" warning light must become illuminated.

Press the "SWINGING" button on the control panel. The "COMMAND" warning light must go out. After 5 minutes check the free gyro precession. The gyro rigidity must be so that the control surfaces deflection for 5 minutes would not exceed:

rudder $\pm 1.25^\circ$

elevator $\pm 2.5^\circ$

aileron $\pm 1.25^\circ$.

NOTE: The aileron deflection also depends on the gyro free gyro precession due to a signal picked up from the aileron position potentiometer. Therefore, before disconnecting the gyro free gyro precession, switch on the aileron switch on the panel and send the aileron command signal to a low value and such a polarity that the aileron would move to the neutral position.

after that quickly remove the control signal. In this case the deflection of ailerons from the neutral position will correspond to the roll gyro precession.

12. Set the "GOM" switch on the μ -11 control panel in the "GOM" position. Disconnect the ground test control panel from plug connectors No.36 and 42.

Connect the missile wiring system plug connector No.12 to the μ -11M unit.

De-energize the missile electrical system.

17. **DE-ENERGIZING THE MISSILE ELECTRICAL SYSTEM**

MAIN POSITION

1. De-energize the μ -11M unit and μ -11 station separate again, connect the ground to an control panel plug connector No.46, to the autopilot board, check plug connector No.36 and the connecting cables.

2. Turn on the μ -11M unit on the panel and supply power of 26 ± 0.5 VDC to the missile electrical system.

3. Turn on the μ -11 station. The μ -11M unit "warning" light on the μ -11 unit goes on. Wait till zero control currents are confirmed the station to the autopilot (check by using the μ -11M panel).

4. Turn on the "warning" switch on the μ -11 control panel. The "MIG" "warning" light on the panel must come on. Turn on the "warning" button.

5. Turn on the "warning" switch from the μ -11 station in regime 2, and "warning" light from the μ -11 unit goes on.

When sending the "RIGHT" signal, the rudder must deflect to the right and the right aileron - up. Then removing the signal the rudder and ailerons must move to the neutral position.

When sending the "LEFT" signal, the rudder must deflect to the left and the right aileron - down. Then removing the signal the rudder and ailerons must move to the neutral position. When sending the "UP" signal, the elevator must deflect upward. When removing the signal, the elevator must move to the zero position.

When sending the "DOWN" signal, the elevator must deflect down. Then removing the signal, the elevator must move to the zero position.

NOTE: Time, required for sending a signal of one polarity must not exceed 15 seconds.

4. Using the "CATCH" switch on the H-I control panel cut off power supply for a short time. The "CATCH" warning light must come on.

Wait, till the control surfaces are not in the neutral position and the "CATCH" warning light becomes illuminated. Set the "ACQUA" switch on the H-I control panel in the "OFF" position.

5. Send command No.2 from the C-1* station. The "COMMAND No.2" warning light on the panel must come on. Wait till zero control currents are supplied from the station to the autopilot.

6. Set the "CATCH" switch on the H-I control panel. The "CATCH" and "BAND CATCH" warning lights on the panel must come on. After 3 minutes press the "WARNING" button.

Send control signals in regime "B" from the K-1M station to the autopilot.

The direction of the control surfaces deflection must be the same as in step 3. When removing control signals the control surfaces must not move to the neutral position.

6. De-energize the autopilot as indicated in step 4. Disconnect the ground test control panel from plug connector No.36.

SECTION V

MR-35 AUTOPILOT TEST BEFORE A TAKE-OFF

**18. CHECKING THE MR-35 AUTOPILOT BY USING THE CARRIER-
- AIRCRAFT EQUIPMENT**

1. Connect the ground test control panel plug connector No.36 to the autopilot board check plug connector No.37 through the connecting cable.

Check that the "PILOT" switches on the H-T control panel and K-1GM unit are in the "OFF" position.

2. Switch on the "ARMED" and "AP AND E-1" switches on the bombardier control panel in the front cabin. The "AP AND E-1 ARMED" warning light on the bombardier's panel comes on.

3. Check the autopilot operation using the ground test control panel:

a) switch on the "PILOT" switch on the H-T control panel. The "ARMED" and "ARMED ARMED" warning lights on the panel must come on.

b) after 3 minutes, press the "UNARMING" button on the panel.

The "ARMED" warning light must go out.

Press the "ELEVATOR START" button on the panel and keep it pressed for 5-10 seconds. The elevator must deflect 9-9.5° up from the initial position (12-12.5° up from the geometric neutral position). Wait, till the elevator returns to the initial position.

c) switch on the "ARM" switch on the panel, send the control signals by turning the "ROLL" and "ELEVATION" pre-set units knobs. When sending the direction signal the rudder and ailerons must deflect out when sending the pitch signal the elevator must deflect. Set the "LIGHTS" switch on the panel in the "ON" position.

d) Using the "POWER" switch on the "A" control panel cut off power supply for a short time. The "GLOW" warning light must come on. And, till the control surfaces and ailerons are set in the neutral position and the "ARMED" warning light comes on.

e) Detach the "A" panel signals and check the anti-light operation by the instruments in the front cabin. f) Detach the "A" panel signals, the "ARM" switch warning light on the "A" panel must be illuminated and the roll and pitch instruments pointers must be in the middle positions; switch on the "ROLL" and "ELEVATION" switch on the "B" panel in the front cabin. Turn the "ROLL" pre-set unit knob 45° down, the indicator pointer on the "A" panel must deflect "DOWN" against the one division.

Press the "ARMING" button, the "ARMED" warning light on the bombardier control panel must come on and the "V" missile elevators must deflect 45° out from the initial position. Measuring the second value of the elevator deflection angle set the pre-set unit knob on the "A" panel in the zero position.

Switch off and after 5-10 seconds switch on the "A" and "B" switch on the bombardier's control panel.

The "A.P. UNICAGE" warning light must go out. The "B.S.E3 ZERO" warning light on the LEADER panel must be illuminated.

Repeat the calibration with the pre-set unit knob turned 3° , 4° , 6° "DOWN", and then "UP" for each value indicated by the pre-set unit; the elevator must respectively deflect "DOWN" or "UP" with a tolerance of $\pm 0.5^{\circ}$ for the value indicated by the pre-set unit.

NOTE: When calibrating the angles of 3° , 4° , 6° (and like $\pm 0^{\circ}$) the "B.S.E3 ZERO" warning light must go out.

Calibrate the left suspension in the similar way.

Using the results of measurements make a calibration chart of the elevator deflection angles versus the position of the LEADER panel pre-set unit knob.

b) Check the elevator deflection angles caused by the LEADER panel signals as defined in step 4a; this section with the pre-set unit knob turned 0° , 3° , 4° , 6° "UP" and "DOWN" according to the calibration chart.

In this case the difference between the actual values of the elevator deflection angles and values given in the calibration chart must not exceed $\pm 0.5^{\circ}$.

c) In flight the LEADER panel pre-set unit is set for a required angle by the carrier-aircraft crew in accordance with the "LEADER pre-set unit operating instructions".

d) Press the "UNICAGE" button on the bombardier's control panel. The "A.P. UNICAGE" warning light must come on.

Press the "PITCHING" button on the bombardier's panel and keep it pressed for 5-10 seconds. The "PITCH" indicator pointer on the LEADER panel must sharply deflect. After the

program is completed this pointer must return to the zero position.

e) Switch off and on the "A.P." and K-1" switch on the bombardier's control panel. The "A.P. UNCAGED" light must go out. The "BASIS ZERO" warning light on the ~~ARMED~~ panel must be illuminated.

5. Set the "SYSTEM POWER" and "A.P." and K-1" switches on the bombardier's control panel in the "OFF" position.

The "A.P." and K-1" ~~ARMED~~ warning lights on the bombardier's control panel and the "BASIS ZERO" on the panel must go out.

Set the "POWER" switch on the ~~A.P.~~ control panel in the "OFF" position.

Disconnect the ground test control panel from plug connector No.36.

6. Before a flight, set the "POWER" switch on the ~~A.P.~~ control panel in the "ON" position and then close the access door.

program is completed this pointer must return to the zero position.

e) Switch off and on the "I.P." and "E-1" switch on the bombardier's control panel. The "I.P. UNCAGED" light must go out. The "BASE ZERO" warning light on the ~~aircraft~~ panel must be illuminated.

5. Set the "EJECTION POSITION" and "I.P." and "E-1" switches on the bombardier's control panel in the "OFF" position.

The "I.P." and "E-1" "UNCAGED" warning lights on the bombardier's control panel and the "BASE ZERO" on the panel must go out.

Set the "PPU" switch on the I-T control panel in the "OFF" position.

Disconnect the ground test control panel from plug connector No.06.

6. Before a flight, set the "POWER" switch on the I-T control panel in the "IN" position and then close the access door.

S E C T I O N VI
AIK-5B AUTOPILOT PERIODIC MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS

19. AIK-5B AUTOPILOT PERIODIC MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS

PROCEDURES

1. The autopilot maintenance operations are periodic checks of the AIK-5B autopilot units condition which are performed to determine the autopilots serviceability for operation and further storage and also to prepare them so that they would meet the specifications.

2. The periodic maintenance operations are performed by the using organization mechanical personnel of the corresponding speciality.

The record of the periodic maintenance operations is made by the organization engineer or senior technician in the special Log Book or certificates for the autopilot units and set.

NOTE: The form of the periodic maintenance operation Log Book must correspond to the Aircraft Maintenance Manual.

3. The periodic maintenance operations are scheduled to the period of periodic inspections performed as outlined in paragraph 11, these Instructions.

20. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS RECORD

No.	Operations Performed	Devices, Tools, materials
1.	<p>Visually inspect all the autopilot units. Make sure that the external surfaces of the units and mountings are free from damages. Remove dust and dirt from the units external surfaces.</p> <p>If corrosion is detected proceed as outlined in step 7, this paragraph.</p> <p>Remove the lower cover of the T-2 gyro unit and inspect the windings of the trimming rheostats on the unit mounting for condition. If corrosion (green coating) is found on the resistor winding surface, proceed as specified in step 8, this paragraph.</p>	Portable lamp, mirror, rags.
2.	<p>Disconnect the units plug connectors. Inspect the plug connector pins. If the pins contacting surfaces are dirty, clean them with a bristle brush slightly dampened with 1-50 gasoline and blow with compressed air at a pressure of 4-2 atm. Connect and safety the plug connectors.</p>	5-70 gasoline, hair brush.

Nos.	Operations Performed	Tools, materials
3.	Remove the end cap from the MM-3A rear end housing assembly and take out the brushes from the brush holders. Inspect the commutator surface. If the commutator is burr, wipe it with clean rags slightly dampened with 1-70 gasoline and clean the commutator with 100 sand paper. Measure the inverter brushes length. Brushes worn to 10 mm. or less must be replaced with new ones. Insert the brushes in the brush holders.	1-70 gasoline Rags "00" sand paper.
4.	Close the inverter rear end housing assembly with the end cap.	
4.	Perform the operations outlined in step 3 on the other MM-3A inverter, incorporated in the autopilot set.	
5.	Check the autopilot units and set as specified in paragraph 12 - when storing the MM-3B autopilot installed in the "A" missile. Paragraph 12 - when storing the MM-3B autopilot after the units removed from the "KC" missile.	Test Instruments Set.
5.	Paragraph 12 - when storing the MM-3B autopilot in the packing cases.	

95

Nos.	Operations Performed	Devices, Tools, mate- rials
3.	Remove the end cap from the MI-24A rear end housing assembly and take out the brushes from the brush holders. Inspect tags "00" sand the commutator surface. If the commutator is burnt, wipe it with clean rags slightly dampened with 1-70 gasoline and clean the commutator with 1000 sand paper. Reseal the inverter brushes length. Brushes worn to 10 mm. or less must be replaced with new ones. Install the brushes in the brush holders.	Tool kit 1-70 gasoline. tags "00" sand paper.
4.	Close the inverter rear end housing assembly with the end caps.	
4.	Perform the operations outlined in step 3 on the other MI-24A inverter, incorporated in the autopilot set.	
5.	Clean the autopilot units and tools as specified in paragraph 12 - when storing the MI-24B autopilot installed in the "K" missile. paragraph 13 - when storing the MI-24 autopilot units when removed from the "K" missile.	Test in- struments
5.	Perform paragraph 13 - when storing the MI-24 autopilot in the packing cases.	

Nos.	Operations Performed	Devices, Tools, mate- rials
3.	Remove the end cap from the "AM-1A" rear end housing assembly and take out the brushes from the brush holders. Inspect the commutator surface. If the commutator is burnt, wipe it with clean rags slightly dampened with 1070 gasoline and clean the commutator with "00" sand paper. Measure the inverter brushes length. Brushes worn to 1.5 mm. or less must be replaced with new ones. Insert the brushes in the brush holders.	wool bit 1070 gasoline. Rags "00" sand paper.
4.	Close the inverter rear end housing assembly with the end caps.	
4.	Perform the operations outlined in step 3 on the other "AM-1A" inverter, incorporated in the autopilot set.	
5.	Pack the autopilot units and set as specified in paragraph 10 - when storing the AGM-5B autopilot assembly in the "HGM" missile. Paragraph 10 - when storing the AGM-5B autopilot when units removed from the "HGM" missile.	Test in- struments
5.	Paragraph 10 - when storing the AGM-5B autopilot in the packing cases.	parts

Nos.	Operations Performed	Devices, Tools, mate- rials
3.	Remove the end cap from the UAP-10A rear end housing assembly and take out the brushes from the brush holders. Inspect the commutator surface. If the commutator is burnt, wipe it with clean rags slightly dampened with E-70 gasoline and clean the commutator with "00" sand paper. Measure the inverter brushes length. Brushes worn to 10 mm. or less must be replaced with new ones. Install the brushes in the brush holders. Close the inverter rear end housing assembly with the end cap.	Tool Kit E-70 gasoline. Rags "00" sand paper.
4.	Perform the operations outlined in step 3 on the other UAP-10A inverter, incorporated in the autopilot set.	
5.	Check the autopilot units and set as specified in: paragraph 12 - when storing the ALG-5B autopilot installed in the "KC" missile. paragraph 13 - when storing the ALG-5B autopilot with some units removed from the "KC" missile. paragraph 14 - when storing the ALG-5B autopilot in the packing cases.	Test In- struments set.

Nos.	Operations Performed	Devices, Tools, materials
3.	Remove the end cap from the HAP-TGA rear end housing assembly and take out the brushes from the brush holders. Inspect the commutator surface. If the commutator is burnt, wipe it with clean rags slightly dampened with E-70 gasoline and clean the commutator with "00" sand paper. Measure the inverter brushes length. Brushes worn to 10 mm. or less must be replaced with new ones. Install the brushes in the brush holders. Close the inverter rear end housing assembly with the end cap.	Tool Kit E-70 gasoline. Rags "00" sand paper.
4.	Perform the operations outlined in step 3 on the other HAP-TGA inverter, incorporated in the autopilot set.	
5.	Check the autopilot units and set as specified in: paragraph 12 - when storing the AIIK-5B autopilot installed in the "KC" missile. paragraph 13 - when storing the AIIK-5B autopilot with some units removed from the "KC" missile. paragraph 14 - when storing the AIIK-5B autopilot in the packing cases.	Test Instruments set.

Nos.	Operations Performed	Devices, Tools, materials
3.	Remove the end cap from the IAP-1A rear end housing assembly and take out the brushes from the brush holders. Inspect the commutator surface. If the commutator is burnt, wipe it with clean rags slightly dampened with E-70 gasoline and clean the commutator with "00" sand paper. Measure the inverter brushes length. Brushes worn to 10 mm. or less must be replaced with new ones. Install the brushes in the brush holders. Close the inverter rear end housing assembly with the end cap.	Tool kit E-70 gasoline. Rags "00" sand paper.
4.	Perform the operations outlined in step 3 on the other IAP-1A inverter, incorporated in the autopilot set.	
5.	Check the autopilot units and set as specified in: paragraph 12 - when storing the AIIK-5B autopilot installed in the "KC" missile. paragraph 13 - when storing the AIIK-5B autopilot with some units removed from the "KC" missile. paragraph 14 - when storing the AIIK-5B autopilot in the packing cases.	Test Instruments Set.

Operations Performed

1. Remove the end cap from the IMP-75A inverter rear end housing assembly and remove the two retaining screws. Remove the inverter rear end housing assembly from the autopilot set. Inspect the rear end housing assembly for damage and measure the distance between the two retaining screws. Measure the distance between the two retaining screws again. If the distance has increased by 10 mm, or more, the rear end housing assembly must be replaced with new parts. Inspect the brushes in the brush holder.

2. Clean the inverter rear end housing assembly with the end cap.

3. Perform the operations outlined in step 3 on the other IMP-75A inverter, incorporated in the autopilot set.

4. Check the autopilot units and set as specified in:

paragraph 12 - when storing the <u>AIK-5B</u> autopilot installed in the "KC" missile.	Test Instruments Set.
paragraph 13 - when storing the AIK-5B autopilot with some units removed from the "KC" missile.	
paragraph 14 - when storing the AIK-5B autopilot in the packing cases.	

Nos.	Operations Performed	Devices, Tools, mate- rials
3.	Remove the end cap from the HAR-1QA rear end housing assembly and take out the brushes from the brush holders. Inspect the commutator surface. If the commutator is burnt, wipe it with clean rags slightly dampened with E-70 gasoline and clean the commutator with "00" sand paper. Measure the inverter brushes length. Brushes worn to 10 mm. or less must be replaced with new ones. Install the brushes in the brush holders.	Tool kit E-70 gasoline. Rags "00" sand paper.
4.	Close the inverter rear end housing assembly with the end cap.	
4.	Perform the operations outlined in step 3 on the other HAR-1QA inverter, incorporated in the autopilot set.	
5.	Check the autopilot units and set as specified in: paragraph 12 - when storing the AIK-5B autopilot installed in the "KC" missile. paragraph 13 - when storing the AIK-5B autopilot with some units removed from the "KC" missile. paragraph 14 - when storing the AIK-5B autopilot in the packing cases.	Test In- struments Set.

Nos.	Operations Performed	Devices, Tools, materials
3.	Remove the end cap from the IAP-14A rear end housing assembly and take out the brushes from the brush holders. Inspect the commutator surface. If the commutator is burnt, wipe it with clean rags slightly dampened with E-70 gasoline and clean the commutator with "00" sand paper. Measure the inverter brushes length. Brushes worn to 10 mm. or less must be replaced with new ones. Install the brushes in the brush holders.	Tool Kit E-70 gasoline. Rags "00" sand paper.
	Close the inverter rear end housing assembly with the end cap.	
4.	Perform the operations outlined in step 3 on the other IAP-14A inverter, incorporated in the autopilot set.	
5.	Check the autopilot units and set as specified in: paragraph 12 - when storing the AIR-5B autopilot installed in the "KC" missile. paragraph 13 - when storing the AIR-5B autopilot with some units removed from the "KC" missile. paragraph 14 - when storing the AIR-5B autopilot in the packing cases.	Test Instruments Set.

65

Devices, Tools Materials

Notes

6. *It is not the law, but the check which gives the*

Franklin's first book, *Political Arithmetic*, was published in 1732. It was a treatise on the mathematics of probability, and it was the first book on the subject to be published in the English language. It was written in a clear and concise style, and it was well received by the mathematical community. The book was a success, and it helped to establish Franklin as a leading figure in the field of mathematics.

Nos.	Operations Performed	Devices, tools, materials
1	a) rating surface by moving the slightly pressed brushie along the potentiometer winding turns. Clean two or three times; check the potentiometer cleanlines by means of a magnifying glass (M4) having a four-fold enlargement; when cleaning, change dirty brushies;	
2	b) Align current-carrying slip ring (silver) of the main synchro units potentiometer by cleaning slightly cleaned with rectified alcohol.	
3	c) When cleaning the potentiometer do not touch the brushes.	
4	d) Clean the main units and assemblies with brush and solvent:	
5	e) In null, arrange the gear assembly and rotate the gear housing clockwise to the stop;	wooden stick,
6	f) Carefully clean the slip ring surface by means of a sharp (but not wide) emery cloth, of a stick made of thick wood (beech or bamboo preferable); check the surface for cleanliness by means of a magnifying glass (M4) having a four-fold enlargement;	hair brush,
		magnifying glass.

Nos. Operations Formulas

Loyalty, etc.
Security

c) remove slip ring from the slip ring assembly, if the ring is broken.

NOTE: when cleaning the slip ring, do not touch the brushes.

2. Clean the servo unit potentiometers as follows:

a) move the potentiometer wiper to one of the extreme positions by rotating the anti-parallel shafts (do not rotate the main drive shaft).

b) hold a clean, dry cloth against the wiper assembly and rotate the main drive shaft, causing the wiper to pass over the wiper assembly, and read the meter reading, marking the wiper position with a pencil.

c) repeat the same with a wiper assembly, but move the wiper assembly to the other extreme position, and read the meter reading, marking the wiper position with a pencil.

d) clean the wiper assembly with a clean cloth, and read the meter reading.

e) repeat the same, cleaning the wiper assembly, and read the meter reading.

f) repeat the same, cleaning the wiper assembly, and read the meter reading.

No.	Operations Performed	Devices, Tools, Materials
a)	manually unscrew the H-1 assembly and move the inner and outer gimbal rings so that the large and small cams operating surfaces are clearly seen.	
b)	tuck in a sharp end of a wooden stick (2-3 mm. wide) a strip of chamois slightly suspended with rectified alcohol and wipe the cams, blade and trumpet operating surfaces.	wooden stick, strip of chamois, rectified al- cohol.
c)	perform the operations outlined in steps "a" and "b" on the H-2 assembly.	screwdriver, support, wooden stick, strip of chamois, recti- fied alco- hol.
d)	unscrew 4 screws retaining the H-1 assembly. Unscrew 6 hex-head screws to ching the H-1 assembly. Slightly lift the H-1 assembly and remove the H-1 assembly.	4 screws, 6 hex-head screws.
e)	install the H-2 assembly in place. Install the H-1 assembly on the support (plate, 100x175 mm.).	
f)	clean the H-2 assembly cams, blade and trumpet as indicated in steps "a" and "b".	
g)	slightly lift the H-2 assembly, install the H-1 and then H-1 assembly in place and secure them by attaching screws placing split washers under the screw heads.	

100

Nos.	Operations performed	Devices, tools, materials
------	----------------------	---------------------------

1.	Turn airplane, do not touch the propeller or engine and oil, fuel, hydraulic lines.	
----	---	--

7.	If corrosion is found on the outer surfaces of the aircraft having metal or varnished parts the process is followed:	
----	--	--

	1) Remove any material by abrasion. Cotton cloth, with oil, burn slightly, washed with kerosene.	gasoline
--	--	----------

	2) Remove corrosion products by hair brush.	air brush,
--	--	------------

	3) Remove corrosion products by hair brush,	air brush,
--	--	------------

	4) Remove the remains with a clean black nitro-	cloth.
--	--	--------

	5) Dip the treated area with a clean black nitro-	cloth.
--	--	--------

	6) Dry the aircraft using a clean nitro cloth and a hair brush.	cloth.
--	--	--------

8.	Turn airplane, do not touch the propeller, the surfaces of the aircraft, the static wimings, fuel tanks and tanks.	
----	---	--

	1) If corrosion is not considerable, burn slightly, oil on a sharp end of	cloth, tick,
--	--	--------------

	a wooden match, (a piece) a strip of wood.	oil.
--	---	------

	2) If corrosion is considerable, burn slightly, washed with kerosene and, use the kneeless wimings	gasoline.
--	--	-----------

	surfaces, by using the slightly treated kerosene along the treated wimings.	gasoline.
--	--	-----------

	3) Turn airplane, do not touch the propeller, the surfaces of the aircraft, the static wimings, fuel tanks and tanks.	
--	--	--

101

Nos.	Operations Performed	Services, Tools, Materials
------	----------------------	----------------------------

b) replace the rheostat, if
corrosion cannot be removed completely.

NOTICE: 1. It is also permissible to perform the operations
outlined in step 4, when performing every
monthly maintenance operations on the missile.
2. After accomplishing the operations described
in paragraphs 15, 16, the H-1 and H-2 units
must be closed with the covers and secured
with regard of the using organization. The
firm's plant guarantee will remain valid.

B U C T I O N V I I

AKH-5B AUTOPILOT MOUNT EQUIPMENT

21. AKH-5B AUTOPILOT MOUNT EQUIPMENT

1. The AKH-5B autopilot combined checkout in the AKH missile with the U-1 gyro unit removed from the missile and also the autopilot checkout on the test stand is performed by means of the test equipment set.

2. Check the AKH-5B autopilot installed in the AKH missile by means of the RAK ground test control panel.

3. The set of the test equipment (dwg.379.00.00.000) incorporates:

KTA-1 control panel - 1

KTA-2 mounting - 1

KTA-3 simulator - 2

KTA-4 junction box - 3

KTA-5 turn table - 1

Connecting cables - 1 set.

NOTE: When checking the AKH-5B autopilot installed in the missile, the KTA-3 simulator and KTA-4 junction boxes are not used.

The test equipment set is shown in fig.12.

The AKH-5B control panel (dwg.379.00.00.000) (dwg.379.00.00.000) is a portable control center of the autopilot, and is composed of the AKH-5B autopilot and KTA-1. The weight of the panel is not more than 15 kg.

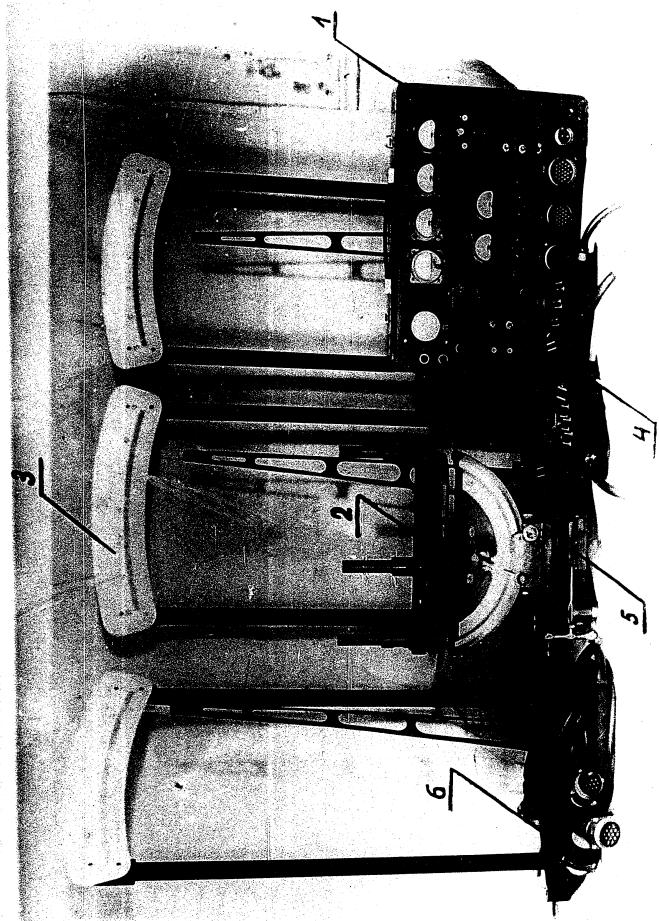


FIG.12. Test Equipment Set.
1. - KIA-1 control panel; 2 - KIA-2 mounting; 3 - KIA-3 simulator; 4 - KIA-4 junction box;
5 - KIA-5 turn table; 6 - connecting cables.

Shock-mounted to the control panel casing is the face panel carrying all the control panel electrical units and the clock showing the time during which the autopilot is energized. The clock is started by a special electromagnetic relay built-in the control panel which is actuated whenever the autopilot is energized.

The autopilot supplies D.C. power of 26 V to plug connector No.43 to feed the control panel circuits. The panel is provided with a special "POWER SELECTOR SWITCH" used to change the modes of the control panel functioning; with the "POWER SELECTOR SWITCH" in the "BOARD CHECK" position, the autopilot is checked via the board check plug connector, and with the switch in the "LK-17M SIMULATOR" position, the autopilot check is simulated by means of the LK-17M panel of the carrier-aircraft and with the switch in the "K-1" SIMULATOR" position a combined operation of the autopilot and K-1M station is simulated.

The KHA-I control panel schematic diagram is given in Fig.13.

The control panel operating temperature range:

- a) control panel with test instruments model EMU and EM-70 (dwg.3790100000) - 20°C to +50°C.
- b) control panel with test instruments model KB-2 (dwg. 3370000000) - 35°C to +50°C.

NOTE: When operating at a temperature below zero do not use the clock of the panel (dwg.3790100000); when operating the panel (dwg.3370000000) close the "CLOCK HEAT" switch.

KTA-2 mounting (dwg.3790200000) is intended for attaching the H-2 gyro unit to the KTA-5 turn table. The H-2 gyro unit is secured on three steel posts screwed in the mounting base. The mounting attachment holes are displaced from the line of symmetry to shift the C.G. position of the H-2 gyro unit together with the mounting from the turn table axis of rotation when attaching the unit to the turn table.

This shift is made to prevent the turn table plays from affecting the accuracy of the turning angles measurement.

The mounting weight is not more than 8.5 kg.

KTA-3 simulators (dwg. 379.03.00.000) are designed to indicate the H-4 servo units outlet shafts turning angles when checking the autopilot on the stand.

The simulator scale is graduated from 0 to $\pm 15^\circ$. Each degree division is divided into 10 parts i.e. the scale division value is equal to 6 minutes of arc. The angles are indicated by the pointer attached to the outlet shaft of the H-4 servo unit to be checked. The simulator weight is not more than 7.2 kg.

KTA-4 junction boxes (dwg.379.04.00.000) are connected to the autopilot circuit when checking the autopilot on the stand to permit switching-on and checking of the H-4 servo units various control circuits. The junction box weight does not exceed 1 kg. The junction box schematic diagram is given in Fig.14.

KTA-5 turn table (dwg.379.05.00.000) is designed to set the H-2 gyro unit angle of turn about 3 mutually perpendicular axes. Angles of the table turn (see Fig.15):

1

1. The turn table is a precision unit. The surfaces of the turn table are maintained in operation by careful handling and periodic maintenance operations performed as follows:

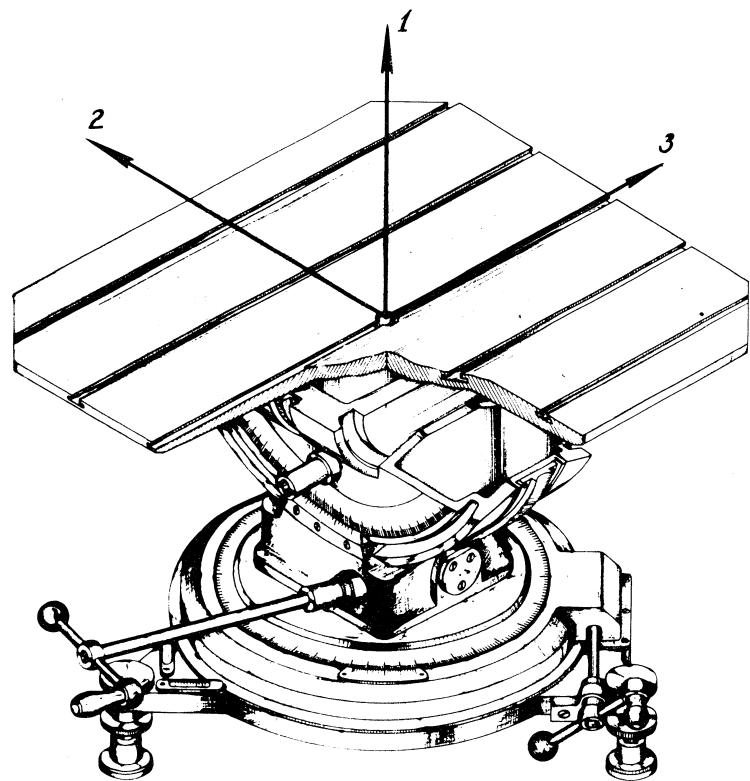
a) once a month thoroughly wipe (without disassembling) the frictional surfaces of the lower and upper semi-cylinders with a clean cloth or rags and then cover them with a light coating of OKO-12-7 lubricant;

b) adjust the angular play by means of eccentric bearings and locking screws.

The turn table weight is not more than 21 kg.

Connecting cables (dwg.379.06.00.300) are intended to connect the autopilot units when checking the autopilot on the stand and to connect the IL-2 gyro unit, removed from the missile, to the missile wiring system and KTA-1 control panel when checking the autopilot in the missile.

Incorporated in the test equipment set are 12 connecting cables and KTA-1 control panel power supply cable.



REAR • SIDE • TURN TABLE • SIDE VIEW

110

Fig. 16. ~~Ground Test Control Panel~~ (Rev. 77-100-00.000) is a portable metal case constructed of Fig. 16. The panel dimensions are 24.00x14.00x3.00 inches (height, width, and 302x253x76 mm (inner case).

The panel weight is approximately 15.00 lbs. (not including the panel housing, the test panel, equipment, or the electrical units).

The autopilot supplies 24, 115, or 26 V through power connector No. 41 to the autopilot unit's cockpit plug assembly to feed the test panel assembly.

The test panel schematic diagram is given in Figure 16.

Furnished with the ground test control panel are the connecting cables to connect it to the autopilot cockpit plug connector and power wiring, a connecting connector No. 42 (to simulate a combined operation of the autopilot and H-1X station).

The test panel operation equipment is numbered:

- a) panel with test instruments type T-301, -250° to +100°.
- b) panel with test instruments type T-321, -250° to +100°.

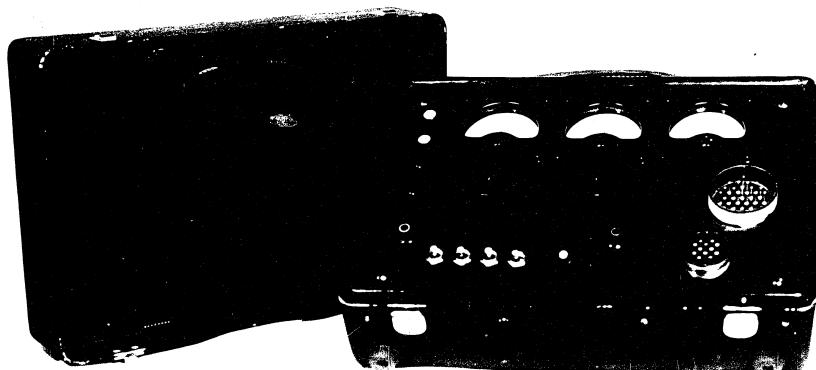


Fig. 16. ~~Ground Test Control Panel~~

THE IRK GROUND TEST CONTROL PANEL (Ref. No. 110-00, 00,000) is a portable metal case containing a (Ref. No. 167). The panel dimensions are 34.3 inches (length) by 16.7 (width) and 30.2x25.2x7.02 (inches (depth)).

The panel weight is not more than 10 lbs. when mounted to the panel easing in the face panel, instruments and the electrical units.

The automobile supplies 12.5 amperes 26.5 through plug connector No. 43 to the automobile power source. This is used to feed the test panel assembly.

The test panel assembly dimensions are given on figure.

Furnished with the panel test panel, face panel, two connecting cables to connect it to the automobile power source, plug connector and wiring, including a ground connection No. 12 (to simulate a mobile or ground station, including U-1M station).

The test panel operation requirements are:

- panel with test instruments as per Fig. 16, for operating.
- panel with test instruments as per Fig. 16, for operating.

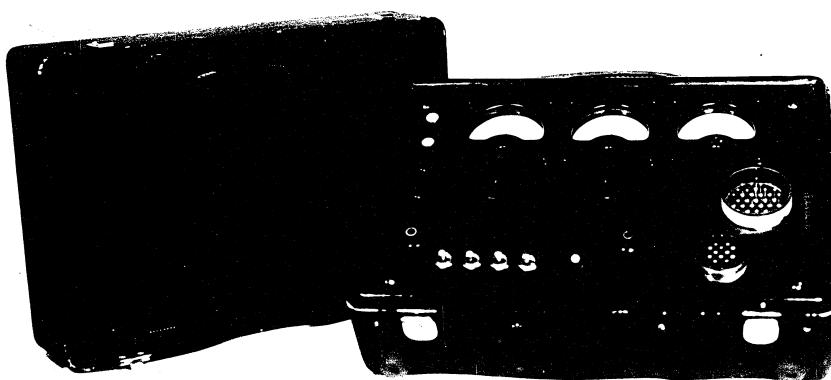
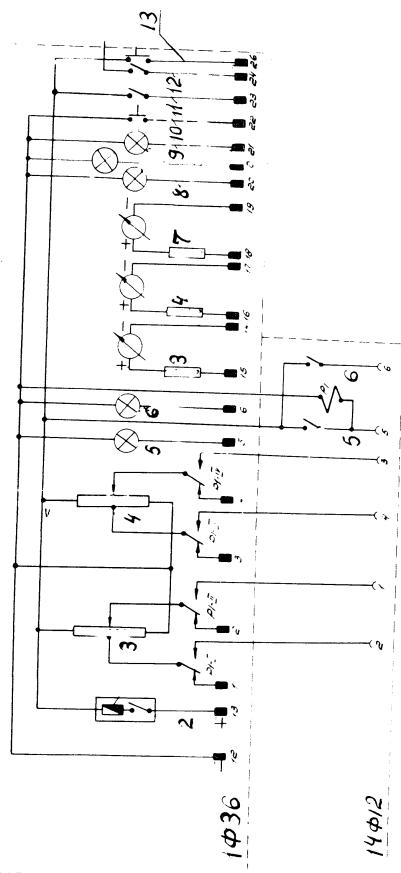


Fig. 16. IRK Ground Test Control Panel



- 1) Board check.
- 2) Power.
- 3) yaw.
- 4) pitch.
- 5) Command No. 1.
- 6) Command No. 2.
- 7) Roll.
- 8) base s zero.
- 9) Caged.
- 10) Imaging.
- 11) Check.
- 12) Emergency.
- 13) KFM unit simulator.
- 14) Control surface position indicators (1-0-1MA)

Fig. 16. *Diagram of ground test circuit for control panel*

6. The following are the basic operating features of the autorouter:

a) The autorouter is controlled by a microprocessor and has a digital display of the unitized assembly and digital and analog scaling for the unitized assembly. The autorouter has a self-diagnostic feature and can be programmed to automatically return to the factory set conditions.

b) The autorouter has a digital display of the unitized assembly and a digital display of the unitized assembly. The autorouter has a self-diagnostic feature and can be programmed to automatically return to the factory set conditions.

c) The autorouter has a digital display of the unitized assembly and a digital display of the unitized assembly. The autorouter has a self-diagnostic feature and can be programmed to automatically return to the factory set conditions.

d) The autorouter has a digital display of the unitized assembly and a digital display of the unitized assembly. The autorouter has a self-diagnostic feature and can be programmed to automatically return to the factory set conditions.

e) The autorouter has a digital display of the unitized assembly and a digital display of the unitized assembly. The autorouter has a self-diagnostic feature and can be programmed to automatically return to the factory set conditions.

f) The autorouter has a digital display of the unitized assembly and a digital display of the unitized assembly. The autorouter has a self-diagnostic feature and can be programmed to automatically return to the factory set conditions.

g) The autorouter has a digital display of the unitized assembly and a digital display of the unitized assembly. The autorouter has a self-diagnostic feature and can be programmed to automatically return to the factory set conditions.

The K-1 panel schematic diagram is shown in Figure 1.

Furnished with the K-1 panel is a lead cable assembly to connect the panel to the unitized assembly.

The K-1 panel operation temperature is:

- a) panel with test instruments type 100-1000
- b) panel with test instruments type 100-1000

112

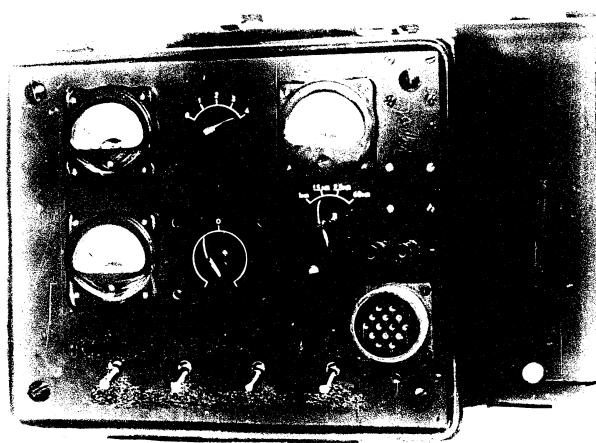
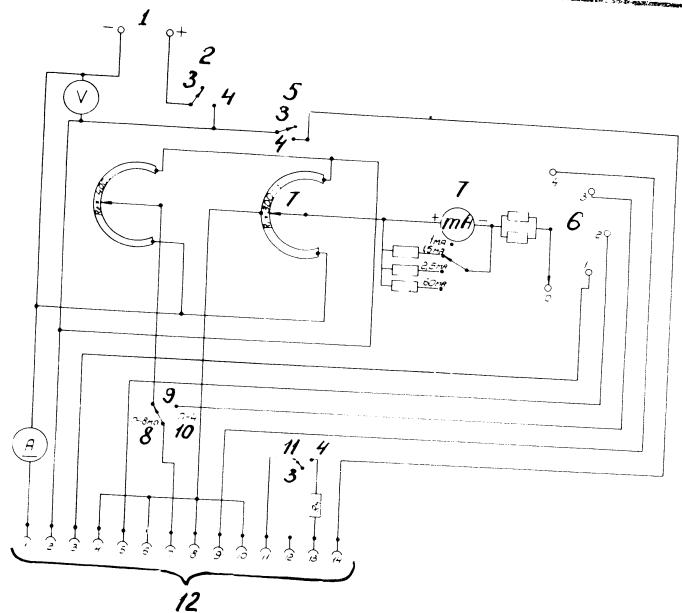


Fig. 10. KL-1 Control Panel

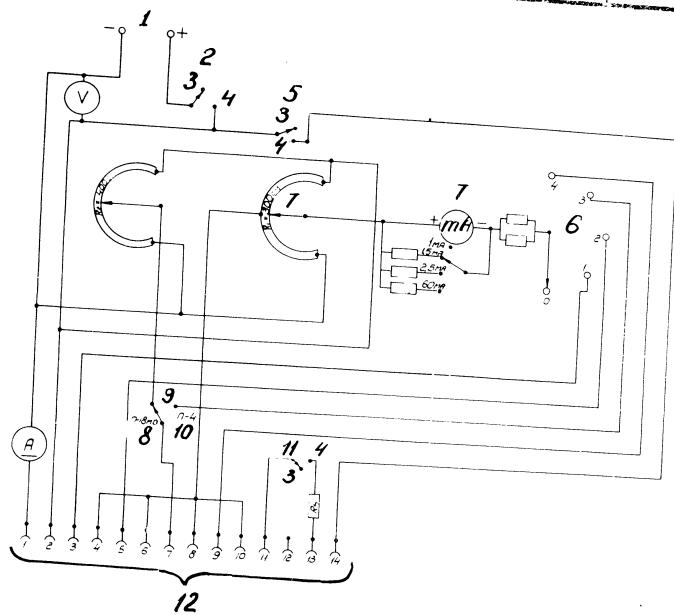


- 1) Power 26 V.
- 2) Power.
- 3) Off
- 4) On
- 5) 17-18MO start
- 6) Winding selector switch
- 7) Signal
- 8) 17-18MO timer
- 9) Panel
- 10) 17-4 38140 unit
- 11) Feedback
- 12) Receptacle
- 13) Key to diagram

A - D.C. ammeter with the scale range of 0-10 A,
2.5 degree of precision

V - D.C. voltmeter with the scale range of 0-30 V,
3.5 degree of precision

MA - milliammeter model M5-2 with the scale range
of 1-0-1 with W_1 , W_2 , W_3 shunts connected, the
scales are respectively 1.5-0-150, 2.5-0-2.5, 60-0-60



- 1) Power 26 V.
- 2) Power.
- 3) Off
- 4) On
- 5) 17-18MO start
- 6) Winding selector switch
- 7) Signal
- 8) 17-18MO timer
- 9) Panel.
- 10) 17-4 SERVO UNIT
- 11) Feedback.
- 12) Receptacle.
- 13) Key to diagram

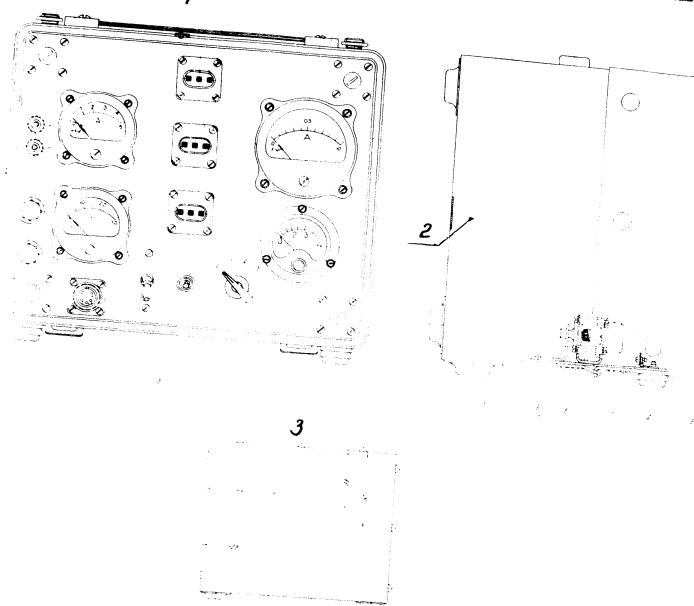
A - D.C. ammeter with the scale range of 0-10 A,
2.5 degree of precision

V - D.C. voltmeter with the scale range of 0-30 V,
3.5 degree of precision

MA - milliammeter model M5-2 with the scale range
of 1-0-1 with W_1 , W_2 , W_3 shunts connected, the
scales are respectively 1.5-0-1.5, 2.5-0-2.5, 60-0-60.

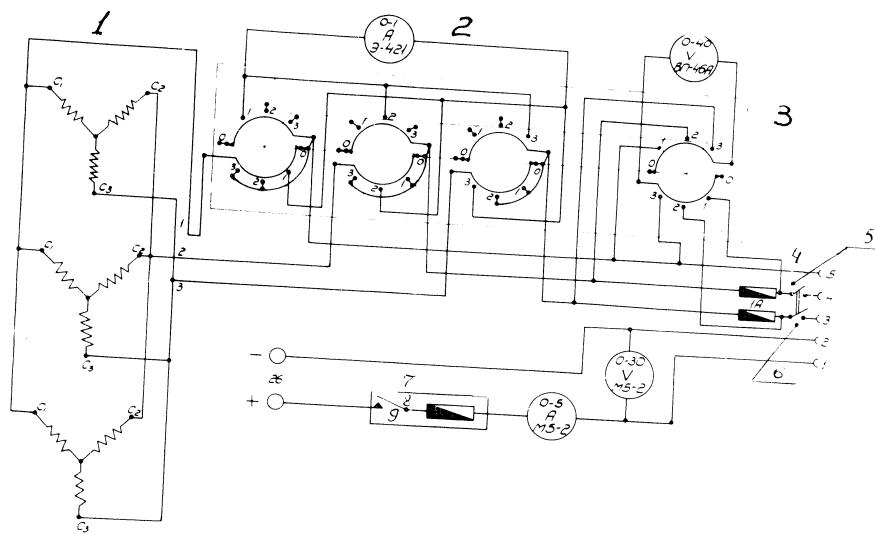
Fig. 12. IN-1 Control Panel schematic diagram.

115

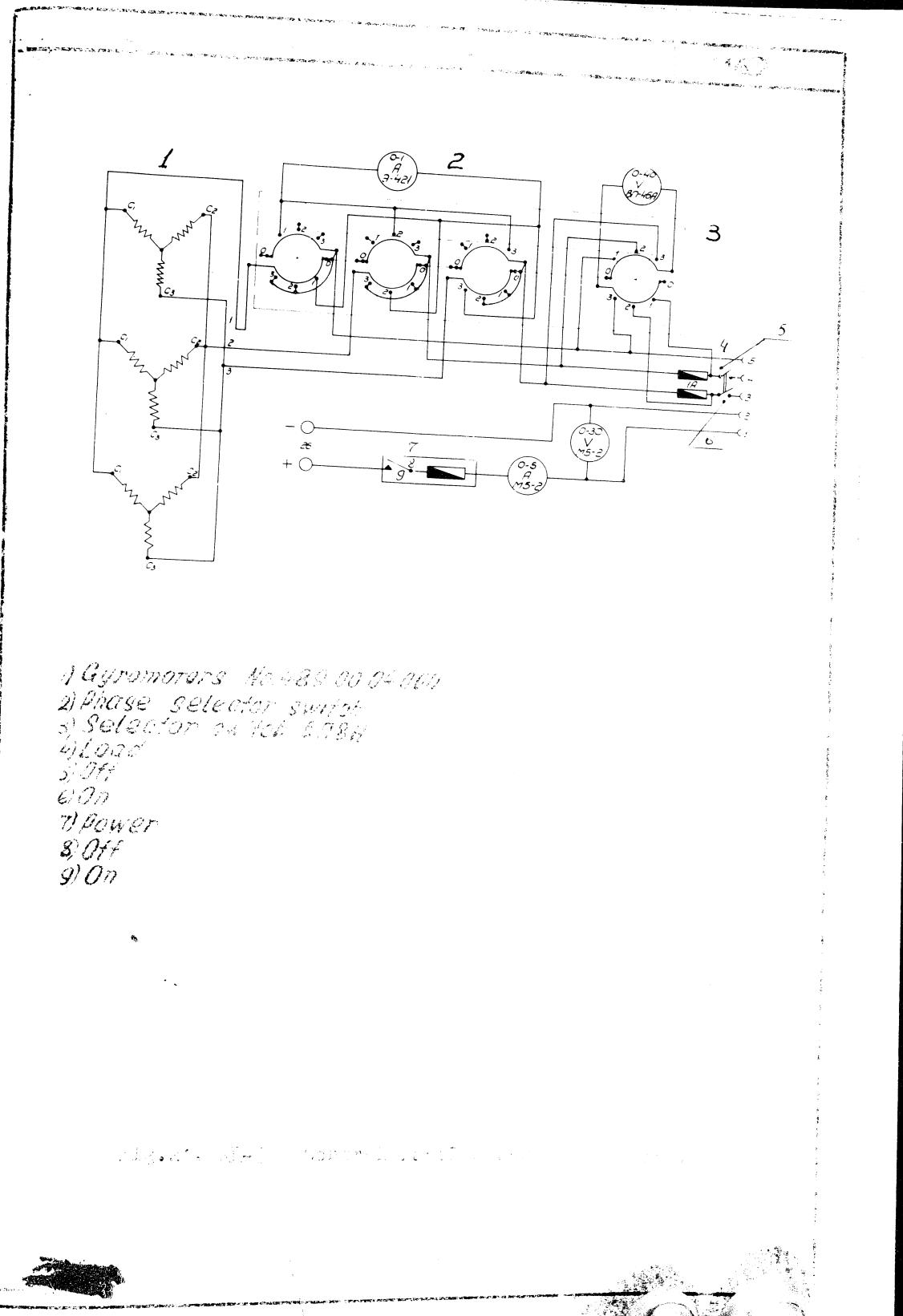


- 1) View without protective cover (5) and cover (2)
- 2) Inspection Department stamp here
- 3) View on arrow A, Scale 1:2

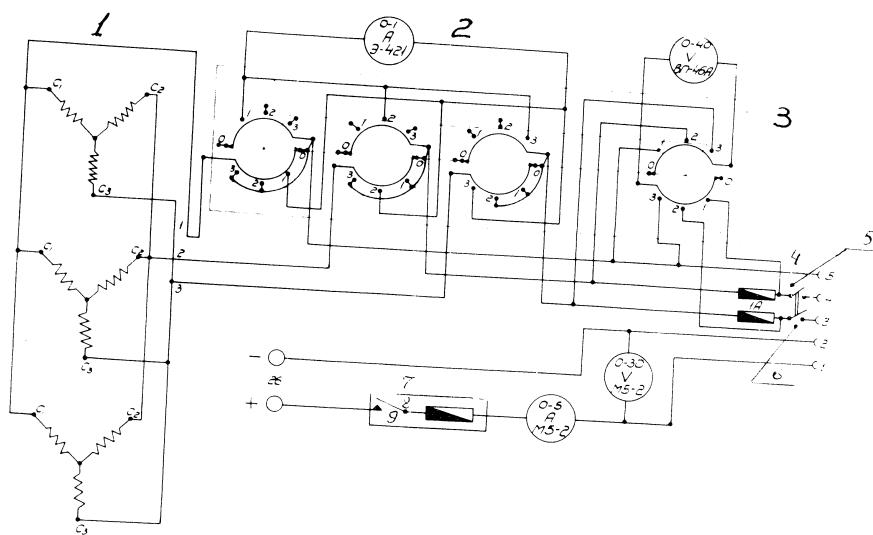
Fig. 20. KU-5 Control Panel



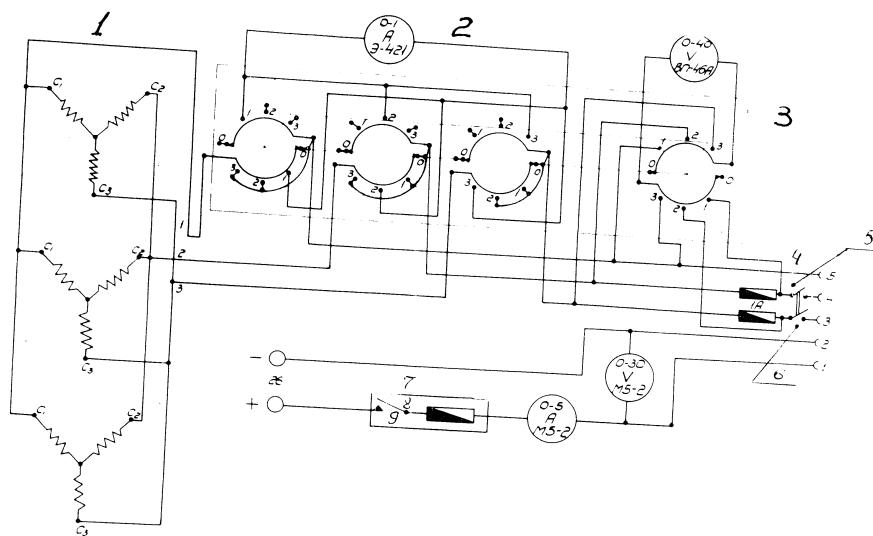
1) Gyromotors No. 489 80 G-060
 2) Phase selector switch
 3) Selector switch S-788
 4) Load
 5) Off
 6) On
 7) Power
 8) Off
 9) On



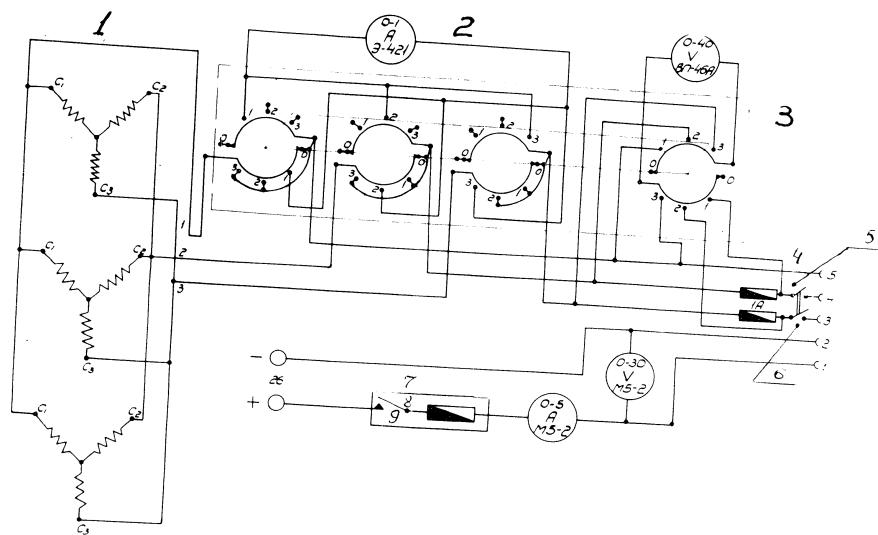
- 1 Gyrometers Aic 489 00 04 062
- 2 Phase Selector switch
- 3 Selector switch Aic 5786
- 4 Power
- 5 Off
- 6 On
- 7 Power
- 8 Off
- 9 On



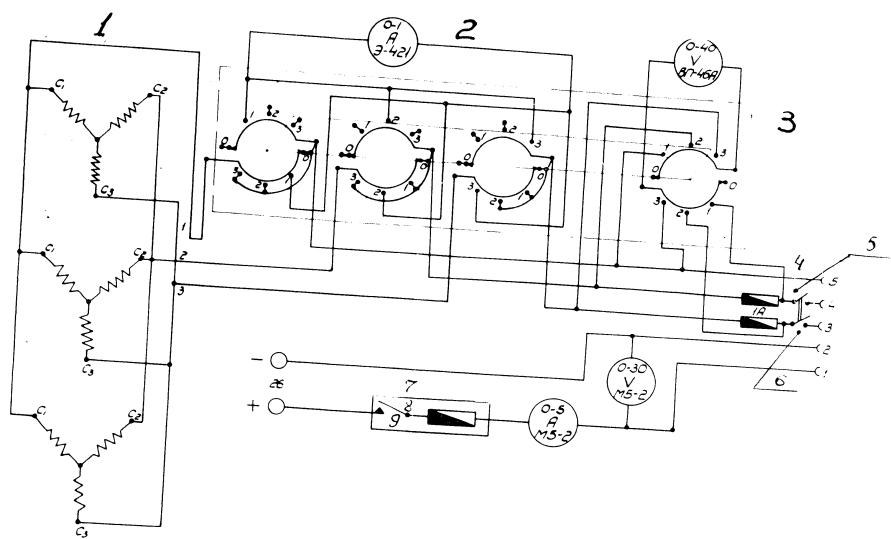
- 1) Gyromotors No. 489 30 06 069
- 2) Phase selector switch
- 3) Selector switch 5786
- 4) 1000
- 5) Off
- 6) On
- 7) Power
- 8) Off
- 9) On



- 1) Gyromotors № 489 00 04 000
- 2) Phase selector switch
- 3) Selector switch 5.78H
- 4) 1000
- 5) Off
- 6) On
- 7) Power
- 8) Off
- 9) On



- 1) Gyromotors No.489 00 04 000
- 2) Phase selector switch
- 3) Selector switch 578A
- 4) LOOG
- 5) OFF
- 6) ON
- 7) POWER
- 8) OFF
- 9) ON



- 1) Gyromotors No. 489 00.04.000
- 2) Phase selector switch
- 3) Selector switch 5178H
- 4) Load
- 5) Off
- 6) On
- 7) Power
- 8) Off
- 9) On

Fig. 21. KF-5 Control Panel Schematic Diagram.

LE PETRO

1000

9

14

Jan 10/4

1. Test of the 1000 ft. deep well

1.1. Test of the 1000 ft. deep well was conducted on 10 January 1964.

1.2. Test of the 1000 ft. deep well was conducted on 10 January 1964.

1.3. Test of the 1000 ft. deep well was conducted on 10 January 1964.

1.4. Test of the 1000 ft. deep well

1.5. Test of the 1000 ft. deep well was conducted on 10 January 1964.

1.6. Test of the 1000 ft. deep well

1.7. Test of the 1000 ft. deep well was conducted on 10 January 1964.

1.8. Test of the 1000 ft. deep well

1.9. Test of the 1000 ft. deep well was conducted on 10 January 1964.

1.10. Test of the 1000 ft. deep well

a) Setting of the 1000 ft. deep wellb) Setting of the 1000 ft. deep well

1000

c) Setting of the 1000 ft. deep well

1.11. Test of the 1000 ft. deep well was conducted on 10 January 1964 and the results of the test are as follows: The 1000 ft. deep well was set beyond the bottom of the well and remained at the bottom of the well.

1.12. Test of the 1000 ft. deep well was conducted on 10 January 1964 and the results of the test are as follows: The 1000 ft. deep well was set beyond the bottom of the well and remained at the bottom of the well.

1.13. Test of the 1000 ft. deep well was conducted on 10 January 1964 and the results of the test are as follows: The 1000 ft. deep well was set beyond the bottom of the well and remained at the bottom of the well.

1.14. Test of the 1000 ft. deep well was conducted on 10 January 1964 and the results of the test are as follows: The 1000 ft. deep well was set beyond the bottom of the well and remained at the bottom of the well.

1.15. Test of the 1000 ft. deep well was conducted on 10 January 1964 and the results of the test are as follows: The 1000 ft. deep well was set beyond the bottom of the well and remained at the bottom of the well.

1.16. Test of the 1000 ft. deep well was conducted on 10 January 1964 and the results of the test are as follows: The 1000 ft. deep well was set beyond the bottom of the well and remained at the bottom of the well.

- 4 -

4 in 14

d) that a maximum error of the command initiating up to the minimum A.G.C. voltage, is no more than $\pm 5\%$ of the established value;

e) when the command initiating command is at point α for -45 dbm, the command to initiate the autopilot "AII - K-2B-1" under conditions, which are listed in the table 6.1.

Table 6.1.

Distance between mother-ship and missile	Angle of missile deviation from target direction	Initial missile deviation from target direction
10 km	25°	0.0 km
30 km	11°	0.45 km
55 km	6°	0.42 km
70 km	5°	0.37 km

b. Unit dimensions: $170 \times 170 \times 170$ mm³

c. Unit weight: 1.2 kg/m

3. The elementary linkage description

The unit "OJ-KO-1" is a relay device, which gives away the execution command (+27 v) for missile "KO" self-destroying to the autopilot elevation driver when the Radar A-regime A.G.C. output voltage is less than a preestablished value. The A.G.C. goes through the plug-connection "III-20" pin N 9. When missile "KO" guidance is normal beam-riding, the A.G.C. output voltage, applied to the balanced network, cuts off the unit from

Unit	№ input	Нодальный параметр	Unit	№ input	Нодальный параметр	Разраб.
Ф. X/a						

卷之三

June 5, 1946, 10:14

the "KG" control devices by means of the ring 17, which is placed in the balanced antenna dipole. In the other case, when the field energy is taken from the dipole which initiates the antenna, the ring 17 is used to connect the dipole to the balanced antenna.

The missile-borne power relay R_{27} is held through the closed relay R_{41} contacts to the intermediate relay R_{44} , which de-energizes the control relay R_{43} , and with it disconnects the unit from the control circuit of the

卷之三

Рез. Документ 6 | Лист 4

autoglass elevation driver. If the missile "KC" goes out from the earth's belt, the A.S.C. voltage starts decreasing.

When the horizontal load is small, necessary to hold the
vertical column in the vertical position, the 4130 is disconnected
from the horizontal support of the vertical column.

The present one has 25 and the previous 2072 combine values, instead of 4096 values. The open-loop error remains the same during the delay of receiving, except, when the operating level of the tube A_2 channel grid is

The relay K2 provides the unit "A" with a self-destructing command in the case, that the unit K1 has A.G.C. detector relay S1-73 is selective. That this fact takes place the unit A.G.C. gives away a voltage approximately equal to $-25 \pm 30\%$, the relay opens its contacts K 2 and K 3, $+130\text{v}$ is disconnected from the "memory" circuit and it will produce self-destructing command.

The resistor R6 is selected so, that the relay R2 operates, when the plug W20 pin N 5 voltage is equal to $20 \text{ V} \pm 2\text{V}$.

- 7 -

МК-1255
Рек. | Инв. 7 | Дект 14

The indicator 55 limits current flowing in the
currents deliver relay winding. The jack "P-1"
provides monitoring of relay P-1 releasing in checking
the unit's reliability.

дат	номер	номер	дата	наг	коэ	номер	номер	дата	прим	разраб

д. 14а

- 8 -

Date 3 DIRECTOR

II. The unit operational instruction

To General

When the units "COFFEE" is used it is necessary to:

- a) Set a necessary operating sensitivity of the unit.
- b) Connect the units into the line "A" and check the circuit.
- c) Turn on.

- a) Check the units connection, check the circuit diagram and the circuit assembly.

The circuit assembly is connected in accordance with the diagram.

In accordance with the circuit diagram

To General

- a) After connecting the units into the line "A" for the first time, do not turn on the unit until the "VACUUM" switch is closed. Then turn the power switch "P" and connect it to the units "VACUUM".

- b) Connect the two resistors "R1" and "R2" and change C + 200 pF to the jack "P" and to the ground.

- c) Switch on the radio "A", set an "A" input signal power equal to 400 mW.

- d) Turn the unit "COFFEE" potentiometer "P" (sensitivity) clockwise so that it will stop when it will be done. The voltmeter will indicate voltage at the jack "P-2".

- e) Turn slowly the potentiometer "P" back counter-clockwise until the jack "P-2" voltage disappears.

- f) Increase the signal power up to 400 mW; voltage must appear at the jack "P-2" in this case;

P-2

- g) At this moment the unit "COFFEE" is ready for use.

10

1964, 10 Aug 10

DIRECTORS

division indicates failure of the contact of the "drop" or "-27 V" networks.

- e) release the button "KOM. N T";
- f) set a signal power equal to -45 dBm; push the button "KOM. N T", wait 1000 sec., the unit must not produce the dive signal; release the button "KOM. N T";
- g) decrease the signal down to -45 dBm; push the button "KOM. T", 6 ± 2 sec. later the unit must produce the dive signal;
- h) switch off the device and see auto-off.

காலா நெடுங்காலா நெடுங்காலா நெடுங்காலா நெடுங்காலா

4. *On the basis of the above, the following recommendations are made:*

The most violent sufficient explosion is to be correlated with
fully with the complete oxygen dissociation on the ground.
In the air and before laying on lightning caused by the
explosion.

The questioning should be carried out in the following sequence:

- a) the unit is to be checked after overall complete system checkings;
- b) when the Radars K-1M and K-11M are switched on ~~and~~ and the Autopilot is switched on, the navigator-bombaimer ~~should~~ should push the board "DK-17M" button "command N I" and order "Attention! Switch off high voltage!" to the navigator-operator.

- 11 -

11/11/14

a) measure time interval between the Radar R-11M transalster switching off and the moment of the unit "AK-101A" dive signal appearance. When the unit is operating normally, the position of the board "OK-171" elevator indicator must deviate to the left at 9 ± 1 division in 6 ± 2 sec after the moment of the Radar R-11M transalster switching off.

b) measure time between "moment" № 3, the indicator "elevator" begins to move to the right and "moment" № 4, the indicator "elevator" begins to move to the left. The time between "moment" № 3 and "moment" № 4 must be approximately 10 sec.

3. ~~After the test, the unit must be cleaned.~~

3. The results of ~~the test~~ the following must be recorded:
a) the object "unit" in accordance with the object "unit" technical documentation.

b) the number of times the indicator "elevator" moves, during the ~~test~~ the ~~test~~ period.

4. The unit should be used in conditions of temperature, within 0° to +40°, relative humidity no more than 80 percent. Coverage of the unit together with solids, liquids and gaseous substances is prohibited.

5. All the units must be packed, using board boxes (drawing N.B. № 4-160-018). Boxes, containing units, should be ~~to~~ protected with a polychlorovinyl cover and stored in a packing case (drawing N.P.R. № 6-00) in fours in each case.

6. The unit must be stored in a dry, well-ventilated, shaded, and cool place.

7. The

- 12 -

FBI Junc 12 JUN 1974

6. Transportation of the units

1. The units are allowed to be transported in the above-mentioned packing.

a) by truck:

- max. distance 500 km at a speed no more than 30 km/hour (natural road) and at a speed of 40 km/hour (highway).

b) by rail, by water and by air:

- any distance.

7. Regulation works

1. Regulation works include:

- a) superficial examination,
- b) electrical parameter checking.

2. When the units СЛКС-1А are installed in the objects "KC", the regulation works are to be carried out simultaneously with the regulation works of the object "KC".

3. When the units СЛКС-1А are stored in storerooms the regulation works must be carried out monthly.

8. Manufacturer's guarantee

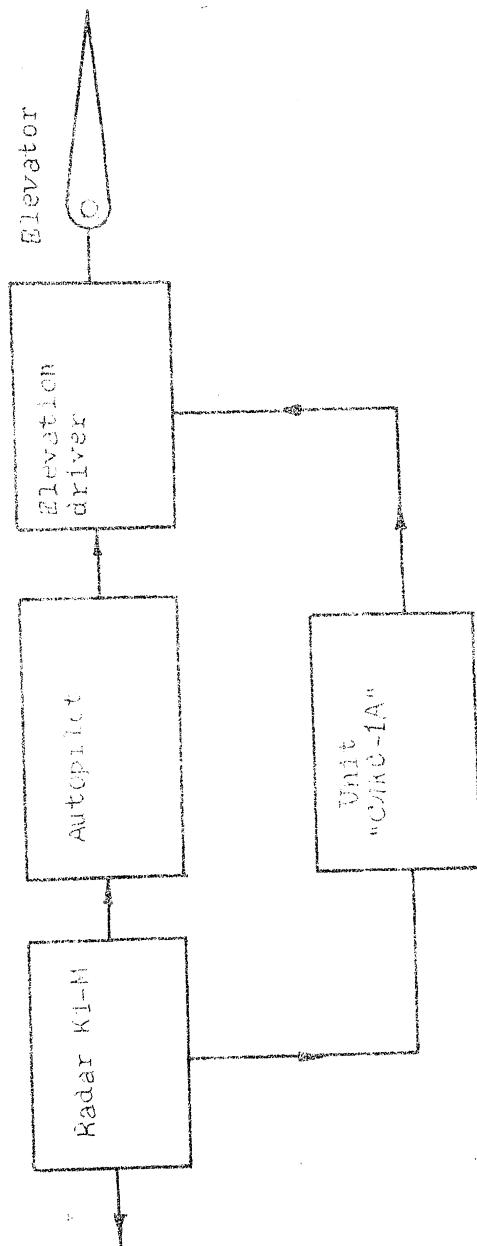
The manufacturer guarantees 1000 operational cycles during 12 months from the date of arrival in the port of destination.

Нр.	К-го	№ прик.	Подпись	Дата	Лат. изм.	Код	№ прик.	Подпись, дата	Разраб.
Ф. XVa									

- 13 -

Ред. 1 Лист 13 | Лист 14

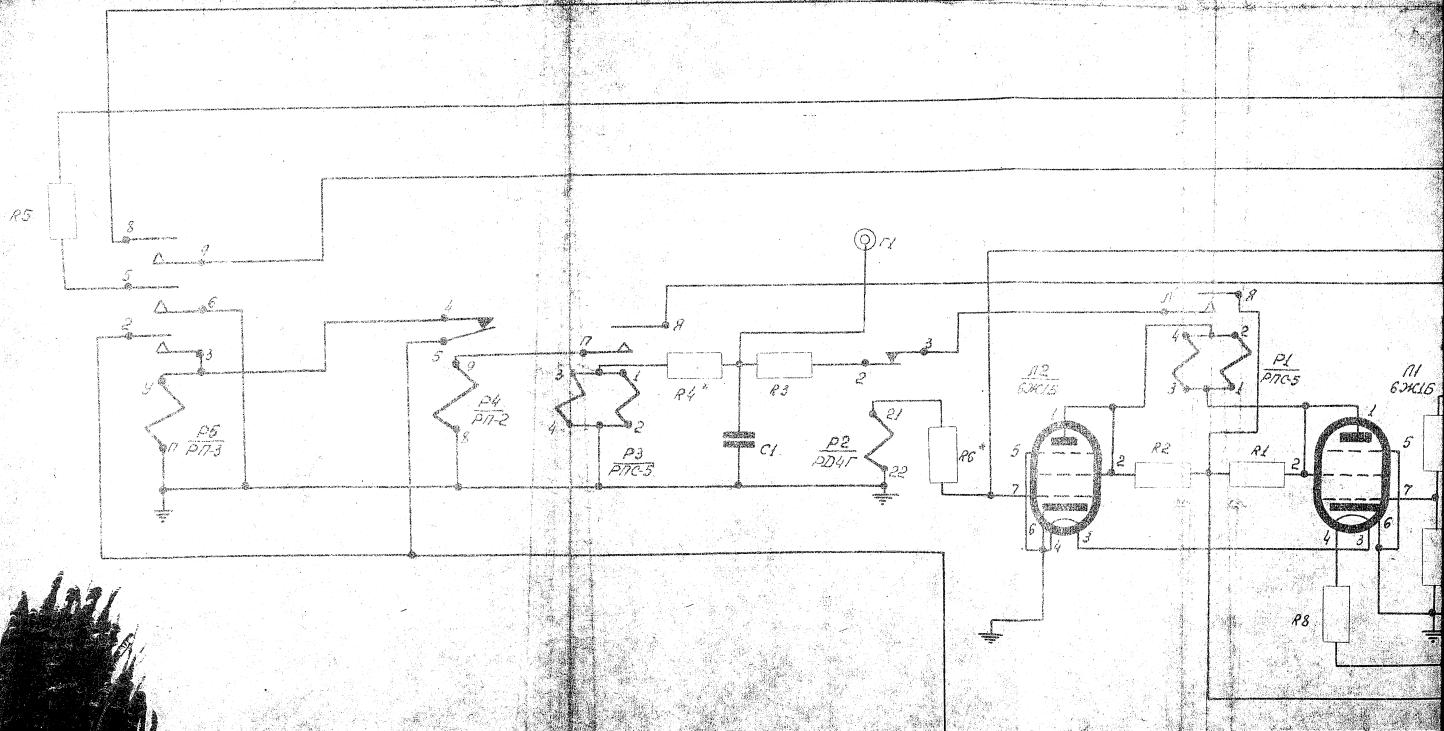
Appendix N 1



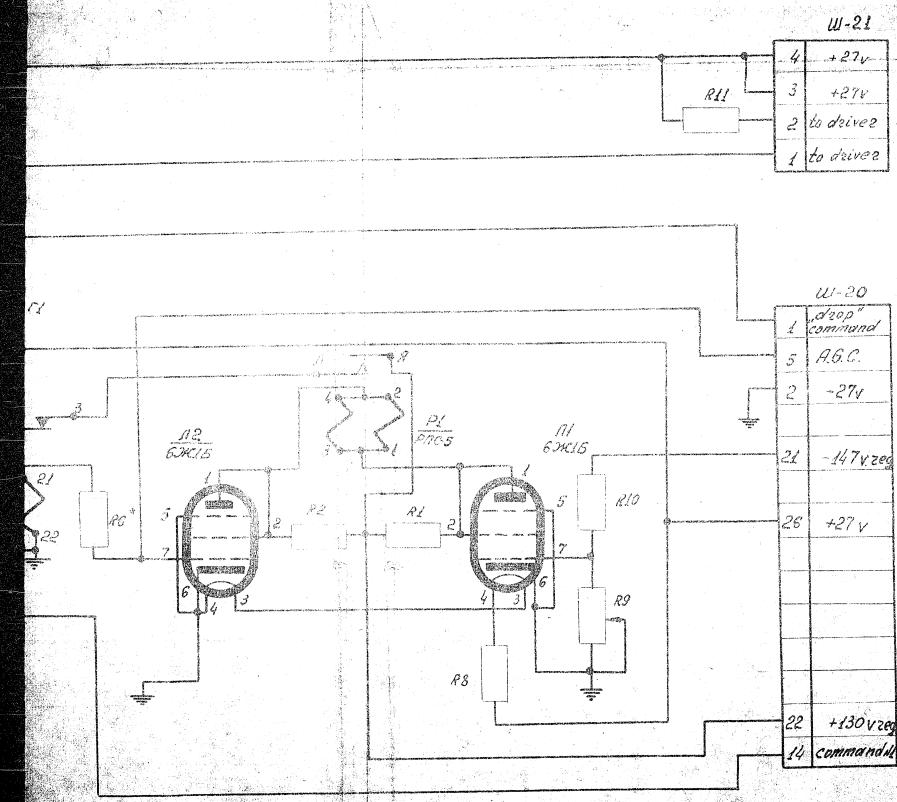
Ред. 1 Лист 13 | Лист 14 | Оригинал | Оригинал

К-во № прил.	Подпись	Дата	Инт. №	Код	№ прил.	Подпись	Дата	Проверил	Разраб.
--------------	---------	------	--------	-----	---------	---------	------	----------	---------

Ф. XVa

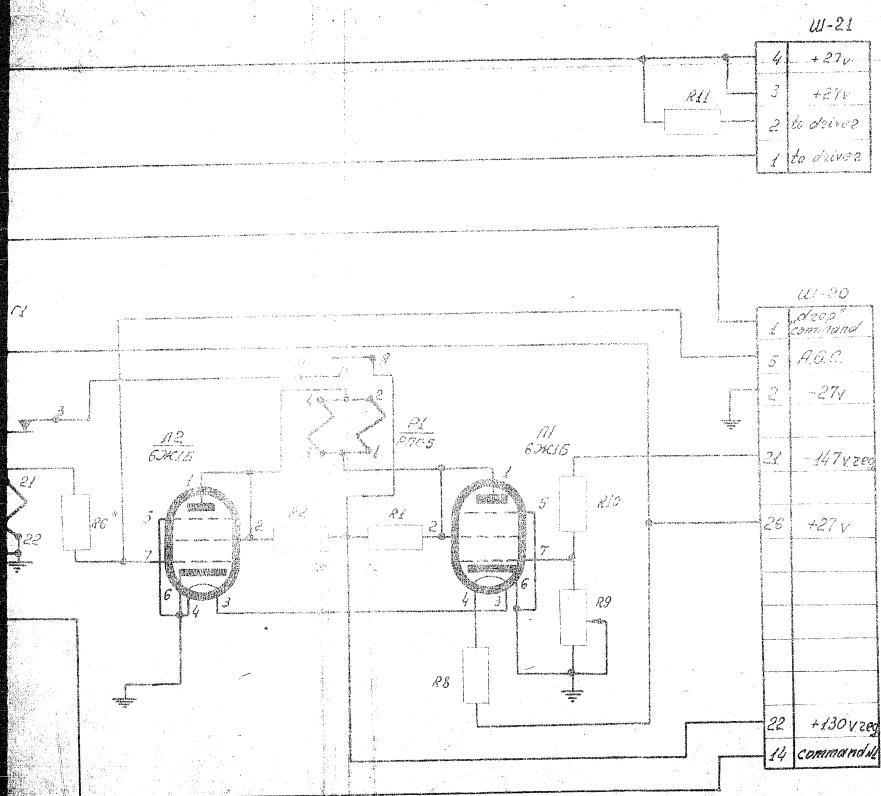


Appendix A2



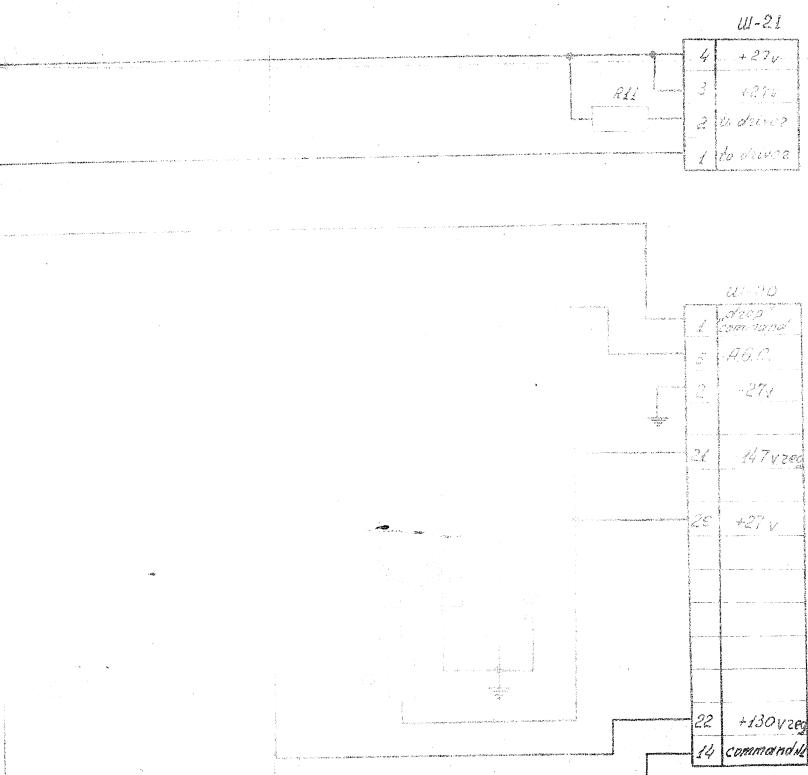
11	tube 6X15
12	tube 6X16
R1	resistor MFT-1-100000-2 100 Kohm
R2	2es1102 MFT-1-100000-1 100 Kohm
R3	2es1102 MFT-0.5-68000-2 6.8 Kohm
R4	2es1102 MFT-1-68000-2 51-91 Kohm
R5	2es1102 19B-10-240A-100 24 ohm
R6	2es1102 MFT-0.5-68000-2 6.8-12 Kohm
R8	2es1102 19B-10-750mW 75 ohm
R9	resistor 2es1102 11-100000-1 1000 ohm
R10	2es1102 MFT-1-300 ± 1% 30 Kohm
R11	resistor MFT-2-180-1 180 ohm
P1	relay PTC-5
P2	relay DMC-5
P3	relay PD45
P4	relay P1-2
P5	relay P1-3
W-21	socket WIP2024378
W-20	socket WIP4332614C
G1	monitoring jack
C1	capacitor 16122006253 25nF
Symbol	name and more

Appendix N2.



The unit CMC-19
elementary
diagram

Appendix $\sqrt{2}$

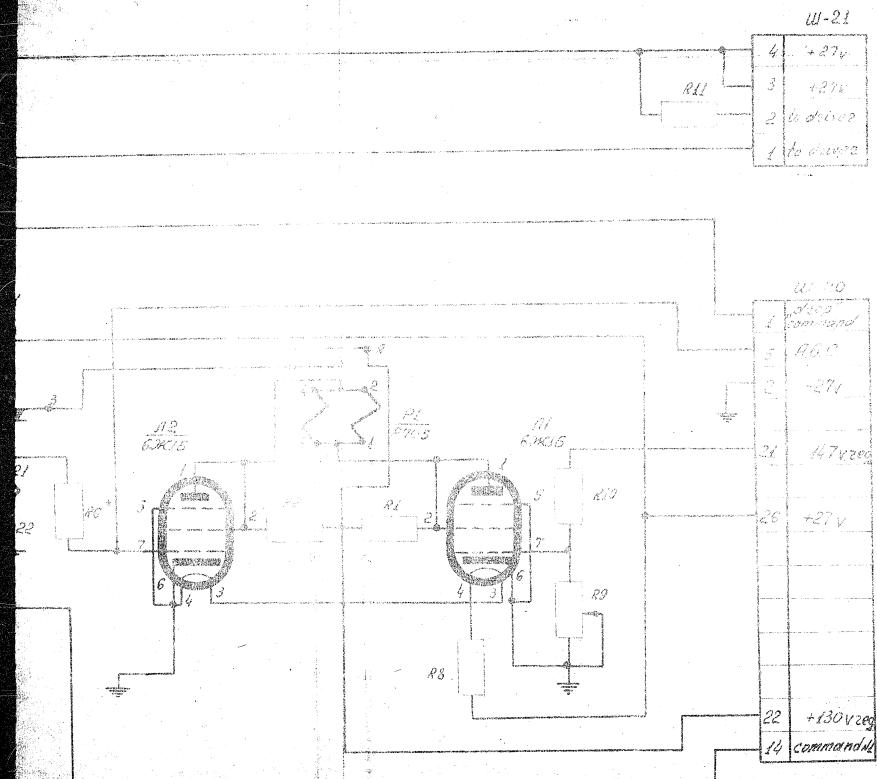


A1	cube	6X15
A2	cube	6X15
R1	resistor	8107-1-100000-0
R2	resistor	8105162M17-1-10000-0
R3	resistor	8105102M17-0.5-6800-0
R4	resistor	8105102M17-1-8100-0
R5	resistor	8105162R93-10-2400-100
R6	resistor	8105102M17-6-6800-0
R8	resistor	8105102R93-10-7500-100
R9	resistor	7773-11-1000 ohm
R10	resistor	8105102M17-1-30K ± 1%
R11	resistor	8105102M17-2-180-0
D1	diode	PN1C-5
D2	diode	PN1C-5
D3	relay	PD44
P4	relay	PN-2
P5	relay	PN-3
U-24	socket	WP2017457B
U1-20	socket	WP4832674E
F1	monitoring	jack
C1	capacitor	1517-2-200-6-250 25μF
Symbol	name and mark	

The unit CMCIA
elementary
diagram

- 14 -

Appendix N^o 2



A1	tube 6K15	
A2	tube 6K15	
R1	resistor MFT-1-100000-7	100 Kohm
R2	resistor MFT-1-10000-7	100 Kohm
R3	resistor MFT-25-6800-7	6.8 Kohm
R4	resistor MFT-1-6800-7	51-51 Kohm
R5	resistor 1738-10-2400-10	24 ohm
R6	resistor MFT-6-6800-7	68-12 Kohm
R7	resistor 1738-10-7500-10	75 ohm
R9	resistor MTA-11-1000-10	1000 ohm
R10	resistor MFT-1-300-1%	30 Kohm
R11	resistor MFT-2-180-7	180 ohm
P1	relay PTC-5	
P2	relay PTC-5	
P3	relay PDT-5	
P4	relay PTA-2	
P5	relay PTA-3	
U-21	socket WIP201047-8	
U-20	socket WIP483267-112	
I1	monitoring jack	
C1	capacitor MTA-2-200-6-250	25MF
Symbol	name and mark	

The unit CMC-1A
elementary
diagram

INVERTER MODEL ПАГ-1ФА
DESCRIPTION

1

INVERTER MODEL IAT-10A

DESCRIPTION

INVERTER, MODEL HAF-10A

DESCRIPTION

I. GENERAL

The HAF-10A inverter is designed for feeding special units with a three-phase 400 c.p.s. A.C. and represents a unit consisting of a D.C. motor with compound field winding and a three-phase A.C. generator excited by a rotor permanent magnet.

The inverter is provided with a special filter (see the diagram) used for suppressing the inverter radio-noise, the filter consists of three interlocking and one duct capacitors and a choke.

The inverter is connected to the missile electrical system by means of a five-pin plug connector.

The inverter is provided with a built-in adjusting resistor connected in the electric motor shunt winding circuit for maintaining the generator frequency and voltage constant at different ratings.

II. TECHNICAL DATA

A. FOR THE ELECTRIC MOTOR

1. Terminal voltage $27 \pm 10\%$ V
2. Current drawn not more than 3.5 A
3. No-load current at supply voltage of 27 V not more than 2.2 A

4. Speed of rotation $8000 \pm 10\%$ r.p.m.
 5. Duty continuous
 6. R.H. direction of rotation
 (as viewed from the commutator end)

B. FOR THE GENERATOR:

7. Voltage 36 ± 4 V
 8. Output current not more than 0.51 A
 9. Power factor 0.65
 10. Frequency $400 \pm 10\%$ c.p.s.

C. MFC-7 BRUSHES ("7" - a specific Mir's Mark)
 11. Size 6.5x7x14 mm.
 12. Quantity 2
 13. Tension on brushes 225 ± 25 gr

D. MAGNETO-TYPE BALLBEARINGS No. 6007... 2

E. Weight not more than 3.5 kg.

III. INVERTER ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

The inverter wiring schematic diagram is given in Fig.1.

IV. DESIGN

The inverter is provided with a fan-assisted cooling (Fig.2).

The iron laminations of the electric motor and generator stators are mounted in a common casing (1), cast integral with a support.

The electric motor armature and generator are mounted on a common shaft (2). The electric motor magnet system

rotor

Approved For Release 2011/02/07 : CIA-RDP82-00038R001400030001-4

s two-pole. The electric motor field coils windings (3) are connected in series.

The end of the series field winding is connected to the positive brush-holder.

The end of the shunt field winding is connected to the regulated adjusting resistor (12) located in the support.

The negative brush-holder wire is directly connected to the plug connector, and the common field winding end-to the plug connector (Fig.1) via the duct capacitor and the choke mounted on the end housing assembly (4).

The generator stator winding ends and electric motor filter wires are connected to the plug connector (6) through the holes in the end housing assembly.

The inverter plug connector pins designation corresponds to those in the schematic diagram (Fig.1).

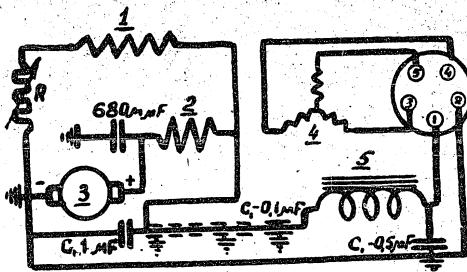
The adjusting resistor (12) mounted in the support is designed for adjusting the R.C. frequency with the inverter operating at a nominal load.

The position of the adjusting resistor slider in the electric motor shunt winding circuit is set at the Mfr's plant and is unchangeable during operation.

Mounted in the support beside the resistor, is the capacitor (11) connected in the filter circuit. The generator rotor is a permanent magnet made in the form of a six-pointed star.

Brushes are inserted in brass brush-holders mounted on the brush-holders bracket (7) which can be turned for adjustment purpose.

Two openings in the end housing assembly (5) covered with



- 1 Shunt.
- 2 Series.
- 3 Armature.
- 4 Generator.
- 5 Choke

Fig.1. Inverter Wiring Schematic Diagram

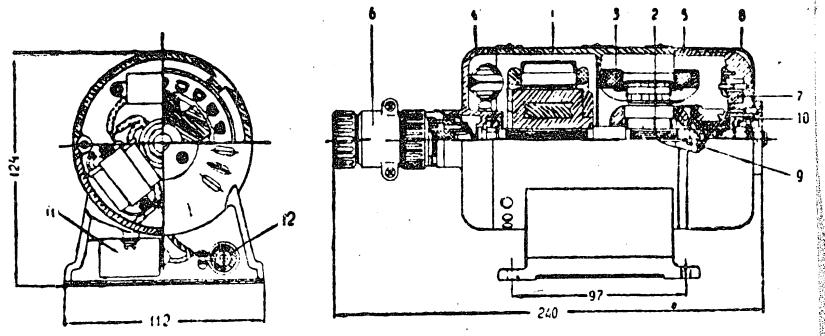


Fig.2. Inverter Cross-Section View

- 1 - Casing; 2 - shaft; 3 - field coil; 4 - end housing assembly; 5 - end housing assembly; 6 - plug connector; 7 - brush-holders bracket; 8 - end cap; 9 - stud; 10 - ball-bearing; 11 - capacitor; 12 - resistor.

the end cap (8) permit to inspect brushes with the end cap removed.

The end housing assemblies made of aluminium alloy are attached to the casing by two studs (9).

The armature is mounted on the magneto-type ball-bearings (10) which facilitate the inverter assembly and disassembly. The armature end play is compensated by four cylindrical springs producing an axial pressure on the ball-bearing outer race, from the commutator end.

v. INVERTER DISASSEMBLY AND RE-ASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

After the guaranteed service life has expired, disassemble the inverter when a trouble detected can't be remedied without disassembling the inverter and when it is necessary to replenish the ball-bearings lubricant.

If the generator rotor magnet was removed from the stator assembly it must be magnetized and stabilized at the Mfr's plant. The armature should not be removed from the inverter if unnecessary.

Disassemble the inverter as follows:

- a) Remove the end cap from the end housing assembly;
- b) Disconnect the brushes and pull them out of the brush-holders;
- c) Disconnect the field winding end from the brush-holder and disconnect the wire leading from the brush-holder to the plug connector;
- d) Release the studs;

- e) Disconnect the plug connector from the end housing assembly and unsolder the wires from the receptacle pins;
- f) Remove the end housing assembly (5) from the casing; move the end housing assembly (4) 20-30 mm. away from the casing, unsolder the wires from the capacitors and choke, and remove the end housing assembly; ^{out}
- g) Pull the armature of the casing from the generator end.

When pulling the armature out of the casing, tightly enclose the rotor in a steel tube to prevent the permanent magnet demagnetizing.

Re-assemble the inverter reversing the disassembly procedure. In this case do the following:

- a) Before re-assembling the inverter, wash the ball-bearings with clean gasoline. Pack the bearings with a limited quantity of UMATUM-201 lubricant; apply the lubricant only to one side of the ball-bearing so that the lubricant would be flush with the bearing ball;
- b) Insert the brushes into the brush-holders only after the inverter re-assembly is completed to prevent them from being damaged by the commutator butt.

Pay particular attention to proper fitness of the brushes to the commutator surface. Otherwise, fit the brushes to the commutator by using sandpaper 220 (TOCT 3647-47).

If the commutator is burnt, wipe it with a clean cloth slightly dampened with gasoline. Clean the commutator with sandpaper 220 (TOCT 3647-47).

- c) Lock all attachment parts in the same way as they were locked before disassembly.

After the inverter reassembly is completed, check the armature for free rotation turning it by hand.

When rotating, the armature must not contact the poles and the commutator-the brush-holders.

Stiff or unsmooth rotation of the armature may result from misalignments due to a poor re-assembly.

The inverter insulation is tested:

a) on the motor side - by applying 330 volts D.C. for 10 sec; in this case the electrical circuit must be disconnected from the casing by raising the negative brush and HEL-FOL-35-II resistor clamp;

Apply the test voltage as follows:
one pole - to the inverter casing, the other - to the plug connector contact "1";

b) On the generator end - by applying 500 volts A.C. for 1 min.

Connect the terminals of the power supply source as follows:

one - to the casing, the other - to one of the plug connector contacts "3", "4", "5".

Check the insulation resistance by using a corresponding megohmeter, connecting its terminals in the same way as they were connected when the insulation was tested.

In both cases the insulation resistance must be not less than 5 megohms.

VI. INVERTER INSTALLATION AND OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS

1. The inverter is installed in horizontal position, and attached by screws inserted through the support holes.

2. The inverter is designed for direct connection to the missile electrical system without any starting relays.

3. After the inverter is connected to the missile electrical system, fully tighten the plug connector coupling nut.

4. During the inverter service, periodically check its brushes and commutator for condition.

At normal operation the operating surface of the commutator is brown and not burnt.

If the commutator is burnt, clean the commutator as outlined in Section V.

Brushes worn by 10 mm. long or less must be replaced with the new ones of the same type.

The a.c. wires must be twisted inside the inverter and shielding conduits.

5. The inverter operates at:

a) Altitude above sea level.....up to 15000 m.

b) Ambient air temperature from -60°C to $+50^{\circ}\text{C}$.

c) Relative humidity up to 93%.

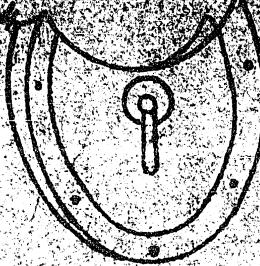
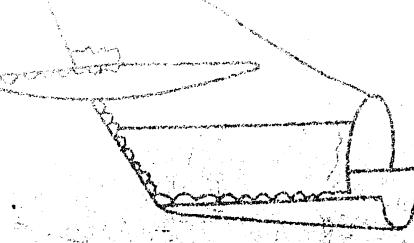
INVERTER MODEL ΠΑΓ-ΙΦΑ
DESCRIPTION

**ILLUSTRATED LIST
FOR SPI II**

ILLUSTRATED
LIST
FOR GROUND EQUIPMENT
AND INDIVIDUAL SET

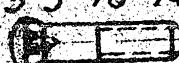
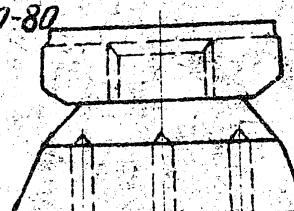
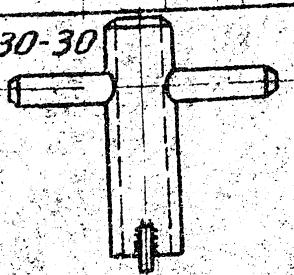
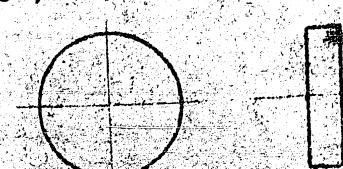
1:1

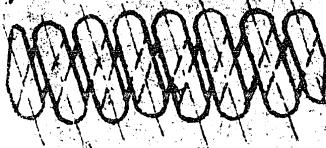
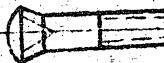
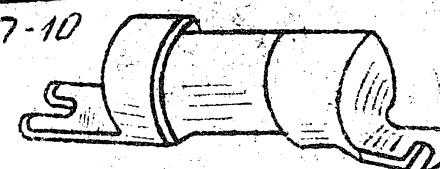
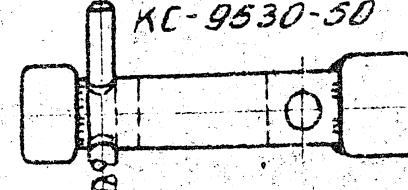
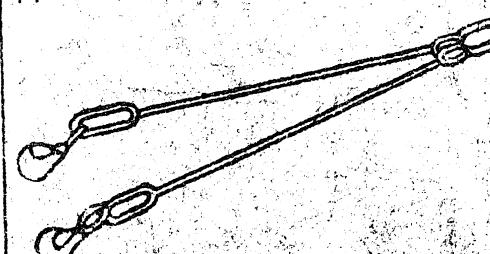
AIRCRAFT

Color - Grid COAT-0000000000000000	Code No.	Name
08K/004 		Front shield. 1 in set.
08K/015 		Rear shield. 1 in set.
KC-9710-0 	Front	Fuselage front 4 in set.
		Fuselage end. 1 in set.
KC-7106-1110 	1-1	Cradle bonding strip. 2 in set.

Detail and equipment No	Case No	Name
KC-9512-20	1-1 installed on item	Wing rod-support 2 in set
08KC/054A	1-1 installed on item	Cover for preservation of item "KC" 1 in set
	1-1	Cover for front and rear cover of engine 2 in set
KC-9310-0		Hangar trolley 1 in set
Apmukyt 4043		Documentation bag 1 in set
MA-500M	1-1	Convertor spare parts. 1 set.

Detail and equipment No	Case No	Name
MA-250N	1-1	Spare parts for convertor. 1 set.
K1-M	1-1	Spare parts for each radar station. 1 set.
KP-1	1-1	Starting coil spare parts. 1 set.
	1-1	Electrical actuator. 1 set.
630613	1-1	Stopvalve gaskets. 2 in set.
	1-1	Spare Brush. 4 in set.
K1-3-0-002	1-1	Wave guide section gasket. 5 in set.
	1-1	Brushes for electrical actuator. 2 in set.
	1-1	Spare parts for generator. 1 set.

Detail and equipment No	Case No	Name
		Illustrated List ground equipment 1 set.
	1-1	PCV Bag for cradle attachment bolts. 1 in set.
155H555-5-16-14 	1-1	Bolt for hatch attachment 20 in set.
15A49-6 	1-1	Spring washer 4 in set.
KC-7106-102 	1-1	Cradle attachment bolts. 2 in set.
KC-1800-80 	1-1	Nut for wing attachment 4 in set.
KC-9530-30 	1-1	Key for wing attachment. Supplied with each 2 items KC. 1 in set.
KC-7901-305bx 	1-1	Washer for wing pickups. 2 in set.

Detail and equipment No	Case No	Name
291050-2-19-150 	1-1	Spring for wing attachment. 2 in set.
155H555-6-16-12 	1-1	Bolt for hatch attachment. 50 in set.
17-10 	1-1	Delayed action fuse. 2 in set.
KC-6100-18 	1-1	Ring gasket for KC-6100-140 valve ring. 5 in set.
KC-9530-50 	1-1	Key for cradle rigid mount bolts. Supplied with each 3 items. 1 in set.
KC-8400-110 	1-1	Safety - Bar extractors. 1 set.
KC-6100-202 	1-1	Gasket for stop valve. 1 in set.
<u>Inspector</u>		

SUPPLEMENT TO INSTRUCTION No. 369-EN

INSTRUCTIONS

FOR CHECKING REFERENCE INSTRUMENTS ON PANELS

OF 369 IBM TEST EQUIPMENT

I. INTRODUCTION

This instruction is to be adhered to, when checking the reference instruments on the ~~MA-369~~ test equipment panels during their service and storage within the guaranteed service life. The checks are performed together with the periodic maintenance operations in accordance with this instruction.

II. GENERAL

The tests are to be carried out under the following conditions:

- a) at an ambient air temperature of $+20^{\circ}\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$;
- b) at an air pressure equal to the atmospheric pressure in the place of the test;
- c) at a relative air humidity of 30 to 80 per cent;
- d) the reference instruments should have valid certificates which certify their serviceability.

III. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS IN SERVICE AND STORAGE

The periodic maintenance operations consist in checking the test panels and are performed to determine their serviceability or possibility of their further storage and also to bring them into conformity with the specifications, if necessary.

The periodic maintenance operations are performed by the technicians of the using organization or the Mfr's plant.

Entries about the periodic maintenance operations performed are made in a special book by the engineer or chief technician of the organization.

The periodic maintenance operations are performed in the following manner and sequence:

After every 2 months:

1. Inspect all the plug connectors of the connecting cables for damage and corrosion, and remove dust and dirt from them. If corrosion signs are found on the pins, wash the pins with a brush damped in alcohol and wipe with a cloth.

2. Remove the covers from the MIA-1, MI-1, MI-5, MEX test panels, inspect the outer surfaces of the panels, instrument panels and plug connectors for damage, panels for proper attachment and shock mounting.

Wipe the outer surfaces with a cloth to remove dust and moisture.

If the plug connector contacts are dirty or affected by corrosion, wash and wipe them clean as described in para. 1 of this instruction.

3. Check the knobs for attachment and tighten those loose.

4. If in operation of the MI-1 test panel an unsmooth movement of the "Signal" milliammeter pointer occur due to a

dirty potentiometer, remove the panel and wipe the potentiometer with a chamois cloth slightly dampened in rectified alcohol.

NOTE: a) Carry out the above described operations immediately after a defect is detected during the panel operation irrespective of the time the periodic maintenance operations are to be performed.

b) When installing the panel on shock mounts, seal the panel with sealing compound by filling the sealing cup with the compound and place the cup under the panel attachment screw.

5. Check the panel electric instruments for accurate readings, taking into consideration that the test equipment for the 360 item is manufactured in the following two versions:

1) with reference instruments ensuring operation of the test equipment panels within the temperature range of -35° to $+50^{\circ}\text{C}$ (M5-2, 3-42I, BI-4C).

2) with reference instruments ensuring operation of the test panels within the temperature range of -20° to $+50^{\circ}\text{C}$ (HM-70, HMG, HMT-70, BI-4C).

Given below are permissible errors of the reference instruments for both versions of the test equipment. Therefore, when checking an instrument, refer to the tolerances for the type of the instrument whose error is to be checked.

Checking the Reference Instruments of RIA-I Test Panel

1. Check the operation of the control surfaces position indicators on the RIA-I test panel as follows:
 - a) supply 26 V.D.C. to the 43/12(-)-43/13(+) pins;
 - b) set the "PANEL POWER SUPPLY" switch to the "BOARD CHECK";
 - c) supply 26 V.D.C. via a 20 kohmsresistor to the 15-14, 16-17, 18-19 pins of plug connector No.43 in turn with the polarity indicated in table No.1.

In this case the indicator pointers should move to the right.

Table No.1.

Supplied voltage polarity		Indicator	Direction of indicator pointer deflection
+	-		
15	14	"Direction"	to the right
16	17	"Pitch"	to the right
18	19	"Bank"	to the right

Change the polarity of the supplied voltage; in this case the indicator pointers should move to the left.

2. Check the reading error of the panel power supply voltmeter by connecting to the 43/12-43/13 pins a d.c. reference voltmeter (0.5 degree of precision with the scale graduated from 0 to 30 V).

Difference in the readings of the two voltmeters should not exceed:

0.9 V - for the MB-2 voltmeter,

0.6 V - for the V-70 voltmeter.

3. Check the control signal indicators for reading errors. For this purpose connect a d.c. reference milliammeter (0.5 degree of precision with a 1-0-1 mA scale to the 45/1-43/2 pins. Perform the check with the "PANEL POWER SUPPLY" switch in the "BOARD CHECK" position and the K_1 and K_2 buttons pressed. Turning the knobs of the signal preset units to both sides, compare the readings of the reference milliammeter and the control signal indicators at the scale points 0; 0.2; 0.4; 0.6; 0.8; 1. Difference in their readings, should not exceed:

0.04 mA for the IEC milliammeter,

0.06 mA for the M5-2 milliammeter.

Checking the Reference Instruments of IIR Test Panel

Test the control surface position indicators for proper functioning.

Supply 26 volts via a 20 kohms resistor in turn to the 14-15, 16-17, 18-19 pins of plug connector No.36 with the polarity indicated in table No.2. In this case the indicator pointers should move to the right.

Table No.2

Indicator	Polarity of voltage supplied to pins of plug connector No.36		Direction of indicator pointer deflection
	+	-	
"Direction"	15	14	to the right
"Pitch"	16	17	to the right
"Bank"	18	19	to the right

change the supplied voltage polarity; this done, the indicator pointers should move to the left.

Checking the Reference Instruments of RU-1 Test

Panel

1. To check the supply voltmeter reading error, proceed as follows:

- Supply +26 volts to the "+" terminal, and -26 volts to the "-" terminal of the panel;
- connect a reference voltmeter (0.5 degree of precision) and ammeter (0.5 deg. of precision) to the 1-2 sockets of the plug connector according to the following diagram:

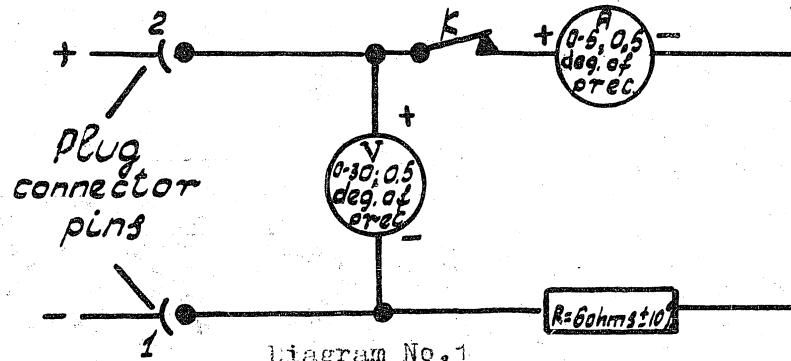


Diagram No. 1

c) switch on the "PANEL POWER SUPPLY" switch; in this case the pointers of all the voltmeters and ammeters should move to the right, and the difference in their readings should not exceed:

- 0.9 V for the M5-2 voltmeters
- 0.6 V for the IIM-70 voltmeters
- 0.28 A for the M5-2 ammeters
- 0.18A for the IIM-70 ammeters.

NOTE: To take the voltmeter readings, open the ammeter circuit by the switch K.

2. To check the "SIGNAL" milliammeter reading errors proceed as follows:

- a) to the 3-4 plug connector sockets connect in series the reference milliammeter of 0.5 degree of precision with a 0-3 scale and the resistor of 100 ohms $\pm 10\%$;
- b) set the "PANEL" switch to the "I-4" position;
- c) set the "POWER SUPPLY" switch to the "ON" position;
- d) set the "WINDING" selector switch to the "1" position, and the "SIGNAL" switch to the "1mA" position. Turn the "SIGNAL" preset unit knob on the panel clockwise, and compare the readings (on the points, marked with figures) of the panel milliammeter with those of the reference milliammeter. Difference in their readings should not exceed 0.07 mA;
- e) change the polarity of the reference milliammeter connected and make a similar check, with the "SIGNAL" preset unit knob turned counterclockwise;
- f) make a similar check, with the "Signal" switch in the "1.5 mA" and "2.5 mA" positions.

With the switch in those positions, the readings of the "Signal" milliammeter and the reference milliammeter should not differ in more than 0.09 mA and 0.14 mA, respectively.

NOTE: For the KI-1 test panel whose "SIGNAL" milliammeter of HM-70 type has a "3-0-3" mA scale, the check is performed in a similar manner; difference between the readings of the milliammeters in this case must not exceed 0.11 mA.

Checking the Reference Instruments of MU-5 Test Panel

1. Check the power supply circuit voltmeter readings for error:

- a) supply +26 volts to the "+26 V" terminal, and -26 volts to the "-26 V" terminal of the panel;
- b) connect a reference voltmeter (0.5 degree of precision, 0-30 V scale) and an ammeter (0.5 degree of precision, 0-5A scale) to the 1-2 sockets of the cable plug connector according to the following diagram:

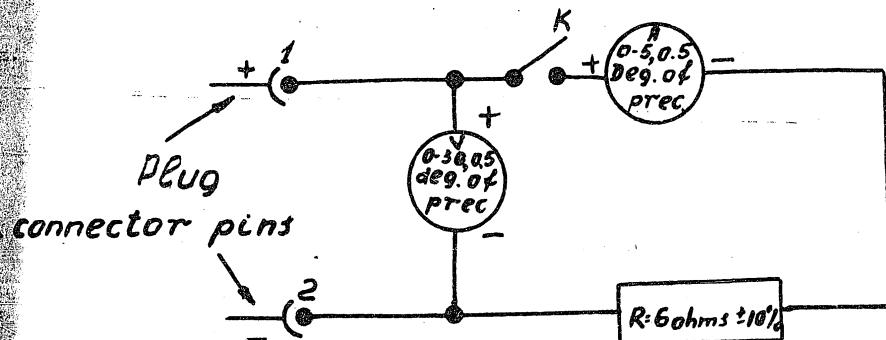


Diagram No. 1a

NOTE: If an astatic voltmeter (0.5 degree of precision) is used, disconnect the latter, when checking the ammeter.

c) switch on the "PANEL POWER SUPPLY" switch, this done, the voltmeter pointers should move to the right and difference between their readings should not exceed:

0.9 V for KP-2 voltmeters,
0.6 V for EI-70 voltmeters,

d) close the ammeter circuit by the "K" switch; in this case the ammeter pointers should move to the right and difference between their readings of both ammeters should not exceed:

0.15 A for KP-2 ammeters,
0.1 A for EI-6 ammeters.

e) check the a.c. voltmeter and ammeter for reading error proceeding as follows:

- set the phase selector switch to the "1" position;
- connect a reference ammeter (0.5 degree of precision, 0-1A scale) and a reference voltmeter (0.5 degree of precision, 0-60 V scale) to the 1-4 sockets of the panel plug connector and supply voltage according to the following diagram:

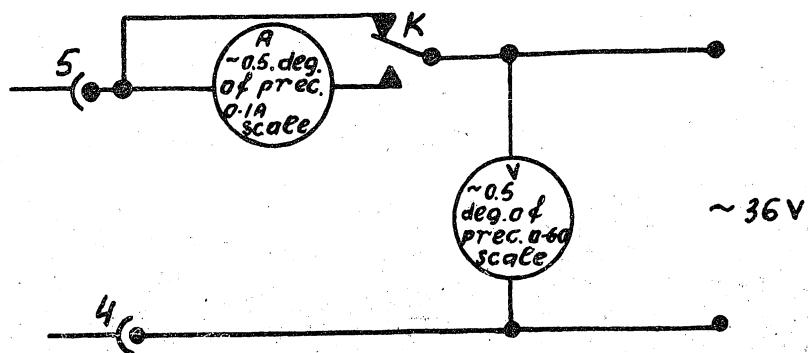


Diagram No.2.

c) switch on the "LOAD" switch on the panel: the panel ammeter and voltmeter pointers should move to the right.

In this case difference in the readings of the electric instruments should not exceed:

1.0 V for a 004-10 voltmeter,

0.03 ma for a 0-42J ammeter,

0.03 ma for a 111-70 ammeter.

When taking the voltmeter readings, open the ammeter circuit by the "K" switch.

